

JPP-SCC-30 MPPT Solar Charge Controller User Manual

Please read the instructions carefully before installation and use.

1. General Description

1.1 Charge current up to 30(50) A and PV voltage up to 100 V

The JPP-SCC-30 MPPT solar charge controller is able to charge a lower nominal-voltage battery from a higher nominal voltage PV array. The controller will automatically adjust to a 12 or 24V nominal battery voltage.

1.2 Ultra-fast Maximum Power Point Tracking (MPPT)

Especially in case of a clouded sky, when light intensity is changing continuously, an ultrafast MPPT controller will improve energy harvest by up to 30% compared to PWM charge controllers and by up to 10% compared to slower MPPT controllers.

1.3 Advanced Maximum Power Point Detection in case of partial shading conditions

If partial shading occurs, two or more maximum power points may be present on the power-voltage curve.

Conventional MPPT's tend to lock to a local MPP, which may not be the optimum MPP. The innovative JPP-SCC-30 algorithm will always maximize energy harvest by locking to the optimum MPP.

1.4 Outstanding conversion efficiency

No cooling fan. Maximum efficiency exceeds 98%. Full output current up to 40°C (104°F).

1.5 Flexible charge algorithm

Eight preprogrammed algorithms, selectable with a rotary switch.

1.6 Extensive electronic protection

Over-temperature protection and power derating when temperature is high. PV short circuit and PV reverse polarity protection.

PV reverse current protection.

1.7 Internal temperature sensor

Compensates absorption and float charge voltages for temperature.

1.8 Automatic battery voltage recognition

The JPP-SCC-30 will automatically adjust itselftoa 12V or a 24V system.

1.9 Adaptive three step charging

The JPP-SCC-30 is configured for a threestep charging process: Bulk - Absorption -Float.

1.9.1. Bulk stage

During this stage, the controller delivers as much charge current as possible to rapidly recharge the batteries.

1.9.2. Absorption stage

When the battery voltage reaches the absorption voltage setting, the controller switches to constant voltage mode. When only shallow discharges occur, the absorption time is kept short in order to prevent overcharging of the battery. After a deep discharge the absorption time is automatically increased to make sure that the battery is completely recharged. Additionally, the absorption period is also ended when the charge current decreases to less than 2 A

1.9.3. Float stage

During this stage, float voltage is applied to the battery to maintain it in a fully charged state.

2. Safety instructions



- danger of explosion from sparking
- danger of electric shock
- please read this manual carefully before the product is installed and put into use.
- This product is designed and tested in accordance with international standards.
 The equipment should be used for the designated application only.
- Ensure that the equipment is used under the correct operating conditions. Never operate it in a wet environment.
- Never use the product at sites where gas or dust explosions could occur.
- Ensure that there is always sufficient free space around the product for ventilation.
- Refer to the specifications provided by the manufacturer of the battery to ensure

- that the battery is suitable for use with this product. The battery manufacturer's safety instructions should always be observed.
- light during installation, e.g. cover them.
 Never touch uninsulated cable ends.

Protect the solar modules from incident

- Use only insulated tools.
- Connections must always be made in the sequence described in section 3.5.
- The installer of the product must provide a means for cable strain relief to prevent the transmission of stress to the connections.

3. Installation

3.1 General

- Mount vertically on a non-flammable surface, with the power terminals facing downwards.
- Mount close to the battery, but never directly above the battery (in order to prevent damage due to gassing of the battery).
- Use cables with at least 10 AWG cross section. The recommended maximum length of the cable is 5 m, in order to restrict cable loss. (if the cables to the PV panels must be longer than 5 m, increase cross section or use parallel cables and install a junction box next to the controller and connect with a short 10 AWG cable to the controller).
- Grounding: the heatsink of the MPPT solar charge controller should be connected to the grounding point.

3.2 PV configuration

- The MPPT solar charge controller will operate only if the PV voltage exceeds battery voltage (Vbat).
- PV voltage must exceed Vbat + 5V for the MPPT solar charge controller to start.
 Thereafter minimum PV voltage is Vbat + 1V
 Maximum open circuit PV voltage: 100V.
 The MPPT solar charge controller can be

For example:

used with any PV configuration that satisfies the three above mentioned conditions.

- 12V battery and mono- or polycristalline panels
- Minimum number of cells in series: 36 (12V panel).
- Recommended number of cells for highest

controller efficiency:

72 (2x 12V panel in series or 1x 24V panel)

- Maximum: 144 cells (4x 12V or 2x 24V panel in series). 24V battery and mono-or polycristalline panels
- Minimum number of cells in series: 72 (2x 12V panel in series or 1x 24V panel).
- Maximum: 144cells.

Remark: at low temperature the open circuit voltage of a 144 cell solar array may exceed 100 V, depending on local conditions and

cell specifications. In that case the number of cells in series must be reduced.

3.3 Cable connection sequence (see

First: connect the battery.

Second: connect the solar array (when connected with reverse polarity, the controller will heat up but will not charge the battery).

3.4 More about automatic battery voltage recognition

The system voltage is stored in non-volatile memorv.

3.5 Configuration of the controller

Fully programmable charge algorithm (see the software page on our website) and eight preprogrammed charge algorithms, selectable with a rotary switch:

Note: divide all values by two in case of a 12V system.

| 7 | o | On | 4 | ω | ы | _ | 0 | Pos |
|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| Lithium Iron Phosphate (LiFePo 4) batteries | PzS tubular plate traction batteries or OPzS batteries | PzS tubular plate traction batteries or OPzS batteries | PzS tubular plate traction batteries or OPzS batteries | AGM spiral cell Stationary tubular plate (OPzS) Rolls AGM | Default setting Gel deep discharge Gel Exide A200 AGM deep discharge Stationary tubular plate (OPzS) Rolls Marine (flooded) Rolls Solar (flooded) | Gel deep discharge Gel Exide A200 AGM deep discharge Stationary tubular plate (OPzS) Rolls Marine (flooded) Rolls Solar (flooded) | Gel long life (OPzV) Gel exide A600 (OPzV) Gel MK | Suggested battery type |
| 28,4 | 30,6 | 30,2 | 29,8 | 29,4 | 28, 8 | 28, 6 | 28,2 | Absorption V |
| 27,0 | 27,6 | 27,6 | 27,6 | 27,6 | 27,6 | 27,6 | 27,6 | Float |
| n.a. | 34,2@25% | 33,8@25% | 33,4@25% | 33,0@8% | 32,4@8% | 32,2@8% | 31,8@8% | Equalize V @%lnom |
| 0 | -32 | -32 | -32 | -32 | -32 | -32W | -32 | dV/dT mV/°C |

3.6 Battery charging information

The MPPT solar charge controller starts a new charge cycle every morning, when the sun starts shining.

The maximum duration of the absorption period is determined by the battery voltage measured just before the solar charger starts up in the morning:

| Battery voltage Vb (@start-up | Maximum absorption time |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Vb < 12V | 6.1 |
| Vb < 12V | 4 h |
| Vb < 12.2V | 2h |
| Vb > 12.6V | 1h |
| | |

(divide voltages by 2 for a 12 V system)

If the absorption period is interrupted due to a cloud or due to a power-hungry load, the absorption process will resume when absorption voltage is reached again later in the day, until the absorption period has beer completed. The absorption period also ends when the output current of the solar charger drops to less than 2 Amps, not

because of low solar array output but because the battery is fully charged (tail current cutoff).

This algorithm prevents over charge of the battery due to daily absorption charging when the system operates without load or with a small load.

3.6.1 Automatic equalization

Automatic equalization is default set to "OFF". It is critical to confirm that your battery bank allows for equalization. By using the configuration tool mpptprefs the equalization setting can be configured with a number between 1 (every day) and 250 (once every 250 days). When automatic equalization is active, the absorption charge will be followed by a voltage limited constant current period (see table in section 3.5). The current is limited to 8% of the bulk current for all VRLA (Gel or AGM) batteries and some flooded batteries, and to 25% of the bulk current for all tubular plate batteries and the user defined battery type. The bulk current is the rated charger current unless a lower maximum current setting has been chosen. In case of all VRLA batteries and some flooded batteries (algorithm number 0, 1, 2 or 3) automatic equalization ends when the voltage limit maxV has been reached, or after t = (absorption time)/8, whichever comes first. For all tubular plate batteries and the user defined battery type automatic equalization ends after t = (absorption time)/2. When automatic equalization is not completely finished within one day, it will not resume the next day, the next equalization session will take place as determined by the day interval.

4 Setting and display

| SETUP | Cancel / back | |
|--------|----------------------|--|
| SELECT | Select / confirm | |
| | Change item or value | |
| | On | There is a connection with the MPPT solar charge controller. |
| | Blinking | There was a connection with the MPPT solar charge controller but the connection is lost. The last know values will be shown. |
| Į | Off | There has not been a connection with a MPPT solar charge controller. |

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Navigation

This shows the current status of the MPPT solar charge controller

By pressing the up and down button, one can switch between the following values:

| ™ | PANELPOWER | |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| * 88884 v | PANEL VOLTAGE | |
| 200000kwh | YIELD TODAY | |
| #8888 | CHARGERERROR | This is only visible when there is an actual error |
| # 1000 B | CHARGER STATE | Possible value: OFF, FAULT, BULK, ABSORPTION, FLOAT |
| #8888 A | BATTERY CURRENT | |
| - HBBBB * | BATTERY VOLTAGE | |

day to day history. This is a 30 day history. By pressing SELECT in the status menu, the history menu is entered. Here, the history stored in the MPPT solar charge controller can be viewed. This contains both overall history and well as a

or down button will cause the MPPT solar charge controller to show "TOTAL". selected day, and then the value again. When viewing an overall history value, pressing the up When viewing values, one can select a different day by pressing the up and down button. The MPPT solar charge controller will first show the value for a short time, then the currently

when viewing topics or go back to the topics menu when viewing values. Pressing SETUP causes the MPPT solar charge controller to go back to the status menu topics

The topics are listed in the table below.

Only topics marked with a * are visible in case of 2 day history.

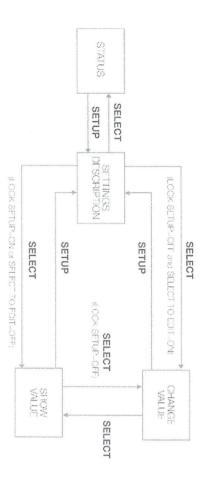
| Overall topics | | |
|--|---------------------|---|
| HISTORY DICKWIN | TOTAL YIELD* | The cumulative yield since the last history reset |
| NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS | MAX PANEL VOLTAGE | The maximum panel voltage since the last history reset |
| HISTORY MAX MINIS | MAX BATTERY VOLTAGE | The maximum battery voltage since the last history reset |
| AND | MIN BATTERY VOLTAGE | The minimum battery voltage since the last history reset. (Only available for MPPT solar charge controller software version >= 1.17) |
| HSTORY III | LAST ERRORS | The last 4 errors since the last history reset. The number of blocks in the lower right of the screens determines which error is currently shown with 1 block being the latest and 4blocks being theoldest. |
| Daily topics | | |
| 3 HISTORY BRANCH | YIELD* | The daily yield |
| M DE CHANGE | MAX POWER* | The maximum power per day |
| NISTORY WAX | MAX PANEL VOLTAGE | The maximum panel voltage per day |
| HISTORY MAX DEFENS | MAX BATTERY CURRENT | The maximum battery current per day |
| HISTORY MAX DESIGN | MAX BATTERY VOLTAGE | The maximum battery voltage per day |
| HISTORY MIN | MIN BATTERY VOLTAGE | The minimum battery voltage per day |
| HSTORY I | BULKTIME | The time spend in bulk per day |
| HISTORY HE TO THE TOTAL PARTY HE TOTAL PARTY HE TO THE TOTAL PARTY HE TOTAL PARTY HE TO THE TOTAL PARTY HE TOTAL PARTY HE TO THE TOTAL PARTY HE TOTAL PA | ABSORPTION TIME | The time spend in absorption per day |
| HSTORY IN THE PARTY IN THE PART | FLOAT TIME | The time spend in float per day |
| TO DO | LAST ERROR | The last 4 errors per day. The number of blocks in the lower right of the screens determines which error is currently shown. |

Settings

By pressing SETUP for 2 seconds in the status menu, the settings menu is entered. Here, the MPPT solar charge controller setting can be viewed and changed. First the topic is shown and when SELECT is pressed, the corresponding value is shown. When SELECTTOEDIT is OFF, the value is shown before it can be changed by pressing SELECT again. When SELECT TO EDIT is ON, the current value is shown and a new value can immediately be selected. When LOCK SETUP is ON, settings only be

changed after setting LOCK SETUP to off. When editing a value, one can change its value by pressing the up and down buttons When changing numeric values, pressing SELECT will go to the next digit, until the last digit. In this case, pressing SELECT will save the setting. When editing non-numeric values, pressing SELECT will save the setting.

Pressing SETUP causes the MPPT solar charge controller to go back to the status menu topics when viewing topics or go back to the topics menu when viewing values.



The topics are listed in the table below.

| 01 LOCK SETUP | When this is ON, other settings cannot be changed. When trying to change a setting (except LOCK SETUP), the MPPT solar charge controller will show "LOCK" and show the value of that setting. |
|--------------------------|--|
| 02 BATTERY VOLTAGE | The battery voltage that the MPPT solar charge controller is working with. When the setting is AUTO, it willshow the A character in front of the voltage. |
| 03 BATTERY TYPE | The battery type that the MPPT solar charge controller is working with. This can be set to FIXED or USER. When set to fixed, the rotary switch on the MPPT solar charge controller determines the actual battery type. When set to USER, all other charging related settings can be edited. It will be automatically set to USER when editing a charger related setting. |
| 04 MAXIMUM CURRENT | The maximum charging current |
| 05 BULK TIME LIMIT | The maximum time continuously spent in bulk |
| 06 ABSORPTION TIME LIMIT | The maximum time continuously spent in absorption |
| 07 ABSORPTION VOLTAGE | Battery voltage at which the MPPT solar charge controller switches to the absorption phase |
| 08 FLOAT VOLTAGE | Battery voltage at which the MPPT solar charge controllerswitches to the float phase |
| 09 TEMP COMPENSATION | |
| 13 CLEAR HISTORY | Clears the history of the MPPT solar charge controller |
| 14 FACTORY DEFAULTS | Resets the MPPT solar charge controller back to factory defaults |
| 15 BACKLIGHT INTENSITY | Sets the backlight intensity of the LCD |
| 16 BACKLIGHT ALWAYS ON | Determines whether the backlight of the LCD always on |
| 17 SCROLL SPEED | Determines the scroll speed of the LCD |
| 18 SELECT TO EDIT | When set to OFF, the MPPT solar charge controller first shows the value of a setting and SELECT has to be pressed to be able to edit the value |
| 19 AUTO LOCK | When set to ON, LOCK SETUP will be automatically set to ON, 2 minutes after changing a setting. |

5. Troubleshooting

| Problem | Possible cause | Solution |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Charger does not function | Reversed PV connection | Connect PV correctly |
| | Reverse battery connection | Non-replaceable fuse blown. Return to VE for repair |
| The battery is not fully charged | A bad battery connection | Check battery connection |
| | Cable losses too high | Use cables with larger cross section |
| | Large ambient temperature difference between charger and battery (Tambient_chrg > Tambient_batt) | Make sure that ambient conditions are equal for charger and battery |
| | Only for a 24V system: wrong system voltage chosen (12V instead of 24V) by the MPPT solar charge controller | Disconnect PV and battery, after making sure that the battery voltage is at least >19V, reconnect properly (reconnect battery first) |
| The battery is being overcharged | A battery cell is defect | Replace battery |
| | Large ambient temperature difference between charger and battery (Tambient_chrg < Tambient batt) | Make sure that ambient conditions are equal for charger and battery |

6.Specifications

| Solar Charge Controller | MPPT 100/30D(50D) |
|---------------------------------|--|
| System voltage | 12/24 V Auto Select |
| Maximum battery current | 30A(50)A |
| Maximum PV power, 12V 1a,b) | 440(720) W (MPPT range 15 V to 8 0 V) |
| Maximum PV power, 24V 1a,b) | 880(1440) W (MPPT range 30 V t o 8 0 V) |
| Maximum PV open circuit voltage | 100V |
| Peak efficiency | 98% |
| Self-consumption | 20mA |
| Charge voltage 'absorption' | Default setting: 14,4 V / 28,8 V (adjustable) |
| Charge voltage 'equalization' | Default setting: 16,2 V / 32,4 V (adjustable) |
| Charge voltage 'float' | Default setting: 13,8 V / 27,6 V (adjustable) |
| Charge algorithm | multi-stage adaptive (eight preprogrammed algorithms) |
| Temperature compensation | -16mV / °C resp32mV / °C |
| Protection | Battery reverse polarity (fuse, not user accessible) Output short circuit / Over temperature |
| Operating temperature | -30 to +60°C (full rated output up to 40°C) |
| Humidity | 95 %, non-condensing |
| Maximum altitude | 2000m |
| Environmental condition | Indoor, unconditioned |
| Pollution degree | PD3 |
| ENCLOSURE | |
| Power terminals | 13mm² / AWG6 |
| Protection category | IP22 (connection area) |
| Weight | 1.25kg |
| Dimensions (X x Y x Z) | 186x130 x 70mm |
| STANDARDS | |
| Safety | EN/IEC 62109 |

¹a) If more PV power is connected, the controller will limit input power to 440(720)W resp. 880(1440)W 1b) PV voltage must exceed Vbat + 5V for the controller to start. Thereafter minimum PV voltage is Vbat + 1V.