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# McIntosh

## MAC 1900

**AM/FM SOLID STATE STEREO RECEIVER**



## SERVICE INFORMATION

FROM SERIAL NO. 4X230 TO AL9999

MAC 1900

## PERFORMANCE LIMITS

**PERFORMANCE**

McIntosh audio power ratings are in accordance with the Federal Trade Commission Regulation of November 4, 1974 concerning power output claims for amplifiers used in home entertainment products.

**POWER OUTPUT**

55 watts minimum sine wave continuous average power output, per channel, both channels operating into 8 ohm load impedance, which is:

29.98 volts RMS across 8 ohms

30 watts minimum sine wave continuous average power output, per channel, both channels operating into 16 ohms, which is:

21.9 volts RMS across 16 ohms

**OUTPUT LOAD IMPEDANCE**  
8 ohms, or 16 ohms**RATED POWER BAND**  
20 Hz to 20,000 Hz**TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION**

0.2% maximum harmonic distortion at any power level from 250 millivolts to rated power per channel from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz, both channels operating

**INTERMODULATION DISTORTION**

0.2% if instantaneous peak power is twice rated continuous average power or less per channel with both channels operating for any combination of frequencies 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz

**FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

20 Hz to 20,000 Hz +0.5 -0.5 dB at rated power

**NOISE AND HUM**

Power Amplifier: 95 dB below rated output

Tape Input: 90 dB below rated output

Phono Input: 76 dB below 10 mV rated power

**RATINGS****DAMPING FACTOR**

56 at 8 ohms output

112 at 16 ohms output

**INPUT SENSITIVITY AND IMPEDANCE**

Power Amplifier: 2.5 volts, 100,000 ohms

Phono 1 and Phono 2: 2.0 mV, 47,000 ohms

Tape 1 and Tape 2: 250 mV, 250,000 ohms

**TAPE OUTPUT:**

Tuner: 1.0 volt at 100% modulation (FM)

Tape 250 mV with rated input at 500 Hz

Phono: 1.2 volts with 1 mV at 1000 Hz

**BASS CONTROLS**

±16 dB at 20 Hz

**TREBLE CONTROLS**

±16 dB at 20,000 Hz

**L. F. FILTER**

Active filter, 12 dB per octave roll off below 50 Hz, down 18 dB at 20 Hz

**H. F. FILTER**

Active filter, 12 dB per octave roll off above 7,000 Hz, down 18 dB at 20,000 Hz

**AM TUNER SECTION****SENSITIVITY**

75 uV IHF (external ant.)

**SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO**

45 dB minimum IHF; 55 dB at 100% modulation

**HARMONIC DISTORTION**

Does not exceed 1% at 30% modulation

**FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

3500 Hz at -6 dB down

**ADJACENT CHANNEL SELECTIVITY**

30 dB minimum IHF

**IMAGE REJECTION**

65 dB minimum, 540 kHz-1600 kHz

**FM TUNER SECTION****USEABLE SENSITIVITY**

2.5 microvolts at 100% modulation ( $\pm 75$  kHz deviation) for 3% total noise and harmonic distortion

**SIGNAL TO NOISE RATIO**

70 dB below 100% modulation

**HARMONIC DISTORTION**

MONO

Will not exceed 0.3% at 100% modulation  $\pm 75$  kHz deviation

STEREO

Will not exceed 0.7%

**AUDIO FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

$\pm 1$  dB 20 Hz to 15,000 Hz with standard de-emphasis (75 $\mu$ sec.) and 19,000 Hz pilot filter

**CAPTURE RATIO**

1.8 dB

**SELECTIVITY**

55 dB alternate channel selectivity IHM minimum

**SPURIOUS REJECTION**

90 dB IHF minimum

**IMAGE REJECTION**

80 dB; 88 to 108 kHz (IHF)

**STEREO SEPARATION**

34 dB at 1,000 Hz

**SCA FILTER**

50 dB rejection from 67 kHz to 74 kHz. 275 dB per octave slope

**TRANSISTOR COMPLEMENT**

53 silicon field effect or bipolar transistors, 39 diodes, 3 integrated circuits, 4 thyristors

**POWER REQUIREMENTS**

120 volts, 50/60 Hz, 40 watts at zero signal output, 300 watts at rated output

**MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS****SIZE**

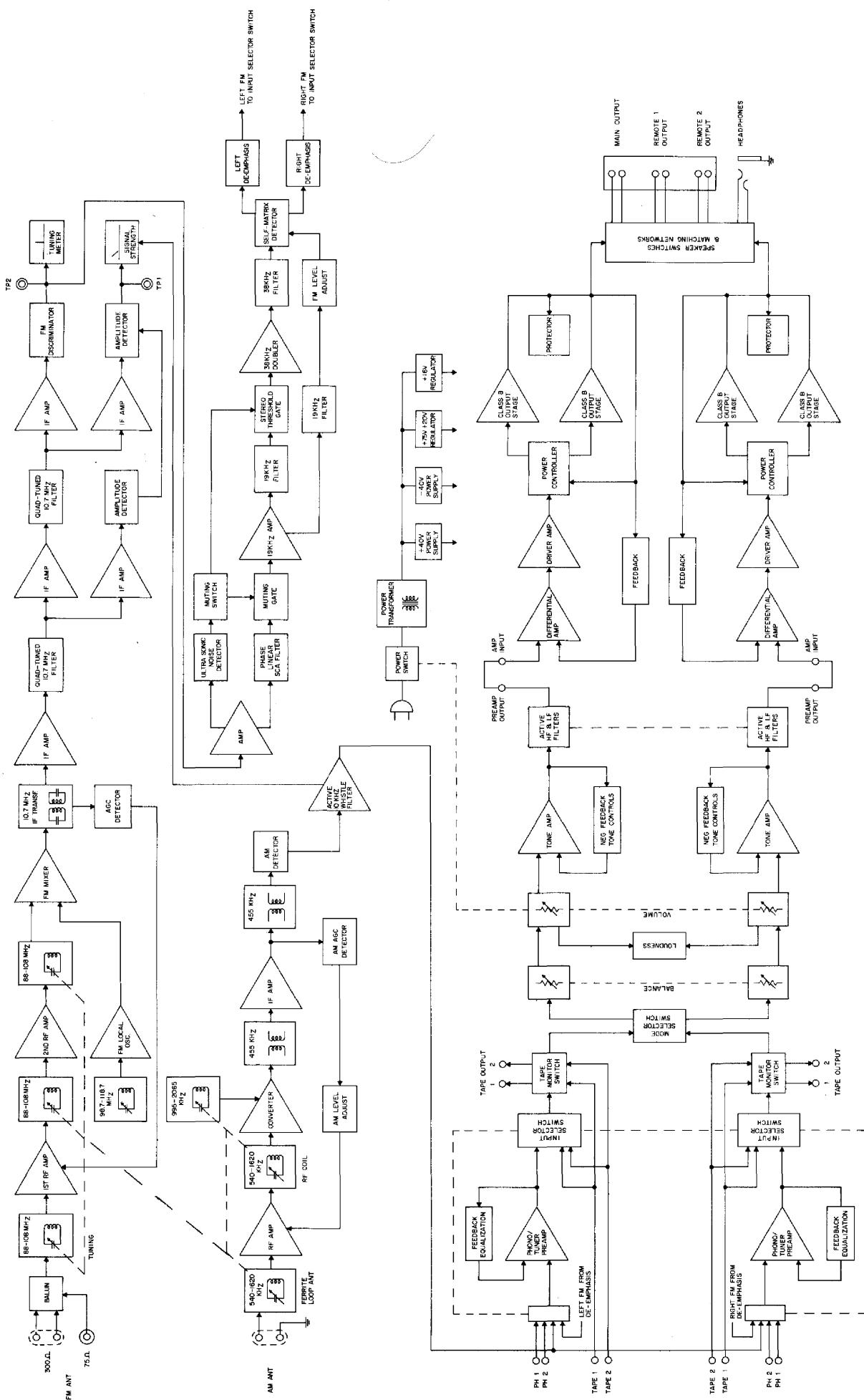
Front panel measures 16 inches wide (40.64 cm) by 5½ inches high (13.97 cm). Chassis measures 15 inches wide (38.1 cm) by 5⅓ inches high (13.02 cm) by 15 inches deep (38.1 cm) including back panel connectors. Knob clearance required is 1½ inches (3.81 cm) in front of mounting panel

**FINISH**

Front panel is anodized gold and black

**WEIGHT**

33 pounds (14.97 kg) net, 46 pounds (20.87 kg) in shipping carton



## SCHEMATIC NOTES

1. Printed circuit board components are outlined on the schematics by dotted lines. The circled numbers on the dotted lines correspond to the numbers on the printed circuit board layouts.
2. The heavy lines on the schematics denote the primary signal path.
3. The terminal numbering of rotary switches is for reference only.
4. A dot on the rotor of a rotary switch indicates that there is an electrical connection between the front and rear rotor section.
5. Unless otherwise specified: Resistance values in the AM, FM & MPX, and Preamp sections are in ohms, 1/4 watt, and 10% tolerance; resistance values in the Power Output and Power Supply sections are in ohms, 1/2 watt, 10% tolerance; capacitance values smaller than 1 are in microfarads ( $\mu\text{F}$ ); capacitance values greater than 1 are in picofarads ( $\text{pF}$ ); inductors are in microhenries ( $\mu\text{H}$ ).
6. All voltages indicated on the schematics are measured under the following conditions:

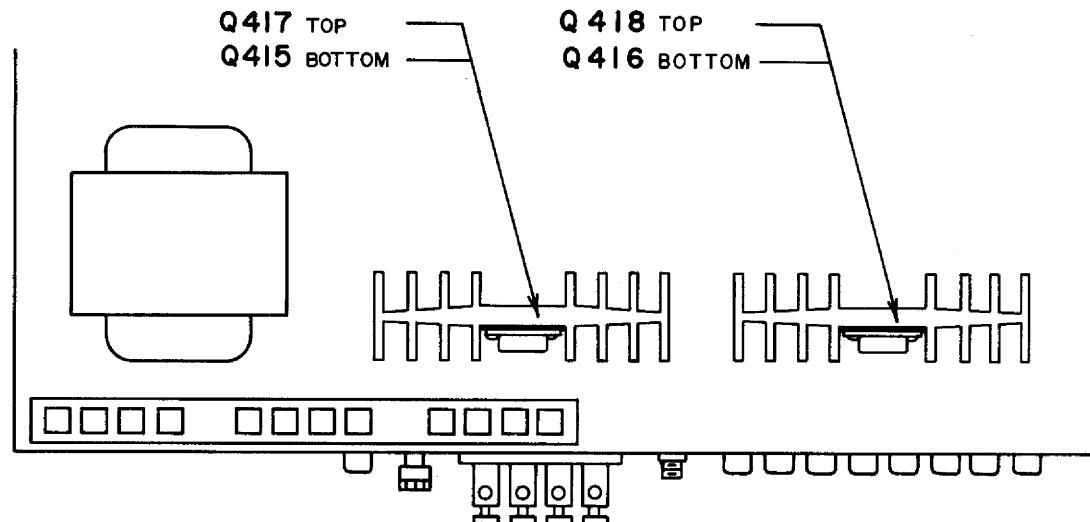
Use of an 11 megohm input impedance VTVM.      All voltages  $\pm 10\%$  with respect to ground.

No signal at antenna or other input terminals.      AC Input at 120 volts, 50/60 Hz.

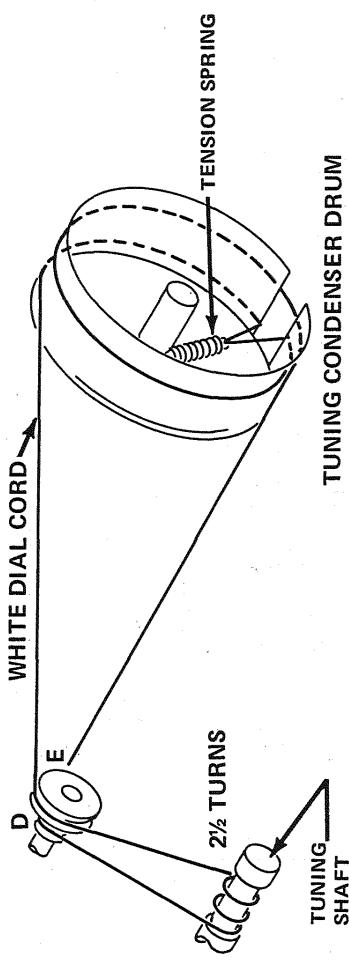
Front panel controls at:

Stereo switch	In	Muting	Out
Speaker switches	Out	Filters	Out
Volume control	Max	Loudness	Out
Balance control	Zero	Tape Monitors	Out
Tone controls	Flat	Tuning Indicator	100MHz (no signal)
Input selector	FM (to measure FM section) AM (to measure AM section)		

7. In units with Serial No.'s below 4X673: R224 is 7.5k; R321 and R322 is 1M; R323 and R324 is 560k; R399-7 and R399-8 are not used and C337 and C338 are 1.2pF.
8. In units with Serial No.'s below 5X424: R425 and R426 are 220 $\Omega$ ; R427 and R428 are 180 $\Omega$ ; R429, 430, 447 and 448 are 47 $\Omega$  and R304 and R305 are 47k.
9. In units with Serial No.'s below 6X182, C517 a dual .01 $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor is not used. Two .005uF capacitors may be used in place of the .01 $\mu\text{F}$  dual in some units.
10. In units with Serial No.'s below 5X690: R135, R138, R139 and R142 are 39k.
11. In units with Serial No.'s below 5X970, R149 is not used.
12. In units with Serial No.'s below 5X369: C407 and C408 are 470pF; C413, C414, C415 and C416 are 1000pF and D413 and D414 are not used.
13. In units with Serial No's above AL1900 the power output PC boards may be 044-570 (128-169). If so refer to MAC 1900 Service Information Manual for units with Serial No's starting with AN1001 for schematic and PC board layout.



LOCATION OF TRANSISTORS NOT ON PC BOARD



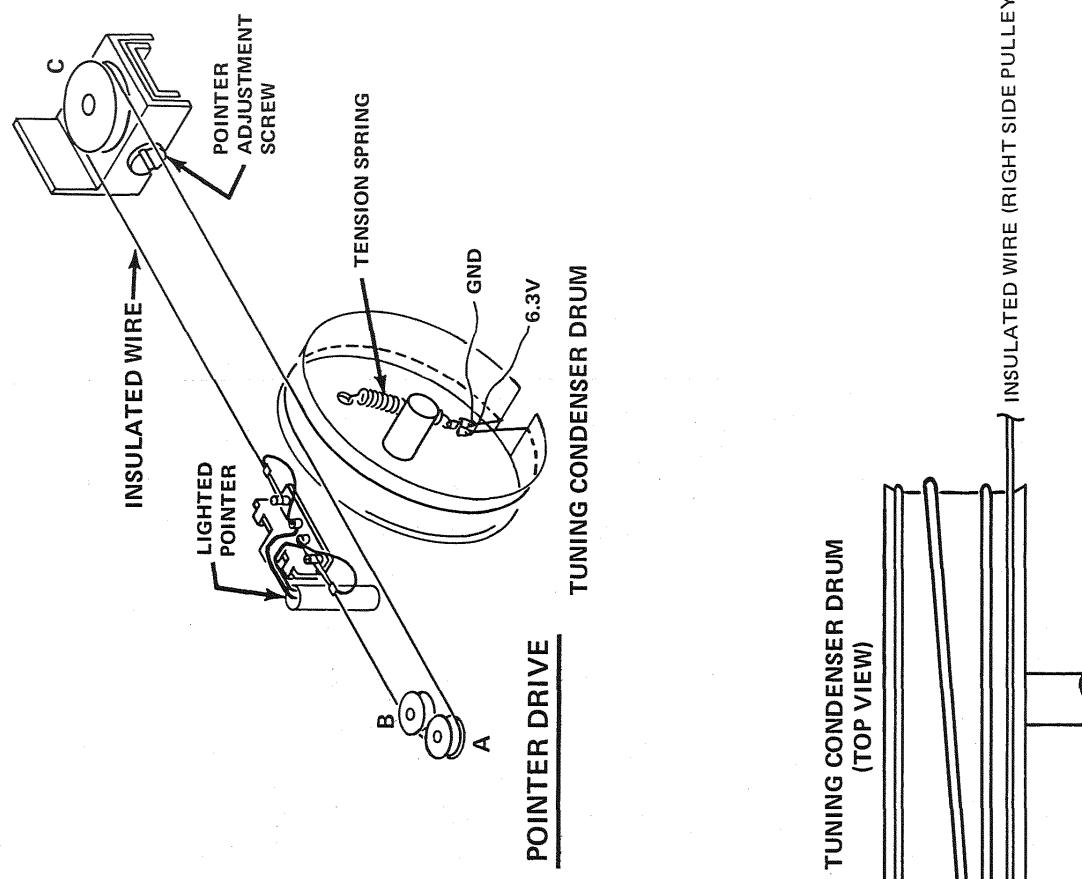
### TUNING CONDENSER DRIVE

Step 1 Before stringing unit, turn pointer adjustment screw until pulley "C" is in the center of its travel.

Step 2 String unit as shown.

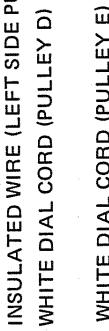
Step 3 After stringing unit, turn tuning shaft until pointer is as far to the left as it will go. Turn the pointer adjustment screw until the pointer coincides with the zero bar of the logging scale.

Step 4 Turn the tuning knob making the pointer move back and forth from one end of the dial scale to the other. Return pointer to the far left end, if necessary, re-adjust pointer position.



### TUNING CONDENSER DRUM

Step 1 Before stringing unit, turn pointer adjustment screw until pulley "C" is in the center of its travel.



Step 2 String unit as shown.

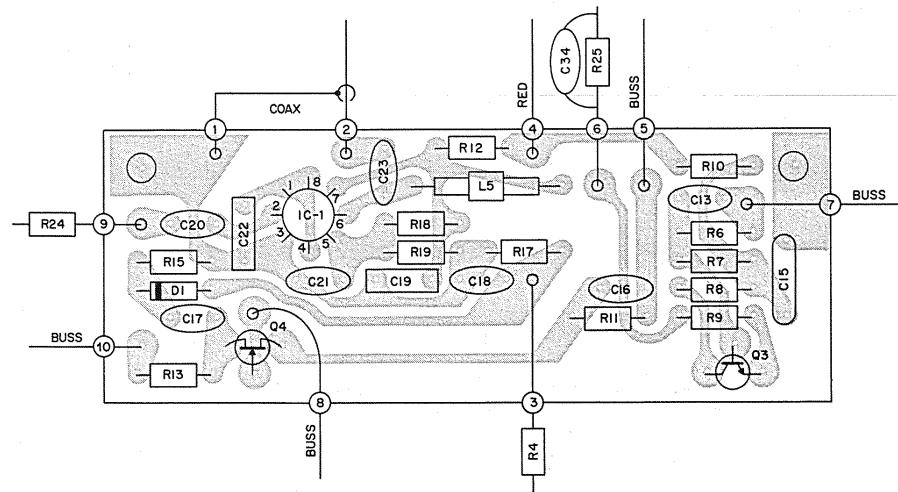
Step 3 After stringing unit, turn tuning shaft until pointer is as far to the left as it will go. Turn the pointer adjustment screw until the pointer coincides with the zero bar of the logging scale.

Step 4 Turn the tuning knob making the pointer move back and forth from one end of the dial scale to the other. Return pointer to the far left end, if necessary, re-adjust pointer position.

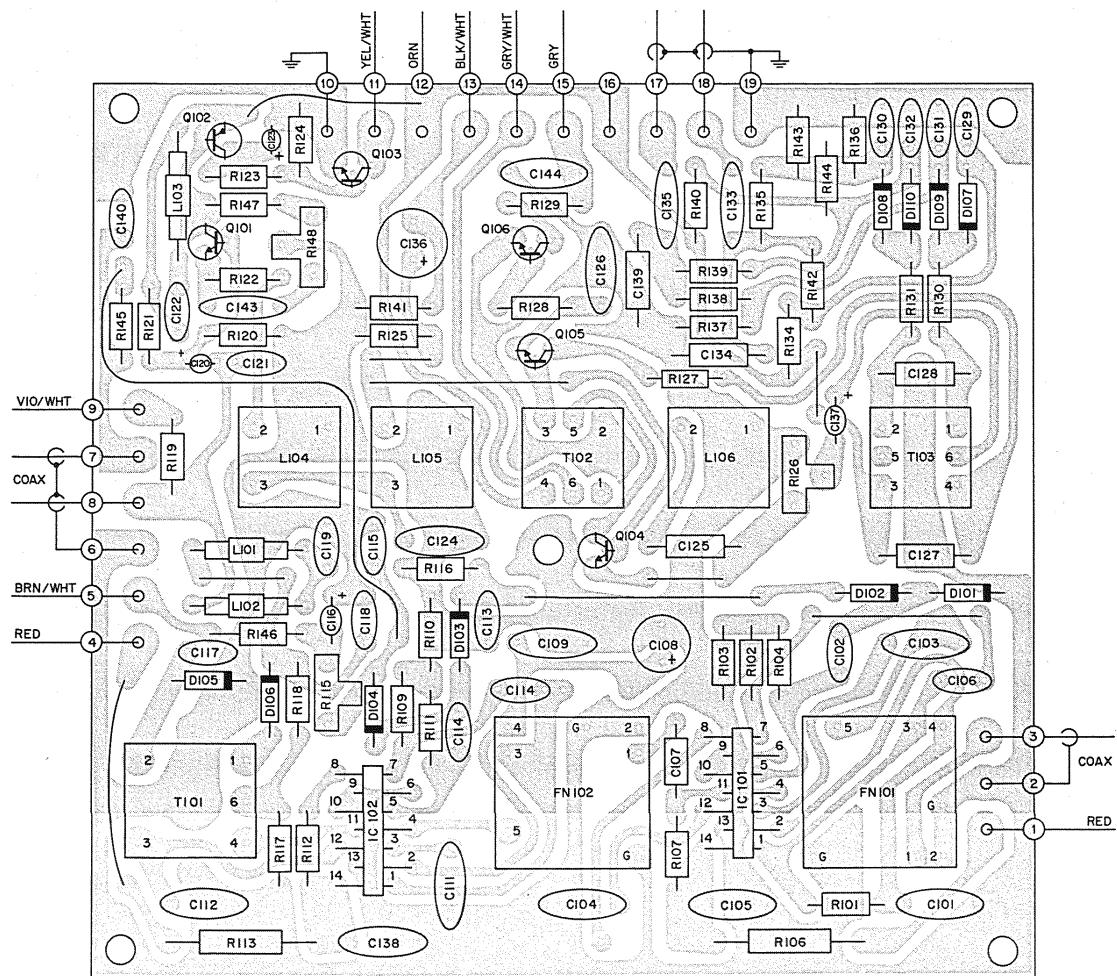
### DIAL CORD SEQUENCE

### DIAL STRINGING

## MIXER &amp; L.O. PC BOARD 044-367



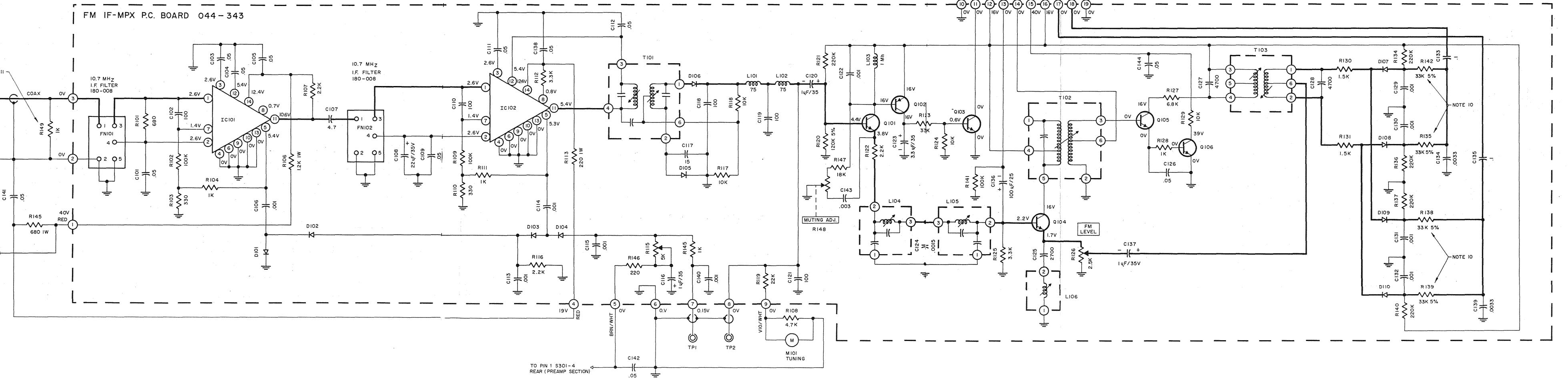
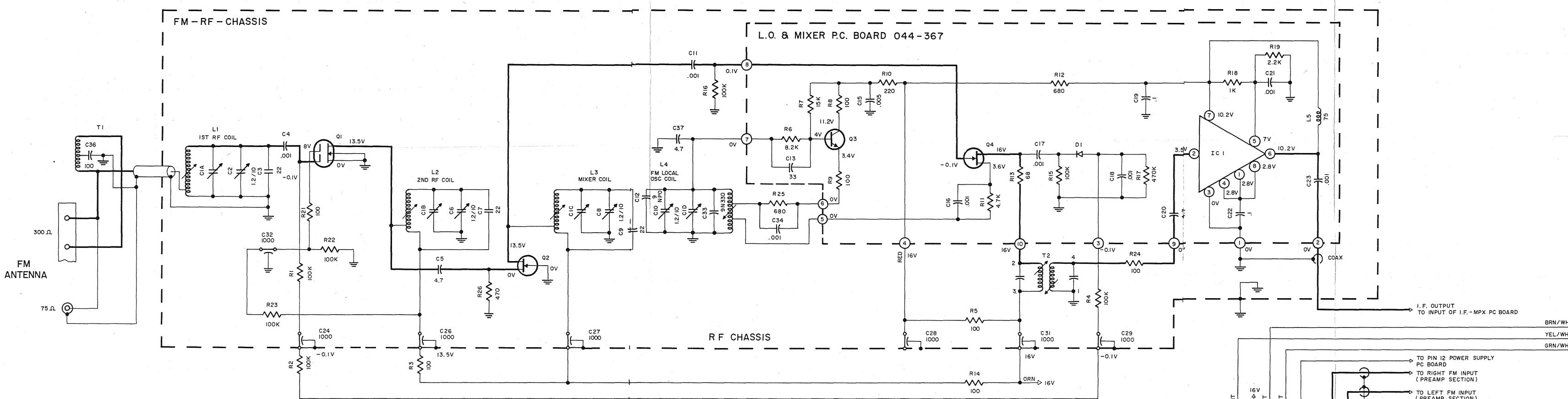
## IF &amp; MPX PC BOARD 044-343

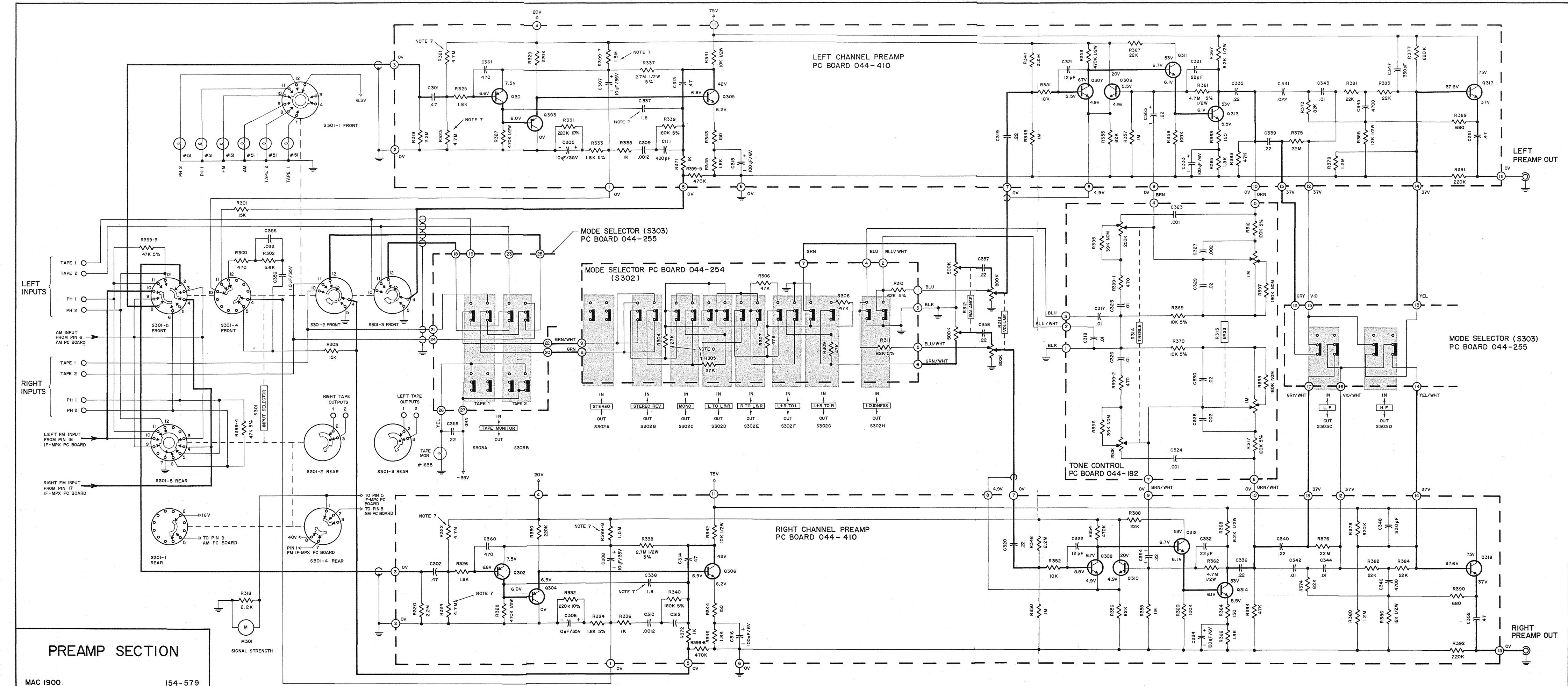


## FM &amp; MPX SECTION

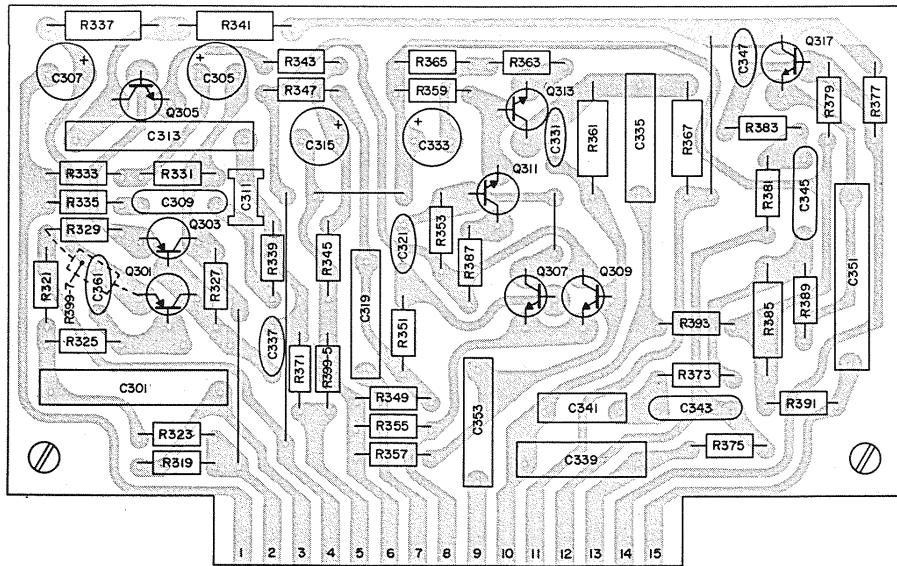
MAC 1900

154-612

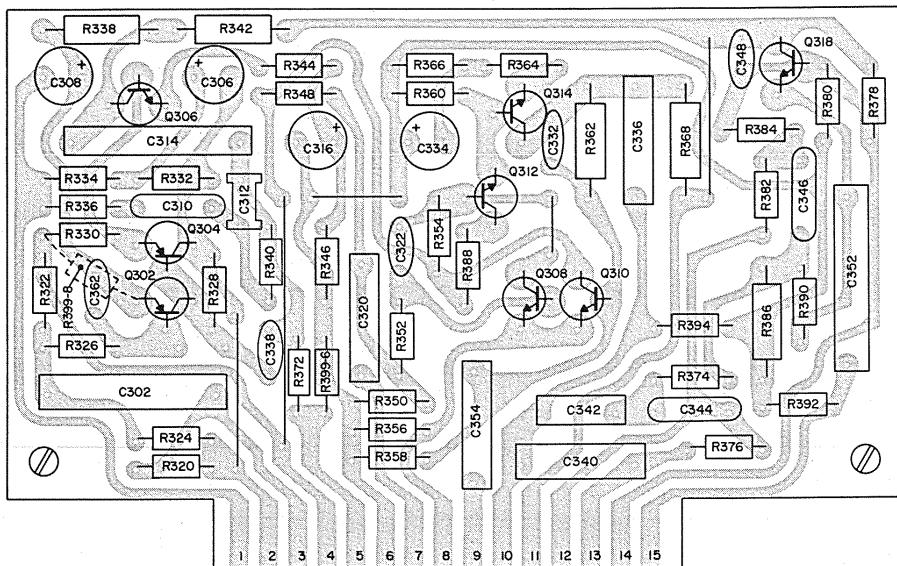


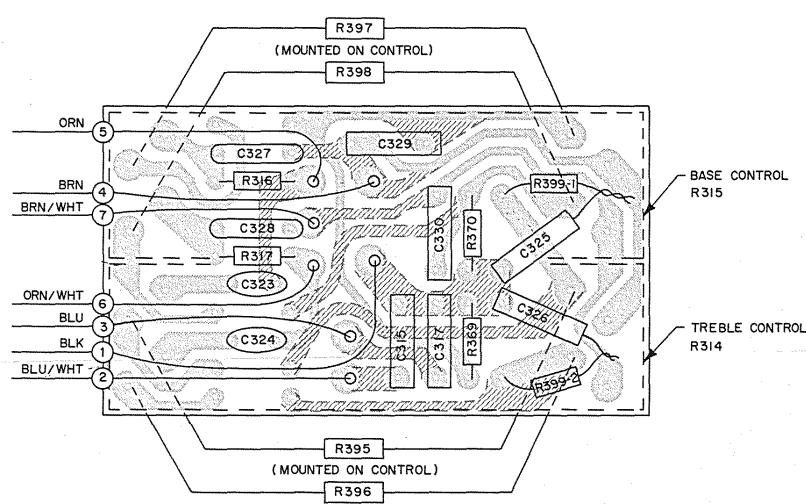


## LEFT CHANNEL PREAMP PC BOARD 044-410

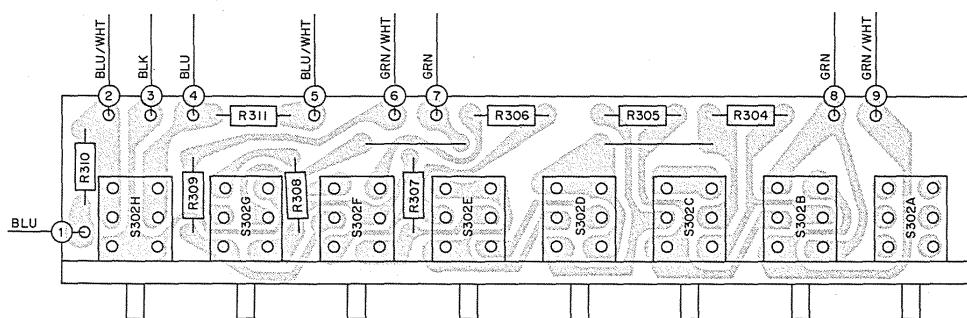


## RIGHT CHANNEL PREAMP PC BOARD 044-410

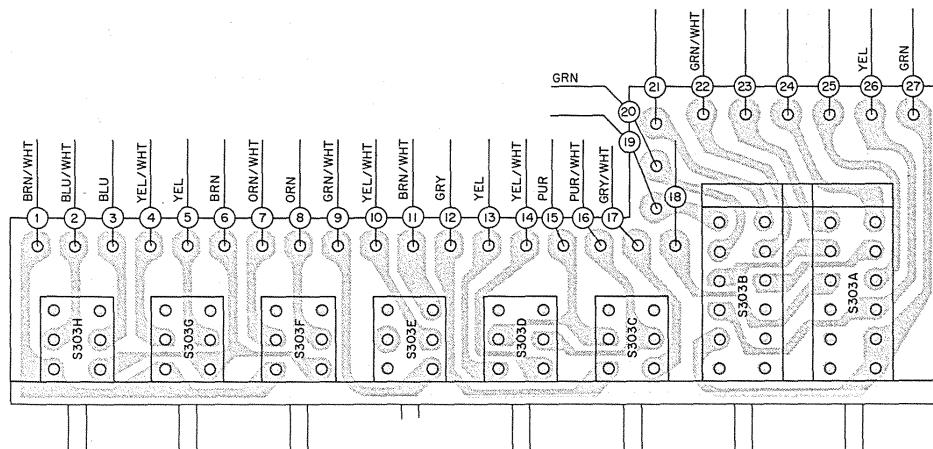




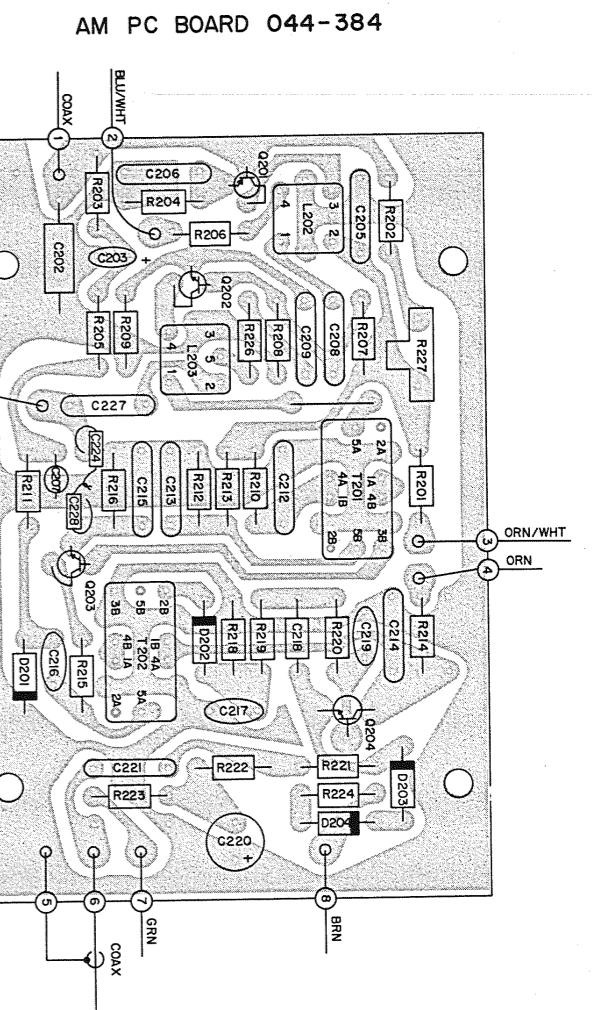
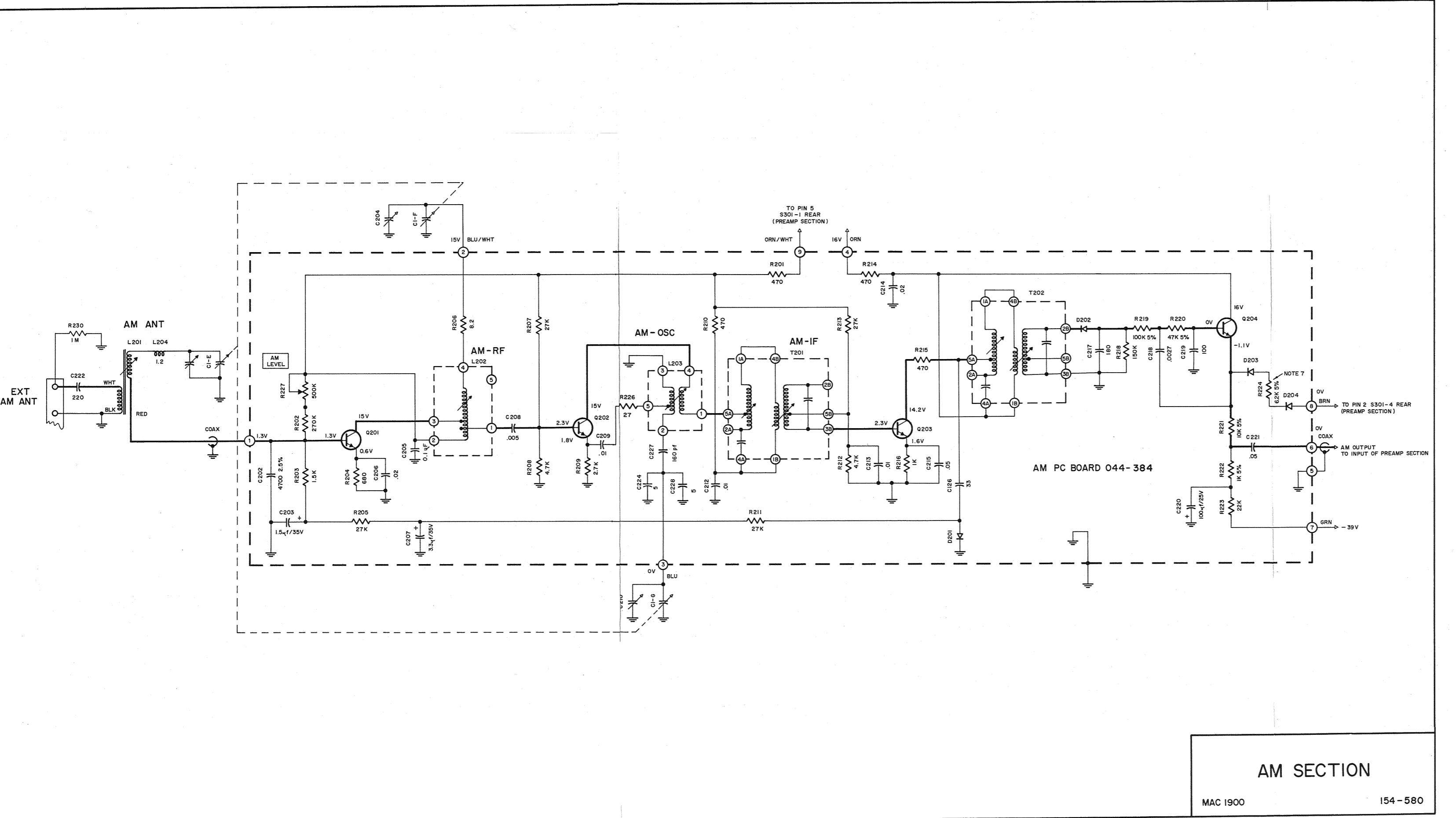
TONE CONTROL PC BOARD 044-182

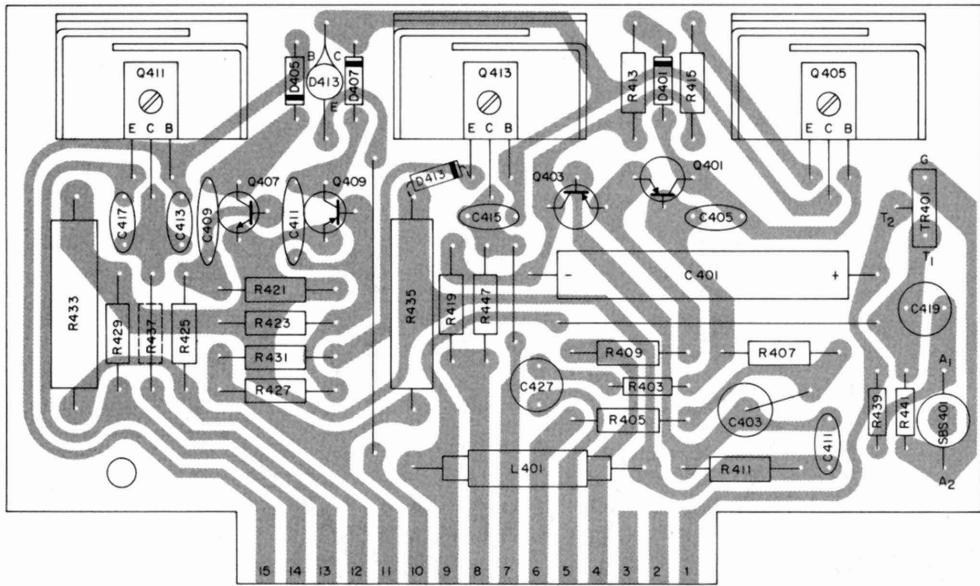


MODE SELECTOR (S302) PC BOARD 044-254

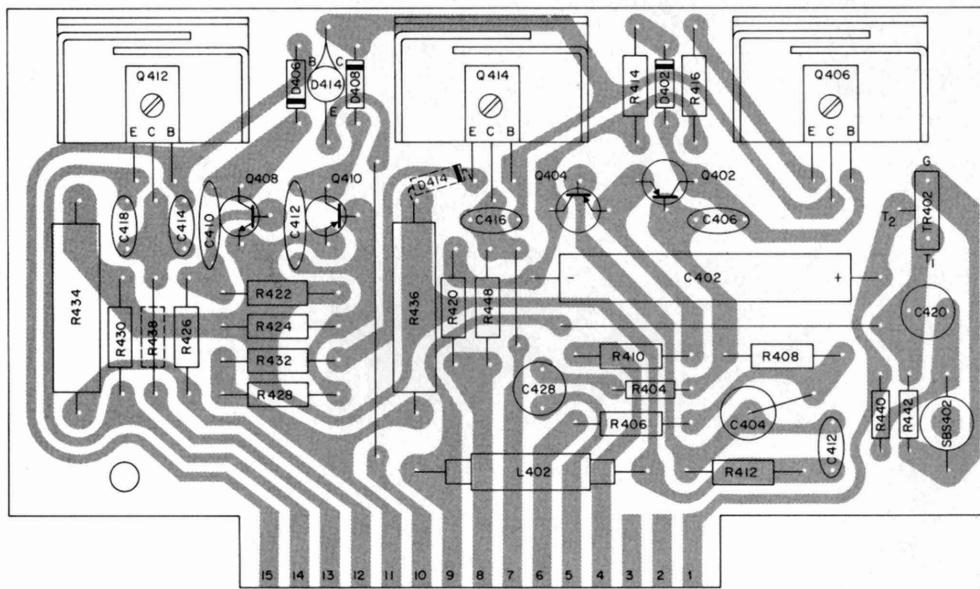


MODE SELECTOR (S303) PC BOARD 044-255

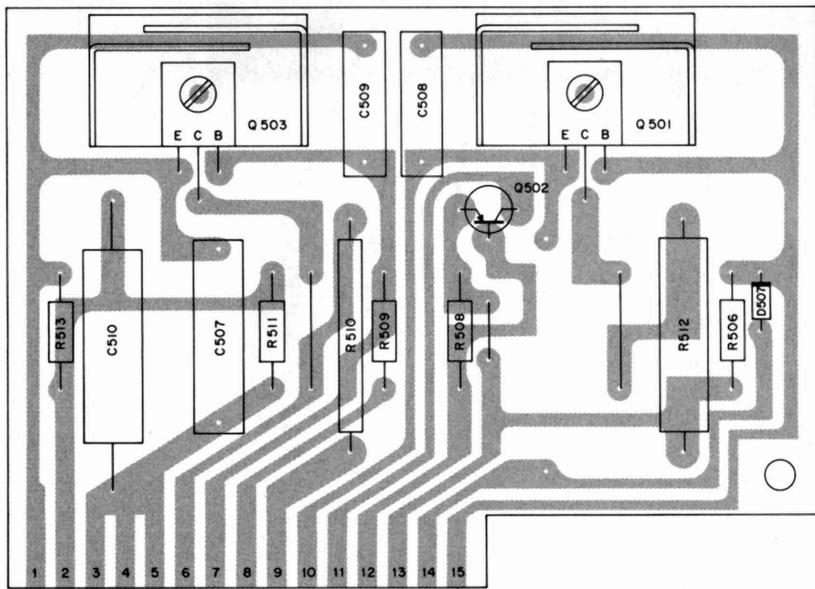




LEFT CHANNEL  
POWER OUTPUT  
PC BOARD 044-4II  
NOTE 13

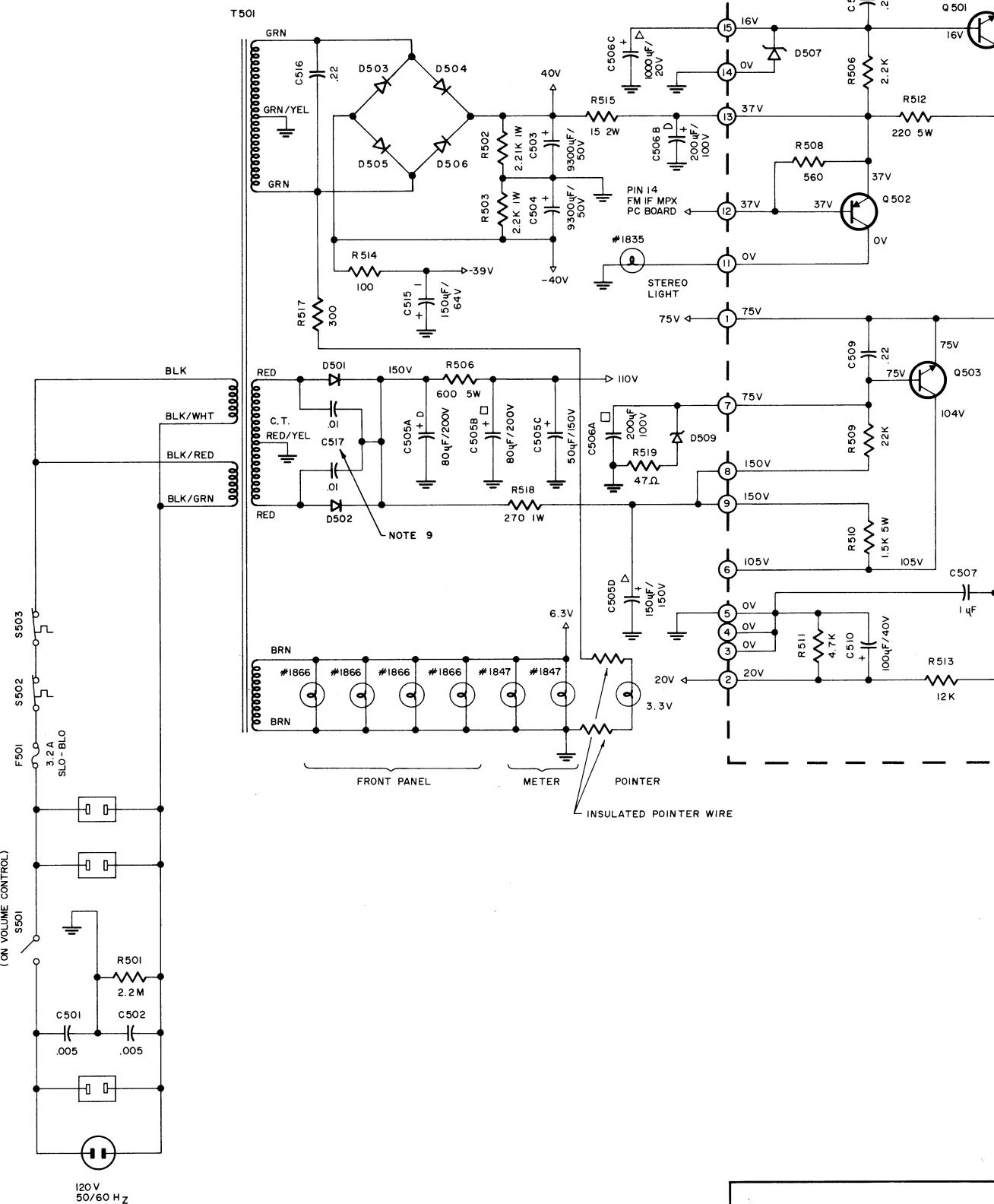


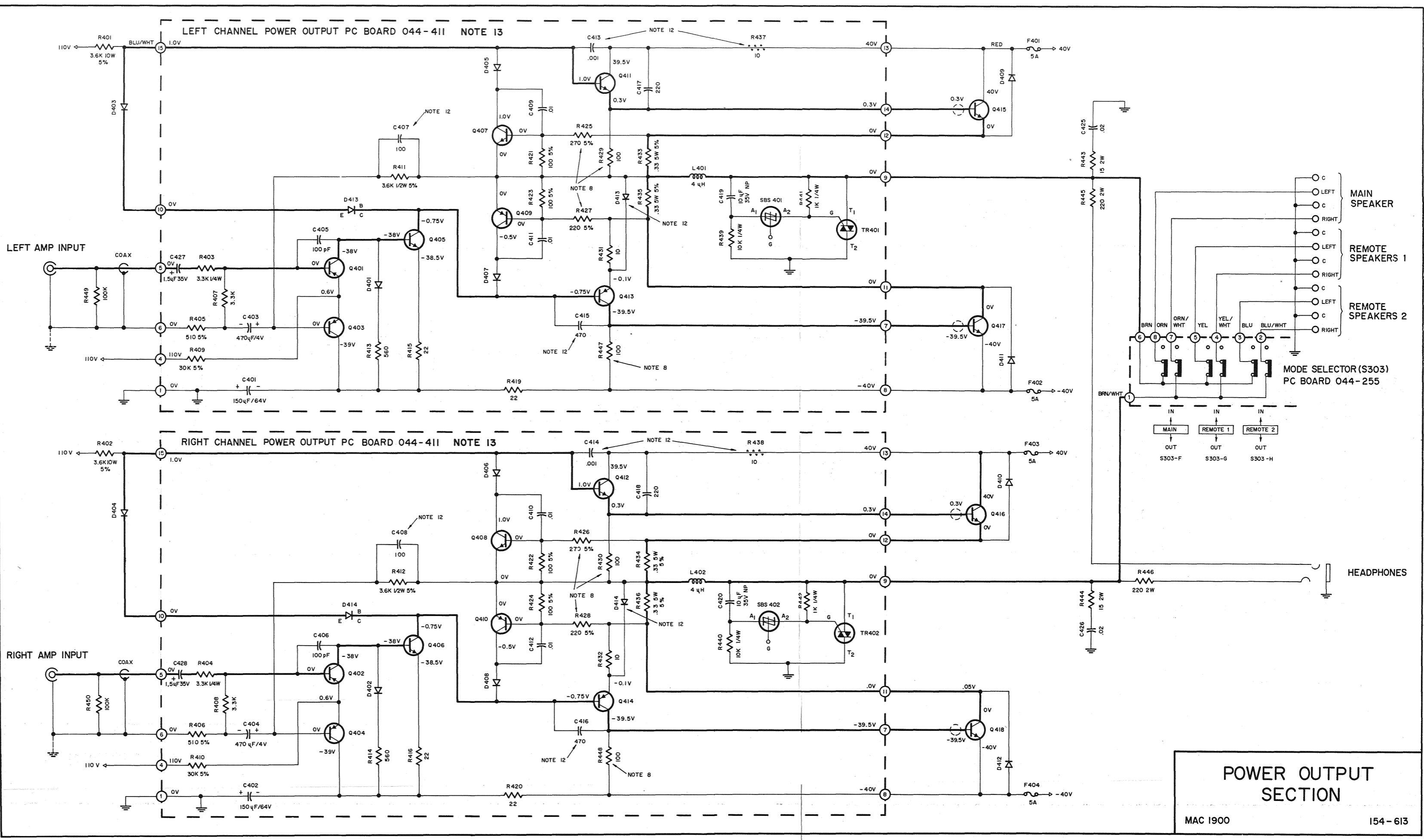
RIGHT CHANNEL  
POWER OUTPUT  
PC BOARD 044-4II  
NOTE 13

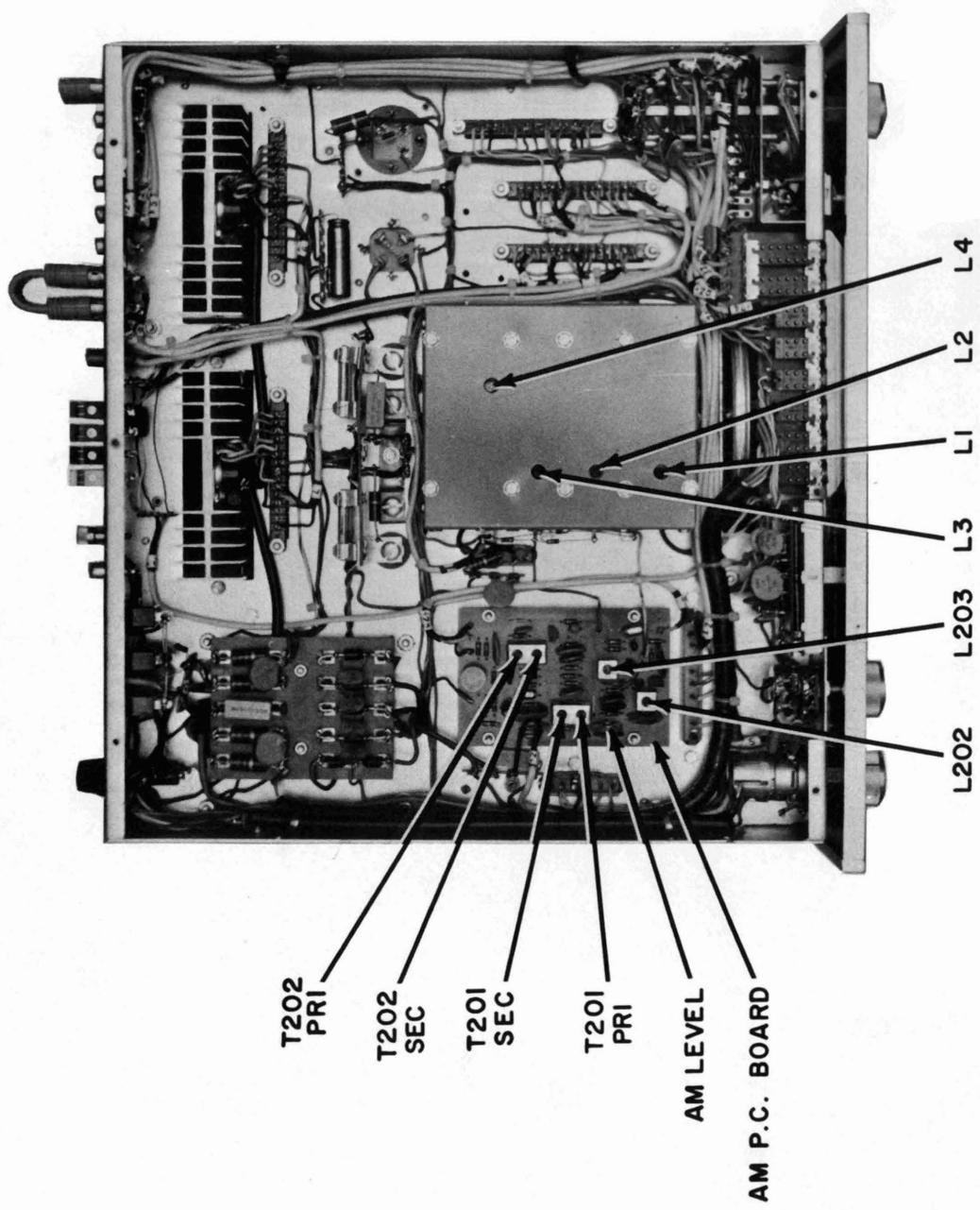


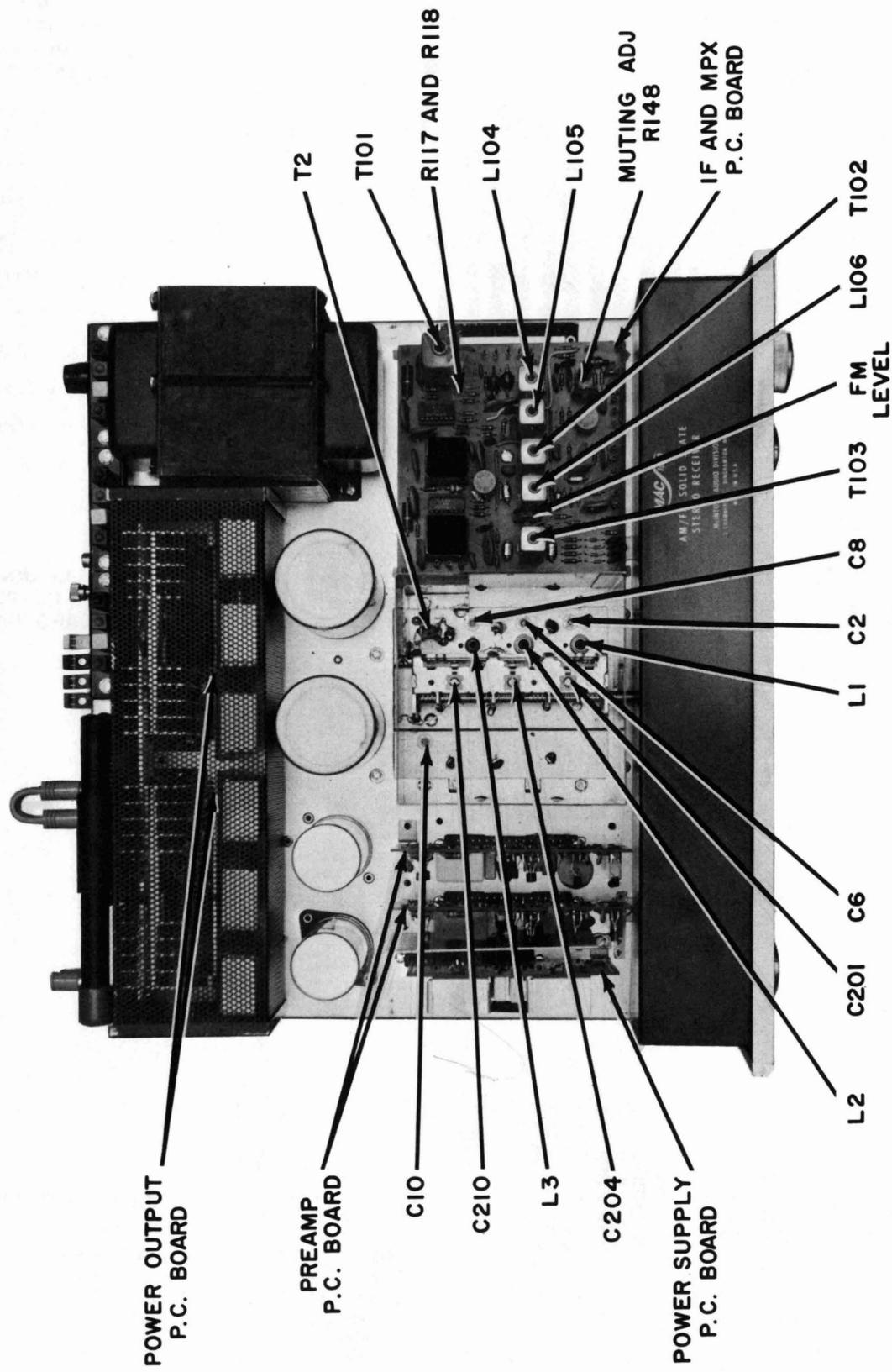
POWER SUPPLY  
PC BOARD  
044-180

POWER SUPPLY PC BOARD 044-180









## MAC 1900 ALIGNMENT INSTRUCTIONS

All McIntosh receivers are carefully aligned and tested at the factory using the finest available test equipment. All McIntosh receivers will meet their published specifications when shipped from the factory.

After extensive operation, or servicing, it may be desirable to realign the receiver circuits for best performance. The charts below give complete information on the circuit realignment procedure for the MAC 1900.

The test equipment listed (or its equivalent) is necessary to properly align an MAC 1900. The accuracy of the alignment will be directly related to the accuracy and calibration of the test equipment used.

If the necessary test equipment is not available, alignment should not be attempted. For additional information, contact Customer Service Department, McIntosh Laboratory, Inc., 2 Chambers Street, Binghamton, New York 13903 (telephone 607-723-3512).

Alignment should be done in the following order: AM-FM-MPX.

## AM ALIGNMENT

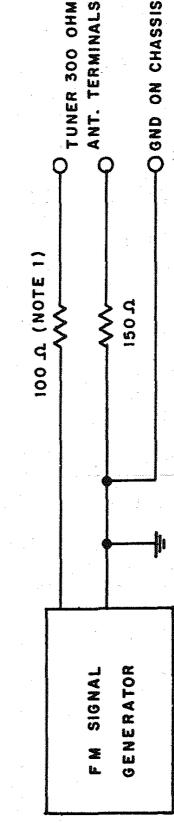
STEP	TUNER DIAL SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQ.	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	INDICATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST	TEST LIMITS	REMARKS
1	Point of no interference or signal.	455kHz	Through external .01μF capacitor to Pin 2 on AM circuit board	CW	Signal strength meter.	Normal.	Pri. & Sec. cores of T201 & T202.	Maximum possible indication.	As the tuner output increases, attenuate generator output to keep meter indication below 4.
2	600kHz	600kHz	Through a 200pF capacitor to ant. terminals.	Same	Same	Same	L203 (oscillator coil.)	Same	Same as Step 1.
3	1400kHz	1400kHz	Same	Same	Same	Same	C210 (oscillator trimmer)	Same	Repeat Steps 2 & 3 until dial calibration is accurate.
4	600kHz	600kHz	Same	Same	Same	Same	L201 (AM antenna rod & L202 (AM-RF))	Same	Same as Step 1 except adjust generator so that output signal is just above the noise level. Position antenna rod away from chassis and nearby objects.
5	1400kHz	1400kHz	Same	Same	Same	Same	C201 (AM antenna trimmer) & C204 (AM-RF trimmer).	Same	Repeat Steps 4 & 5 until output is as high as possible.
6	1000kHz	1000kHz	Same	30% @ 400Hz	Distortion Analyzer.	L or R output.	With a distortion analyzer, the following measurements can be performed:		
							1. With a 10mV input signal adjust "AM Level" control for 0.3 volts of audio output at tape outputs. This will correspond to 1.0 volt audio output for a 100% modulated signal.	Turn muting off for alignment tests.	
							2. With a 1mV input signal, harmonic distortion whistle filter attenuation at 10kHz modulating frequency and signal to noise ratio may be measured.		
							3. IHFM sensitivity of 75 microvolts for 20dB signal to noise ratio. (This measurement is only possible in the absence of man-made interference, as fluorescent lamps, etc.)		

## FM ALIGNMENT

STEP	TUNER DIAL SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQ.	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	INDICATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST	TEST LIMITS	REMARKS
1	Point of no interference or signal.	10.7MHz	Through external .01μF capacitor to Pin #3 of FM-MPX PC Board.	CW	VTVM	TP #2.	Top (Sec.) Core of T101.	Adjust for zero volt.	Turn muting off for alignment tests.
2	Same	Same	Same	Same	Junction of R17-118.	Bottom (Pri.) core of T101.	Maximum possible negative voltage.	If a distortion analyzer is available, omit this step. Adjust T102 primary after Step 5. At that time, use a 1mV signal from an FM generator, modulate 100% @ 400Hz. Adjust primary of T102 for minimum distortion. Should be less than 0.3%.	
3	105MHz	105MHz	300Ω antenna terminals w/* matching network.	100% @ 400Hz.	VTVM connected to TP#1 and oscilloscope connected to L or R tape output.	Oscillator coil L4.	Optimum symmetry about 10.7 MHz.	As TP#1 voltage increases, reduce TP#1 voltage at a low level (less than -.75 volt).	
4	90MHz	90MHz	Same	Same	Oscilloscope. TP #1.	Top (Pri.) cores of T2.	Maximum negative voltage at TP#1.	1. With a 10mV input signal adjust "AM Level" control. At that time, use a 1mV signal from an FM generator, modulate 100% @ 400Hz. Adjust primary of T102 for minimum distortion. Should be less than 0.3%.	
5	Same	Same	FM +300kHz sweep at 60Hz rate.	100% @ 400Hz.	VTVM connected to TP#1 and scope connected to L or R tape output.	Oscillator coil L4.	Same	Repeat Steps 3 and 4 until dial calibration is accurate.	
6	105MHz	105MHz	Same	Same	100% @ 400Hz.	Mixer, RF-2, and RF-1; trimmers C8-6-2, 2, 1.	Same	Connect scope for overall response display. Hold the signal generator output to a low level such that the DC voltage at TP#1 is less than -0.5 volt.	
7	90MHz	90MHz	Same	Same	100% @ 400Hz.	Mixer, RF-2, and RF-1; trimmers C8-6-2, 2, 1.	Same	Same as Step 3.	
8	Same	Same	Same	Same	VTVM connected to TP#1 and a harmonic distortion analyzer to L or R output.	Mixer, RF-2, and RF-1; trimmers C8-6-2, 2, 1.	Same	Same as Step 3. Then repeat Steps 6 and 7 until TP#1 voltage is as high as possible for the least signal input at both alignment frequencies.	

## MULTIPLEX DECODER ALIGNMENT

STEP	TUNER DIAL SETTING	SIGNAL GENERATOR FREQ.	SIGNAL GENERATOR COUPLING	MODULATION	TYPE	INDICATOR CONNECTED TO	ADJUST	TEST LIMITS	REMARKS
1	100MHz	100MHz	200Ω antenna terminals w/* approx. 1000 microvolts signal w/* matching network.	75kHz deviation @ 75kHz	AC-VTVM or oscilloscope.	Pin 13 on MPX/IF PC Board.	L104 and L105 (SCA adj.)	Minimum output @ L or R jack.	Adjust for minimum 67kHz output.
2	Same	Same	Same	19kHz stereo pilot.	Same	Pin 14 on MPX/IF PC Board	T106 (19kHz phase adj.) & T102 (19kHz transformer.)	Adjust for maximum AC voltage.	Decrease pilot level so that 19kHz and 38kHz circuits do not limit or saturate.
3	Same	Same	Same	11kHz (100% modulation)	AC-VTVM	L or R output jack.	T103, Pin 1 top or 2.	Adj. for maximum AC voltage.	Modulate left channel and measure right core (Sec.) for minimum right channel output (maximum separation). Then, reverse channels and measure left channel separation. For this adjustment and measurement, no test lead should be connected to TP #2.
4	Same	Same	Same	L or R only, pilot level normal and strong.	Same	Same	T103, Bottom 35dB tuning cores.	Bottom 35dB separation.	Modulate left channel and measure right core (Sec.) for minimum right channel output (maximum separation). Then, reverse channels and measure left channel separation. For this adjustment and measurement, no test lead should be connected to TP #2.
5	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	Same	Less than 1.5mV of residual.	Adjust "FM Level" control (R126) for 1 volt of audio output at tape output jacks. Then, turn off the modulation and measure the residual of the 19kHz and 38kHz frequencies.



Note 1: If signal generator has other than 50 ohm internal impedance, use a resistor of 150 ohms less internal generator impedance.

## REPLACEMENT PARTS

All parts not listed are common items obtainable from radio parts jobbers.

Replacement parts may be obtained when ordered by PART NUMBER from:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc.  
Customer Service Department  
2 Chambers Street  
Binghamton, New York 13903  
(telephone 607-723-3512)

### CAPACITORS

Symbol Number		Description		Part Number
C19		Mylar	0.1μF	100V 064-098
C22		Mylar	0.1μF	100V 064-098
C108		Elect.	10μF	50V 066-221
C116		Ta. Elect.	1μF	35V 066-147
C120		Ta. Elect.	1μF	35V 066-147
C123		Ta. Elect.	3.3μF	35V 066-170
C125		Polystyrene	2700pF	63V 064-093
C127,128		Polystyrene	4700pF	63V 064-091
C134		Polystyrene	3300pF	064-090
C136		Elect.	100μF	25V 066-161
C137		Ta. Elect.	1μF	35V 066-147
C139		Polystyrene	3300pF	064-090
C202		Polystyrene	4700pF	63V 064-091
C203		Ta. Elect.	1.5μF	35V 066-158
C207		Ta. Elect.	3.3μF	35V 066-170
C218		Polystyrene	2700pF	63V 064-093
C220		Elect.	100μF	25V 066-161
C301,302		Mylar	0.47μF	250V 064-069
C305,306		Ta. Elect.	10μF	50V 066-221
C307,308		Ta. Elect.	10μF	63V 066-178
C313,314		Mylar	0.47μF	250V 064-069
C315,316		Ta. Elect.	100μF	16V 066-177
C317,318		Polyester	0.01μF	250V 064-101
C319,320		Mylar	0.47μF	250V 064-069
C325,326		Polyester	0.01μF	250V 064-101
C329,330		Polyester	0.022μF	250V 064-102
C333,334		Ta. Elect.	100μF	16V 066-226
C335,336		Mylar	0.22μF	064-068
C337,338		Mylar	0.047μF	064-066
C339,340		Mylar	0.22μF	064-068
C341,342		Mylar	0.01μF	250V 064-040
C343,344		Mylar	0.01μF	250V 064-040
C351,352		Mylar	0.47μF	250V 064-069
C353,354		Ta. Elect.	0.47μF	50V 066-174

C356	Ta. Elect.	1μF	35V	066-147
C357,358	Mylar	0.22μF	250V	064-043
C359,360	Mylar	0.22μF	250V	064-043
C401,402	Elect.	150μF	63V	066-205
C403,404	Elect.	470μF	4V	066-136
C419,420	Elect.	10μF	35V	066-173
C427,428	Ta. Elect.	1.5μF	35V	066-158
C503,504	Elect.	9300μF	50V	066-162
C505	Elect.	80/80/50/150μF	066-095	200/200/150/150V
C506	Elect	200/200/1000μF	066-172	100/100/20V
C507	Mylar	1μF	250V	064-088
C508,509	Mylar	0.22μF		064-096
C510	Elect.	100μF	40V	066-206
C515	Elect.	150μF	63V	066-205
DIODES				
D1	Ge. signal diode			070-003
D101,102	Ge. signal diode			070-003
D103,104	Ge. signal diode			070-003
D105,106	Si. signal diode			070-047
D107,108	Si. signal diode			070-047
D109,110	Si. signal diode			070-047
D201	Si. signal diode			070-047
D202	Ge. signal diode			070-003
D203	Si. signal diode			070-046
D401,402	Si. signal diode			070-047
D403,404	Si. diode			070-046
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D409,410	Si. diode			070-031
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