BURFORD® CORP.

SERVICE MANUAL

FOR YOUR

BURFORD® ELECTRONIC SMART TYER

MODEL 2200/2300

ORIGINAL INSTRUCTIONS

MODEL NUMBER	
SERIAL NUMBER	
WIRING DIAGRAM	ISSUE

Date: November 30, 2012

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

As Burford[®] Corp. strives to promote safety in the maintenance and operation of Burford[®] equipment, we request that the following safety procedures be followed, along with any additional safety procedures set by the customer's in-plant safety officers or local codes.

- 1. Read the manual completely before attempting installation or operation of this unit.
- 2. This machine may contain programs that are password protected. Contact your supervisor or Burford[®] Corp. for password.
- 3. Incoming electrical power must be properly shielded, routed, and grounded. All safety codes should be followed. Study wiring diagrams before attempting installation.
- 4. Disconnect power to equipment before removing any guards or covers. Replace guards or covers before resuming operation of the unit.
- 5. Loose clothing, jewelry and long hair should be considered a safety hazard around mechanical equipment. Ensure that they will not be entangled in the equipment.
- Keep clear of moving machine parts. Bodily harm and/or serious injury may result from contact with moving gears, sprockets, chains or pneumatically controlled machine components.
- 7. Do not bypass safety switches.
- 8. Do not attempt repairs while equipment is running.
- 9. Use only original equipment parts designed to safely operate in the equipment.
- 10. Only authorized personnel should be allowed to operate or perform maintenance on the unit.
- 11. This unit is not washdown ready. Do not wash the unit or any of its electrical or mechanical components, with any form of high pressure or running liquids.

DISCLAIMER

The descriptions and specifications contained in this Service Manual were in effect when this manual was approved for printing. Our policy is one of continuous improvements, and we do hereby reserve the right to discontinue models at any time, or to change specifications, prices, or design without notice and without incurring obligations.

Burford[®] Corp. expressly disclaims any liability for damages and/or injuries caused as a result of negligence or misuse of its product. Such negligence or misuse includes, but is not limited to, software/program alteration, removal of guards, faulty wiring due to improper installation, subjecting the unit to washdown environments or any physical or mechanical changes made to a Burford[®] unit, by anyone other than a qualified Burford[®] Technician.

Burford[®] equipment should only be used for the purpose for which it was sold, and should not be modified in any way without notifying the General Manager of Burford[®] Corp. in writing of the modification.

The original language for this document is English. Translations to other languages may not be accurate.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General Information

The Burford[®] 2200 Series Electronic Smart Tyer is designed to close plastic bags with twist tie ribbon in a wide variety of automatic packaging applications. The tyer uses a microprocessor to control and coordinate the motion of four servo motors, which perform the twist tying function. This machine is normally installed onto a bagger or conveyor and interfaced into the existing control system to create a complete package closing system.

1.1.1 Specifications

Depending on conveyor speed and flight spacing, the Smart Tyer is capable of operating speeds 100 plus packages per minute. The Smart Tyer operates on a nominal 110 Volts, 60 Hz, single-phase alternating current. 15 amp service is recommended. Smart Tyer connections for bagger interlock and safety circuits are provided standard. A counter signal is provided which can be used in conjunction with an external counter (not provided).

Note: Minimum size for a service transformer shall be 1.5KVA.

On flighted conveyors, any flight spacing may be used, but the tyer can have a higher production rate (packages per minute) with a small flight spacing, such as nine inches. This tyer can also be used on belted conveyors that provide consistent spacing. All referenced measurements are in inches except as noted.

1.1.2 Bag thickness requirements

For optimal performance, a minimum bag thickness of 1.25 mil is recommended.

1.0 INTRODUCTION, cont'd.

1.1 General Information, cont'd.

1.1.3 Bag neck length requirements

- 1. Measure the diagonal across the end of the product.
- 2. Take one-half of this diagonal measurement and (depending upon the machine combination) add three or four inches to determine the required length of the bag neck.

This formula is provided in case you are developing a new product package and need to calculate a bag neck length for an automatic tying operation. Please consult a reliable package manufacturer for your specific needs or contact Burford[®] Corp. if we can be of assistance.

CAUTION: Short bag neck lengths can cause excessive ribbon drops and package jams.

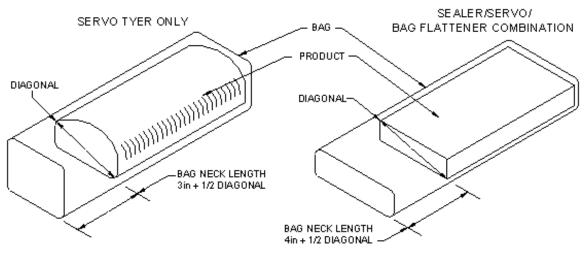


Fig. 1-1 Bag Neck Lengths

1.0 INTRODUCTION, cont'd.

1.2 Model Numbers

MODEL 2200 (Right Hand) - mounts on right side of conveyor.

MODEL 2300 (Left Hand) - mounts on left side of conveyor.

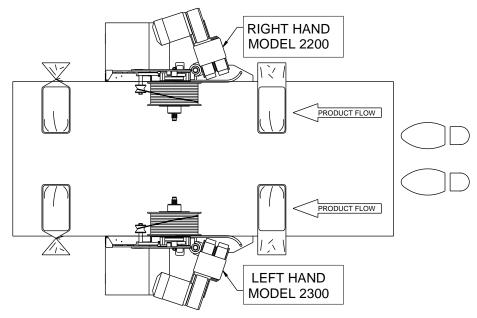


Fig. 1-2 Model Numbers

Note: Referenced as looking with the direction of conveyor flow.

2.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES

These instructions are for a typical bagger. If your specific installation requirements are different from what is described here. See Section 2.3 on how to contact Burford® Corp. for assistance.

2.1 Mechanical Installation

- Locate the template drawing provided with your manual and review your application. Note that the template drawing is intended for use with standard bread packages. Depending upon your application, it may be necessary to raise or lower the mounting holes. Layout the bolt pattern as described on the drawing.
- 2. Center punch the hole locations indicated. Drill 3/8" diameter mounting holes required for the standard unit (clearance holes for 5/16" bolts).
- 3. Position the Tyer Mounting Bracket (shown with dual ribbon system removed) and bolt this assembly onto the conveyor with 5/16" bolts and nylon insert nuts provided. Square bracket with conveyor and tighten securely.

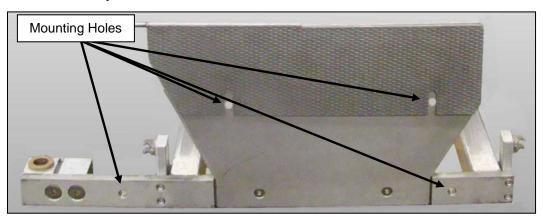


Fig. 2-1 Tyer Mounting Bracket

2.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES, cont'd.

2.1 Mechanical Installation, cont'd.

- 4. Remove the Tyer from the shipping crate and slide the unit onto the Tyer Mounting Bracket. Secure the tyer head using the clamps on the bracket. The centerline of the gathering belts should align with the center of the package. For instance, the belts should be 2 inches above the conveyor for a 4-inch tall package. If necessary, raise or lower the bracket to give the proper height.
- 5. Remove the brush assembly from the shipping crate and slide it onto the Tyer Mounting Bracket. See section 3.6.5 for proper adjustment.
- 6. For AMF/UBE bread bagger applications, position the product shelf plate inside the scoop channel. Line up the inlet plate slot with the two (2) studs on the side of the bagger conveyor. Secure with the flat washers and nuts provided.

Note: Heel tab on Mark 50 baggers MUST be mounted on the operator side of the inlet plate to avoid bag damage.

7. Position the main electrical enclosure within six feet of the Tyer Head. Locate the four (4) pin power cable connector and thirty (30) pin main control cable connector attached to the main enclosure and connect it to the mating bulkhead connectors on the back of the Tyer. Locate the nineteen (19) pin operator control box connector (if equipped) attached to the main enclosure and connect it to the mating bulkhead connector on the back of the tyer. These connectors are polarized so that they cannot be plugged into the wrong receptacles. Locate the Brush Motor power twist-lock connector attached to the main enclosure and connect it to the mating connector attached to the Brush Motor.

2.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES, cont'd.

2.2 Electrical Interconnections

To make specific wiring connections to your bagger or conveyor system please refer to the wiring diagram provided with this manual. The Model 2200 Electronic Smart Tyer is nominally a 110 VAC machine. If required, minimum service transformer size shall be 1.5KVA. A flexible conduit is provided to route Line, Neutral, and Ground into the main enclosure. Included in this conduit are conductors for other bagger connections. The following is a description of the other possible connections.

2.2.1 Bagger enable circuit (safety interlock)

The Tyer provides a set of dry contacts that close when the Tyer is ready to tie packages. The Bagger Enable relay (CR2) is mounted in the Tyer's electrical enclosure. The contacts can be accessed using wires 58 and 59 in the flexible conduit. These contacts will open if a fault occurs in the Tyer or if a Tyer safety circuit is opened. These contacts should be wired in series with the bagger safety circuit to prevent the bagger from running if the Tyer is not threaded, the ribbon supply has been depleted, or the Tyer is not turned on.

2.2.2 Bagger-active circuit

This signal from the bagger to the tyer indicates the status of the bagger and it must be a 110 VAC type. This signal can be taken from across the coil of the clutch relay of most baggers. This signal drives the coil of a mechanical relay (CR1), which starts and stops the brush motor and gathering belts of the Tyer. This connection is used to prevent the Tyer's gathering belts and brushes from running while the bagger is stopped. This will prevent a package from being pulled forward over a conveyor flight. This will also reduce wear on the brushes and conserve energy during long breaks or periods of maintenance in other areas. This connection can be made using wires 40 and 43 in the flexible conduit coming from the main enclosure. Wire 40 should be connected to the Line side of the coil and wire 43 should be connected to the Neutral side of the coil. For setup and testing, the gathering belts and brushes can be made to run while the bagger is inactive by placing the switch on the front of the operator panel marked BELT/BRUSHES in the ON position.

Note: Wires 40 & 43 should be wired into the bagger so anytime the bagger is "CYCLING", 110 VAC is supplied to these wires.

2.0 INSTALLATION PROCEDURES, cont'd.

2.2 Electrical Interconnections, cont'd.

2.2.3 External counter output

If an external counter is desired, a set of dry contacts are supplied as an input to the customer's counter. The External Counter relay (CR3) is mounted in the Tyer's electrical enclosure. Connection can be made using wires 41 and 42 in the flexible conduit coming from the main enclosure. The contacts actuate for a period of about 1/4 second immediately after a successful tie has been completed. These contacts will not actuate if the tyer aborts its tie cycle or if the tyer determines that extra material is in the bag neck, such as a heel. The contacts can be configured to be normally open or normally closed by using DIP Switch 2 on the AMP board (see Section 3.10).

2.3 Installation Arrangements

A Burford[®] factory trained Installation Engineer may be hired for any installation. The arrangement can be made with the Service Manager:

Burford[®] Corp. Maysville, Oklahoma

Phone: 1-877-BURFORD® or 405-867-4467

Fax: 405-867-4219

3.0 OPERATION PROCEDURES

3.1 Theory Of Operation

Before discussing the specifics of the Burford[®] Model 2200 Electronic Smart Tyer, the overall operation of the tyer will be described to illustrate the principles of the tying cycle. The Model 2200 is designed to gather and securely close the neck of a plastic bag by twist tying it with a piece of reinforced ribbon.

The plastic bag first encounters a set of gathering brushes that flatten and straighten the bag neck. The brushes gently pull the bag neck and product against the inlet guide and main plate of the tyer. As the bag neck exits the brushes it is directed towards the gathering belts of the tyer. The gathering belts, which move at a selectable continuous rate of speed, transport the bag neck towards the tying position. As it approaches the tying position, the bag neck actuates the bag switch, which readies the electronics for the start of the tie cycle. When the bag neck releases the bag switch, the Model 2200 controller waits for a short time before commencing the tie cycle. This delay allows the bag neck to gather against the ribbon for a more secure tie. Then the needle begins to move downward and allows the spring-loaded bag stop to engage, thereby restraining the end of the bag neck. The needle continues to rotate and wraps the ribbon around the neck of the bag. As the needle nears its full stroke, the twister hook begins rotating. The twister hook catches the end of the ribbon held in the holder/shear, and the part of the ribbon that is wrapped around the bag neck by the needle. As the hook twists the ribbon together, the holder/shear transfers to cut and hold the part of the ribbon held by the needle, and simultaneously releases the end of the twist tie. The twister hook completes its selectable four or five rotations while the needle returns to the home position, releasing the bag stop. After the twister hook has tightly secured the neck of the bag, it reverses rotation for one revolution to discharge the tie from the throat of the hook. The tied package is then carried away by the conveyor.

3.2 Package Recognition System

The Package Recognition System is an integral part of the Ribbon Tension assembly and the electronics. This system determines whether a bag neck has been properly presented in tying position. As the needle wraps the ribbon around the bag neck, the length of dispensed ribbon is measured. If the amount of ribbon dispensed is significantly less than that required by a normal package, the processor aborts the current tie cycle before the twister hook and holder/shear begin their motion. An audible alarm is sounded to alert the operator of a possible problem. This system detects inadvertent bag switch actuation caused by improperly packaged product or trash. By not allowing the holder/shear and twister to move, possible ribbon drops and jam-ups are avoided. If the length of dispensed ribbon is significantly more than normal, the tyer completes its tie, but the alarm is sounded to indicate that a heel may be contained in the tie. These features (heel detection and package recognition) can be disabled with DIP SWITCHES 4 and 6 on the AMP board (see section 3.9.1).

3.3 Dual Ribbon Spool System

As the ribbon pulls the dancer arm forward, a spring-loaded brake release arm is engaged, causing the "V" belt to be pushed up and away from the pulley, releasing the brake. The system provides an identical setup, which may be utilized by releasing the locking pin and rotating the assembly 180 degrees. This allows the next spool of ribbon to be staged for quick and effective ribbon changes.

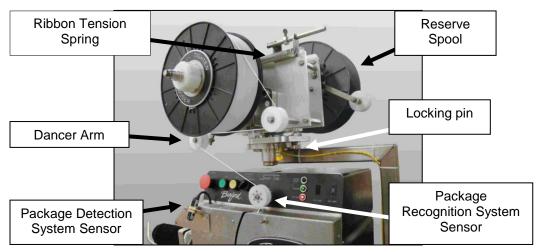


Fig. 3-1 Dual Ribbon Spool System

3.4 Package Detection System (PDS)

The Package Detection System monitors packages as they pass the Burford[®] Model 2200 / 2300 Servo Tyer and stops the bagger if a twist-tie is not applied. The system automatically resets after the next accepted package.

The PDS operates by monitoring the package sensor to determine when a package is in the operating area of the Servo-Tyer. Once a package is present, the system waits for the Servo-Tyer to actuate its counter contacts. If the Servo-Tyer has not counted the package as good before a preset time period has expired, the PDS will open the bagger safety circuit, stopping the bagger.

This feature can be disabled with DIP SWITCH 7 on the CPU board (see Section 3.9.2).

The Package Sensor is an advanced retro-reflective photo-proximity type. The sensor is factory preset to accommodate a large range of bag types and conveyor surfaces. However, for optimal operation, it is likely that some user adjustment may be required. Verify that the sensor does not detect the conveyor flights and does detect both the longest and shortest package that is run on the line.



Fig. 3-2 Product Sensor And Adjustments

If adjustments to the package sensor are required, turn the sensor gain and light / dark detect potentiometers until satisfactory operation is obtained. The sensor bracket may also be bent to extend or decrease the detection distance across the conveyor. Please note that bending the bracket will often require the sensitivity of the package sensor to be readjusted for optimal operation. See Figure 3-2 for the location of the adjustment potentiometers and operate LED.

3.5 General Operation

The following is a discussion of the overall operation of the Model 2200/2300 Electronic Smart Tyer. The Smart Tyer is designed so the operator has easy access to controls and adjustments from the front of the machine. The majority of the controls reside on the front of the operator control panel. The threading procedure has been simplified which reduces the time needed to change a ribbon spool.

An example of a normal start up procedure would be for the operator to first make sure the Tyer's main disconnect is turned on, and then insure the "STOP" button is in the "out" position. This will supply power to the Tyer's electronics, but does not supply power to the servo motors. Next, the operator must push the "START" button on the operator control panel. This will supply power to the servo motors and start the homing sequence. When the homing sequence is successfully completed, the Tyer is in the "RUN" mode. The operator should check the belt speed setting to ensure that it is correct for the current conveyor speed. If the ribbon is not threaded the operator should follow the procedure to thread the Tyer. The Tyer is now ready to automatically tie packages.

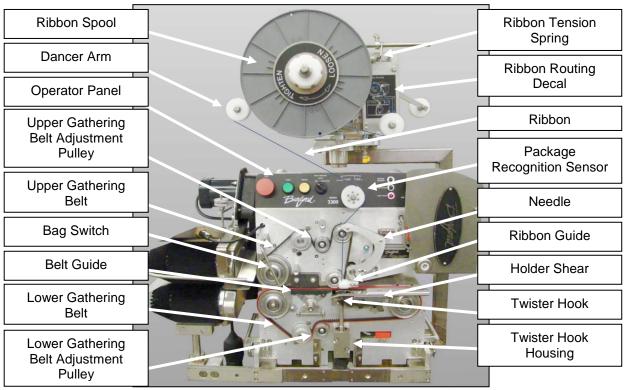


Fig. 3-3 Model 2200/2300

3.5 General Operation, cont'd.

3.5.1 Operator controls



Fig. 3-4 Operator Controls

Item	Description	
"STOP" Pushbutton	This button is used to disable the Tyer during operation. The "TYER FAULT" light will turn on and the "MOTORS ENABLED" light will turn off. If the "STOP" button is pushed or the front access cover is opened, servo motor power will be turned off. Power is removed from the servo motors until the "START" button is pushed. Pushing the "STOP" button should not turn off the "INITIALIZED" light.	
"START" Pushbutton	The first time this button is pushed after power up, the homing sequence is initiated. This sequence locates the position of each axis relative to its home proximity sensor. Once the homing sequence is successfully completed, the "INITIALIZED" light should turn on and the belts may start running. If the brushes are turning and the belt speed is set to anything other than zero, the belts should run. Any other time the "RUN" button is pushed power will be applied to the servo motors without going through the homing sequence. The Tyer is now in the "RUN" mode.	
"THREAD" Pushbutton	This button has two functions. The main function is to complete the threading procedure after being pushed and quickly released, which is described in Section 3.5.3. The second function is to force the Tyer to re-initiate the homing sequence. If for any reason, a previous homing sequence did not prove satisfactory, the Tyer can be re-homed by holding the "THREAD" button in for three seconds. For this button to function the Tyer must be in the "RUN" mode with the "MOTORS ENABLED" and "INITIALIZED" lights on.	
"BELTS/BRUSHES, ON-AUTO-AUTO/PDS" Selector Switch	"BELTS/BRUSHES, "AUTO" position. If the interlock signal from the bagger is connected properly, the brushes and by will only run when the bagger is active. To override this interlock signal and run the brushes and by the brushes are brushes and by the brushes and by the brushes are b	
"MOTORS ENABLED" Light	This light indicates when the servo motors have power. It should turn on when the "RUN" button is pushed and stays on until the "STOP" button is pushed or the front cover is opened.	
"INITIALIZED" Light	This light will be off when the Tyer is first powered up. It will turn on and stay on when homing sequence has been successfully completed. This light must be on before the Tyer can be threaded.	
"TYER FAULT" Light	 This light will indicate problems with the Tyer. During normal operation, the light should be "OFF". The light will turn "ON": If the Tyer drops of out "RUN" mode. For example, if the "STOP" button is pushed or the front cover is opened. If a ribbon drop is detected. However, the tyer will stay in "RUN" mode when this fault is detected. The "TYER FAULT" light will toggle "ON" and "OFF when the audible alarm is beeping. This is intended to help the operator identify which machine is sounding the alarm. 	
"BELT SPEED" Pushwheel Switch	In normal operation, this switch enables the operator to adjust the speed of the gathering belts. The belt speed can be adjusted from a setting of zero to fifteen. In normal operation, each speed setting is approx. 15 percent faster than the previous setting. Proper speed should pull the package 1"-2" ahead of the flight and finish tying as the flight catches up. If the tyer is setup so that the belt speed automatically adjusts to compensate for conveyor speed changes (see Section 3.12), this switch provides a fine adjustment for conveyor speed.	

3.5 General Operation, cont'd.

3.5.2 Main enclosure, controls

3.5.2.1 Main power disconnect

Disconnects the AC power coming to the Tyer controls. This does not disconnect any interlock connections coming from the bagger or conveyor.

3.5.2.2 Audible alarm

This gives the operator audible feedback as to the status of the Tyer. The following is a list of the audible alarm codes. A long beep is 1 second in duration. A short beep is 1/2 second in duration.

Alarm	Display Code	Description
1 Short	None	Power turned on, or home sequence successful.
2 Short	H006	Bag necks too close together (tried to start 2nd cycle before 1st cycle was completed).
1 Long	H007	Aborted tie cycle, not enough ribbon used.
2 Long	E116, E126, E136 or E146	One or more motors jammed or encoder faults.
3 Short	H008	Heel tied in package, too much ribbon used.

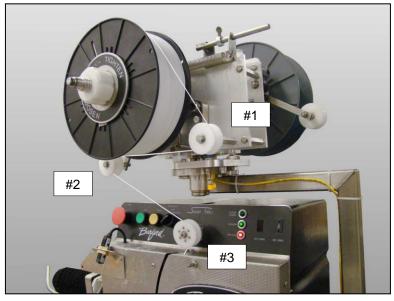
3.5 General Operation, cont'd.

3.5.3 Changing and threading the ribbon

The Burford® Smart Tyer is equipped with a dual ribbon spool assembly. For clarification on threading, refer to ribbon routing decal next to the ribbon spool on the Tyer. To remove a ribbon spool from the spindle, turn the ribbon chuck in the loosen direction, as marked on the chuck, until the ribbon chuck comes off the spindle. Pull the ribbon spool off the spindle. The spool of ribbon must be placed on the spindle so that the ribbon leaves at the top of the spool.

Place the ribbon chuck on the spindle and turn the ribbon chuck in the tighten direction, as indicated on the chuck, until it is snug. Until the ribbon from the spool and unwind about three feet. See Figure 3-5 for ribbon routing. As you route the ribbon around each spool, let the ribbon glide through your finger, do not hold the ribbon taught. First, route the ribbon over the top plastic roller labeled "#1". Then,

guide the ribbon toward the infeed end and over the top of the roller on the end of the dancer arm "#2". Next, guide the ribbon back toward the discharge end and over the bottom roller labeled "#3". Then, slip the ribbon around the back of the access cover handle and thread it down the gap between the two front covers. Next, slip the ribbon along the bottom of the access cover towards the discharge end. While letting the dancer arm relax to its extended position, hold Fig. 3-5 Changing And Threading Ribbon the ribbon firmly and press



the THREAD button on the front of the operator control box. The ribbon will automatically be adjusted to the proper tension.

3.6 Settings And Adjustments

3.6.1 **Timing**

The design of the Model 2200 Electronic Smart Tyer is based on precise computer control of servo motors. The electronic nature of the Smart Tyer is unique in that it does not require any mechanical timing adjustments. The CPU contained in the proprietary electronics monitors each of the four motors, hundreds of times every second to verify their relative position. Corrections to motor position are made during the tie cycle to ensure the package is properly tied.

3.6.2 Lubrication

The two-flanged bearings supporting the needle shaft should be lubricated twice a year. The four bearings supporting the drive shafts for the gathering belts should be lubricated once a month when the tyer is normally running at speed settings of 12 or more. When the tyer runs at lower speeds, lubricating once every 3 months is sufficient.

3.6.3 Proximity sensor adjustment

The Smart Tyer has six proximity sensors; four are used to locate the relative position of the needle, holder/shear, twister hook and bag switch. The fifth and sixth sensors are used to measure the amount of ribbon dispensed, and to detect ribbon drop. All six sensors are small 8 mm diameter inductive proximity sensors. Each sensor should be adjusted so it is 0.030 - 0.050 inch from its target.

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.4 Gathering belts tension adjustment

The upper and lower gathering belts are tensioned by moving idler pulleys in slotted holes. These belts should not be ran very tight because that would place excess load on the belt motor, resulting in a blown fuse on the Amplifier board.

3.6.4.1 Upper belt adjustment

- Measure tension of upper gathering belt at area shown.
- 2. With 2.5 pounds of pressure applied to belt the deflection should be approximately 3/8 of an inch.

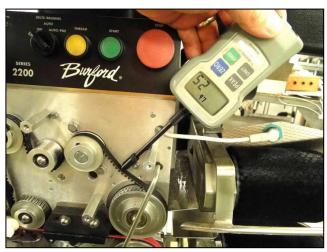


Fig. 3-6 Upper Belt Adjustment

 To adjust: re-position upper idler pulley as necessary.

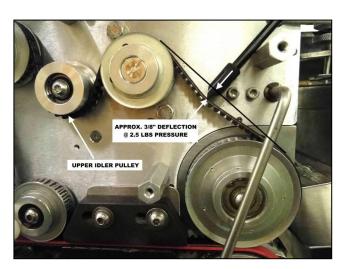


Fig. 3-7 Upper Idler Pulley

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.4 Gathering belts tension adjustment

3.6.4.2 Lower belt adjustment

- 1. Measure tension of lower gathering belt at area shown.
- 2. With 2.5 pounds of pressure applied to belt the deflection should be approximately 5/16 of an inch.



Fig. 3-8 Lower Belt Adjustment

3. To adjust: re-position lower idler pulley as necessary.

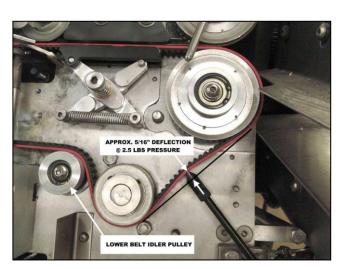


Fig. 3-9 Lower Idler Pulley

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.5 Gathering brush adjustment

3.6.5.1 Gathering brush tension adjustment

The tension of the gathering brushes can be varied by using the adjustment knob provided on the front of the brush assembly. This knob limits the amount of mesh between the upper and lower brushes. However, the brushes are permitted to pivot away from each other to prevent a jam-up if product inadvertently is fed into the brushes.

The amount of mesh between the brushes depends upon the application. On bread bags, the brushes

are usually adjusted to give a gentle pull on the bag neck as the bag passes through the brushes. This takes slack out of the bag and gets the bag neck out



Fig. 3-10 Gathering Brush Adjustment

straight to properly enter the tyer belts. On bun bags, it is usually not desired to pull on the bag with the brushes. Rather, the objective is merely to feed the bag neck smoothly into the tyer belts. In this case, the gathering brushes should have very little or no mesh. In all cases, the brush mesh must be limited so that the bag neck tension does not tend to pull the product through the guides and into the brushes.

3.6.5.2 Gathering brush mounting angle adjustment

The angle between the gathering brushes and the conveyor side is adjustable by pivoting the brush assembly on the brush pivot bracket. To set the correct brush angle you must loosen the set collar and rotate the brushes and then retighten the set collar. After the brush mount bracket has been locked into place, the brush assembly should be slid toward the conveyor side as far as possible and locked into position by tightening the two thumbscrews. Once the brushes are locked into position, check that the sheet metal guiding the bag neck into the brushes is properly configured to support the bag neck, without allowing the neck to be hung up.

Selecting the proper mounting angle normally requires that testing be done with the conveyor running at normal speed. The angle of the brushes should be adjusted so that the bag neck tends to stay out straight as the bag passes through the brushes. If the bag neck tends to drag back as it passes through the brushes, then the angle of the brushes should be increased to pull the bag neck downstream more quickly. If the bag neck tends to be folded forward, then the angle of the brushes should be decreased to keep the neck out straight.

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.6 Gathering belts speed adjustment

In normal operation, this switch enables the operator to adjust the speed of the gathering belts. The belt speed can be adjusted from a setting of zero to fifteen. In normal operation, each speed setting is approximately 15 percent faster than the previous setting (see table below for approximate values). A proper speed setting should pull the product 1"-2" ahead of the flight and finish tying as the flight catches up with the product.

BCD Setting	EST. Belt FPM
1	18
3	22
3	27
4	33
5	40
6	48
7	58
8	70
9	85
10	103
11	125
12	151
13	182
14	221
15	267

In most installations, the belts will not normally run when the conveyor is stopped. For testing, you may make the belts run with the conveyor stopped by turning the selector switch on the operator panel to the "ON" position. Be sure to return the switch to the "AUTO" position after testing. To properly set the speed of the gathering belts, you must be running product at normal speed. The speed of the belts should be adjusted so that the end of the bag is pulled slightly forward from the flights. As soon as the tyer completes its tie of the package, the conveyor flight should be just catching up with the package. The flight then carries the tied package away from the tyer.

The belts should not be run any faster than necessary to ensure that the tie is completed just before the flight pushes the tied package out of the tyer. If the belts are running too fast, a bag may be pulled into the tying position before the previous package has been removed by its flight. This can cause two packages to be tied together or excess wear on the belts.

If the belts are running too slowly, the package will tend to drag back against its flight as it is being tied. In addition, it will appear as if the tyer is not keeping up with the needed production rate.

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.7 Ribbon dispenser adjustment

1. Release all spring tension from the ribbon assembly by loosening thumb screw and sliding the cantilevered spring stop to relieve spring tension.

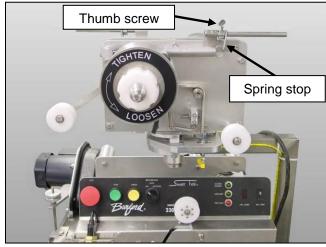
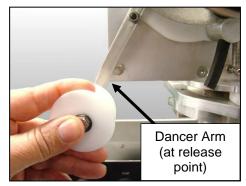


Fig. 3-11 Ribbon Dispenser Adjustment

2. Position dancer arm such that it is aligned with the corner of the main plate (as shown at right). Loosen "V" belt clamp, for ribbon spool assembly, and adjust "V" belt until the release point is as shown in the pictures below.



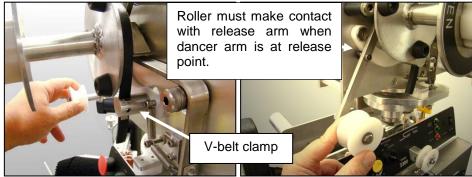


Fig. 3-12 Dancer Arm Positioning

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

5.

3.6.7 Ribbon dispenser adjustment, cont'd.

- Mount spool of ribbon on spool holder.
- 4. Set brake tension to 1.5 lbs. by using a pull meter or similar method to measure force to pull ribbon from spool. To increase/decrease the brake tension slide the spring stop until correct tension is reached. Position thumb screw next to spring stop and securely tighten.



Repeat for ribbon dispense on back side. Fig. 3-13 Setting Brake Tension

- 6. Verify the ribbon drop sensor operation. When the ribbon has not been threaded and brake tension is being applied to the dancer arm, the ribbon drop sensor should not be sensing the ribbon drop tab (see Figure 3-14 A). When the ribbon has been threaded and ready for production the ribbon drop sensor should be sensing the ribbon drop tab (see Figure 3-14 B).
- 7. Verify brake tension is at 1.5 lbs using a pull meter or similar method.
- 8. Once the adjustments are satisfactory, run several test packages using both the upper and lower spools. The brake should hold firm when the tyer is idle and rotate freely when the tyer is pulling ribbon.

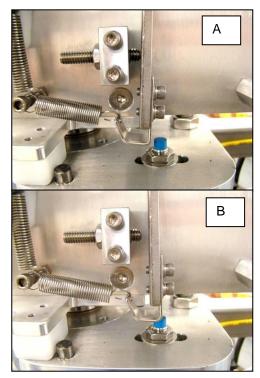


Fig. 3-14 Ribbon Drop Sensor

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.8 Spacing of twister hook shaft to tip of holder/shear

The proper spacing is 3/32" (see Figure 3-15). If these two items are too close, the ribbon will sometimes wrap around the shaft of the hook. The only adjustment available is the play in the mounting holes for the twister hook bearing tower and the holder/shear mounting.

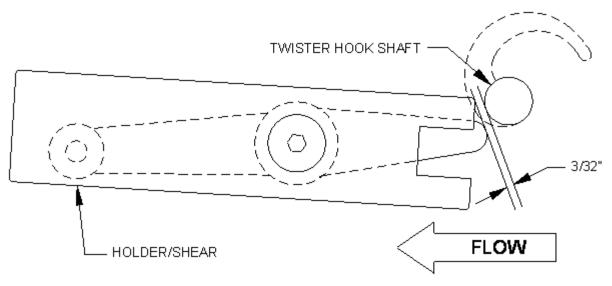


Fig. 3-15 Twister Hook Shaft

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.9 Holder/shear adjustment

The force with which each side of the holder/shear holds the ribbon is adjustable to provide the same holding force on each side of the holder/shear.

- Verify electrical power has been removed from the tyer head. Follow lockout/tagout procedures for your facility.
- 2. Remove large back cover from rear of tyer head.
- 3. Loosen knob and open electrical panel.
- 4. Locate and remove (2) screws securing the bag tail tunnel bracket. Screws can be reached from the rear of the tyer head (see Figure 3-17).

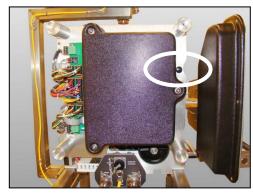


Fig. 3-16 Holder/Shear Adjustment

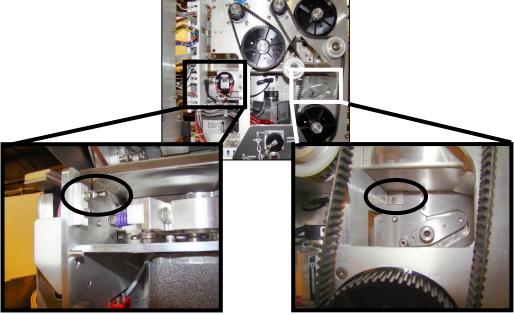


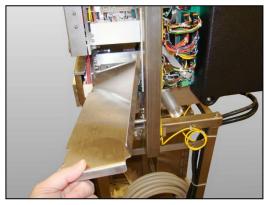
Fig. 3-17 Bag Tail Tunnel Bracket

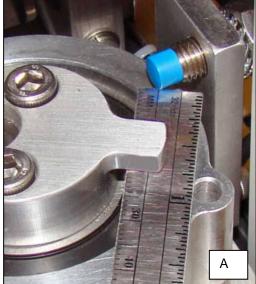
3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

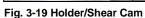
3.6.9 Holder/shear adjustment, cont'd.

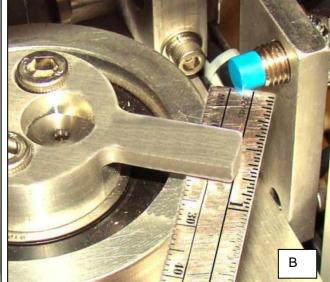
- 5. Remove tunnel plate.
- 6. Locate holder/shear cam. Rotate holder/shear cam a few times to obtain a "feel" for its operation.
- 7. Rotate holder/shear cam until the point where it begins to resist further rotation. Measure this distance to an arbitrary point (see Figure 3-19 A). Rotate the holder/shear cam 180 degrees and

measure again to the same arbitrary Fig. 3-18 Tunnel Plate point (see Figure 3-19 B). The desired result is for these distances to be equal.









3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.9 Holder/shear adjustment, cont'd.

8. If not equal distances, then loosen shuttle bar bolts. Now when the cam is rotated the holder/shear mounting plate will slide in either direction along the shuttle bar. Rotate holder/shear cam and measure until distances are equal. This will require tightening and loosening the shuttle bar bolts after each attempt. Tighten the shuttle bar bolts securely once satisfied with adjustment. Adjust the black cam spring tension by setting the spring length to 3/4".

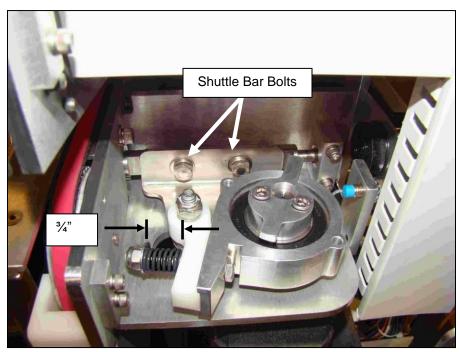


Fig. 3-20 Shuttle Bar Bolts

- 9. After adjusting the holder/shear, always verify that the ribbon is being held tightly enough on each side by threading the tyer and pulling on the ribbon by hand. Normally the ribbon will break before being pulled out of the holder/shear.
- 10. Install tunnel plate, close electrical panel and mount rear cover.

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.10 Adjusting the tie tightness

There are two adjustments on the Model 2200 and 2300 Tyers to adjust the tie tightness. One adjustment is the ribbon guide position and the other is the upper belt pulley position.

To correctly adjust these it is important to understand how this area of the Tyer works. The bag neck is gathered into an area called the "tie window". The tie window is shaped like a triangle. The triangle sides are outlined by the lower belt, upper belt and ribbon wire (see Figure 3-21). By increasing or decreasing the size of the tie window, the tension around the bag neck can be determined. If the tie around the bag neck is loose, the window area should be decreased. If the tie around the bag neck is so tight as to cause tears or holes in the bag neck, the window area should be increased. The window may also need to be adjusted when changing bag size or bag thickness.

Note: Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.

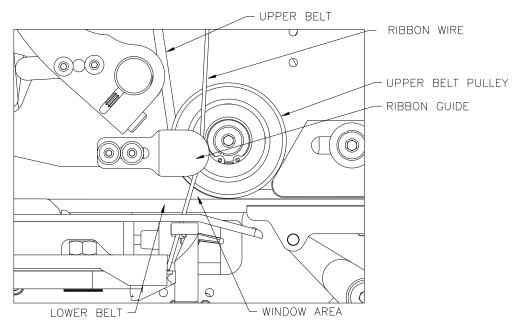


Fig. 3-21 Tie Tightness

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.10 Adjusting the tie tightness, cont'd.

3.6.10.1 Factory setting

The ribbon guide is positioned so the downstream side of the lobe is flush with the mounting block, with the belt pulley positioned so the upper belt is approximately 1/8" from the needle shaft.

3.6.10.2 Adjusting the eccentric ribbon guide

The eccentric ribbon guide adjustment is for fine tuning the tie window area and can be adjusted by opening the front cover, loosening the ribbon guide, and sliding the guide to change the position of the ribbon wire. Moving the ribbon downstream increases the tie window area and loosens the tie. Moving the ribbon wire upstream decreases the tie window area and makes a tighter tie. When you have found the proper position for the guide be sure to tighten the mounting screws.

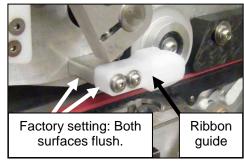


Fig. 3-22 Eccentric Ribbon Guide

3.6.10.3 Adjusting the belt pulley

If after adjusting the eccentric ribbon guide the bag is still not tied with the proper tension, the upper belt pulley may need to be adjusted. First, loosen the mounting bolt and nut of the upper belt pulley. Slide the upper belt pulley downstream to decrease the area of the tie window and increase the tightness of the tie or upstream to increase the tie window area and reduce the tightness of the tie. When the

Belt Guide

Measure factory setting here

Fig. 3-23 Belt Pulley Adjustment

pulley is in the proper position tighten the mounting bolt and nut. NOTE: Factory setting results in a 1/8" gap between upper belt and needle shaft.

Note: This procedure will require repositioning the belt guide as close to the belt pulley as possible without touching the belt pulley.

Note: This procedure will require rechecking the upper belt tension (see Section 3.6.4.1).

3.6 Settings And Adjustments, cont'd.

3.6.11 Adjusting the bag switch

1. With the bag switch rod centered on belts (use a thin scale), adjust sensor to 1/16" below surface of flag.

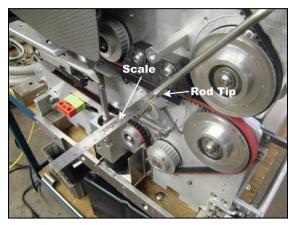




Fig. 3-24 Bag Switch Adjustment

2. Next, with bag switch rod resting on rod stop (located on front cover) adjust the 5/16-18 set screw to provide 1/16" gap between bottom of flag and top of the set screw.

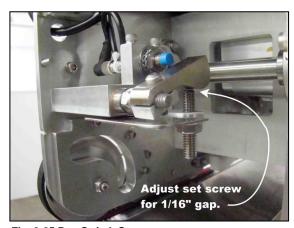


Fig. 3-25 Bag Switch Stop

Note: All settings to be made with tyer unclamped and in the "maintenance" position.

3.7 Electrical

3.7.1 Circuit board descriptions

3.7.1.1 CPU board, part number **C01410**

The CPU Board is a six inch by six inch circuit board that contains the main processor and program memory. It has total control over the smart tyer and can communicate with an external terminal using the serial port connector on the front edge of the board. The CPU Board is attached to the Amplifier Board with four mounting screws. Signal connections between these two boards are made through the seventy-two pin connector J2. The CPU Board has a seven-segment LED display that can display machine status one character at a time. See Section 4.2 for specific details on this display. The CPU board is considered a replacement unit. The proprietary software used to control the Smart Tyer was developed by Burford® Corp. and cannot be altered in the field.

3.7.1.2 Amplifier board part number 611464

The AMP Board is a ten and one half inch by eleven inch circuit board that is controlled by the CPU Board through the seventy-two pin connector J1. The Amplifier Board contains the decoder electronics for the motor encoders as well as the pre-drivers and motor drivers for each of the four axes. This board converts sensor and encoder signals to five volt logic and relays them to the CPU board. Connections to motor power and the motors are made at the edge of this board. Each motor output is fused individually to protect the board from a shorted output. The AMP board also contains two relays, which are described in Section 3.9.1.

3.8 Relay Descriptions

3.8.1 Panel relays main enclosure

See Section 7.15 for more parts and wiring diagram.

SR1, (611508)	Latches in logic power (J4 connector on Amplifier board).		
CR0 (611455)	Connects 48VDC motor power to Amplifier board (T1 connector).		
CR1 (610374)	Latches the bagger clutch signal.		
CR2 (610404)	Latches the bagger enable signal.		
CR3 (610404)	External counter contacts.		
CR4 (610404)	Latches the servo enable signal.		
CRE1 (C05138)	Latches in Brush Motor.		

3.8.2 Amplifier board relays

CR1	Run Circuit Relay, operator START button latches in this relay.
CR2	CPU Status Relay, CPU energizes this relay when it is ready to control the motors.

3.9 DIP Switch Settings

3.9.1 Amplifier board part number 611464

The Amplifier board, P/N 611464, has a group of eight DIP switches (labeled SW1) and one jumper switch (labeled H1), which are used to configure Tyer parameters. The following table identifies the switch functions.

SW1 Settings				
Switch #	OFF Position	ON Position		
1	Right hand machine, Model 2200	Left hand machine, Model 2300		
2	Counter's contacts close to count	Counter's contacts open to count		
3	Not used. Not used.			
4	Heel Detection Inactive Heel Detection Active			
5	Use data in battery backed RAM	Use data in PROM (default set-up)		
6	Package Recognition cycle abort inactive	Package Recognition cycle abort active		
7	Normal tie cycle speed	Maximum tie cycle speed		
8	Four twists by twister hook.	Five twists by twister hook.		
H1 Jumper Settings				
	LH position	RH Position		
	For Model 2300 belt motor direction.	For Model 2200 belt motor direction.		

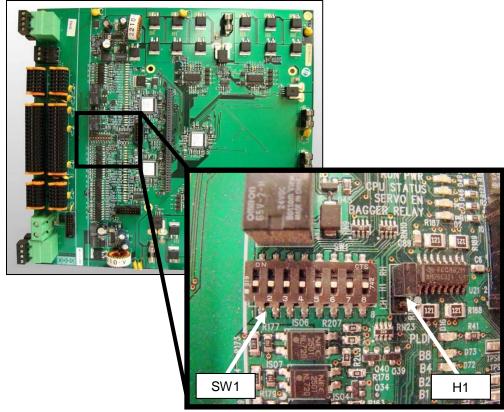


Fig. 3-26 AMP Board DIP Switches

3.9 DIP Switch Settings, cont'd.

3.9.2 CPU board part number C01410

The CPU board, P/N C01410, has a group of eight DIP switches labeled S1. The following table identifies the switch functions.

Switch #	OFF Position	ON Position
1	Not Used.	Not Used.
2	Not Used.	Not Used.
3	Not Used.	Not Used.
4	Not Used.	Not Used.
5	Not Used.	Not Used.
6	Normal Motion.	Wireless Motion.
7	Normal PDS (stops conveyor)	PDS will not stop bagger (3 beep alarm)
8	Communicates with laptop.	Communicates with optional error display.

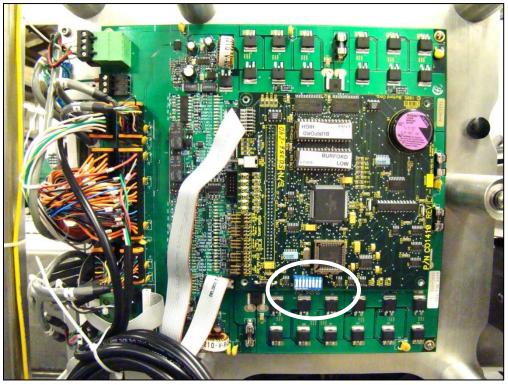


Fig. 3-27 CPU Board DIP Switches

3.10 Counter Output

The Smart Tyer comes standard with a relay (CR3), which toggles every time that a valid package is tied. This relay is normally used to drive a customer's external counter, but it can be adapted to serve other functions with external customer logic. This relay does not toggle if the tie cycle is aborted or if a heel is detected in the tie. These contacts can be configured to be normally open or normally closed using Dip Switch 2 of SW1, on the Amplifier board. See Section 3.9 for more detail. If the relay is configured to be normally open, the contacts will close for about 1/4 second when a valid tie cycle is completed.

3.11 PROM Replacement Procedure

The computer program for the Burford[®] Model 2200 Electronic Smart Tyer resides in two PROMs, U6 and U9 on the CPU board. Each PROM contains half of the program. To upgrade the Smart Tyer to the latest program, the PROMs must be replaced with a new version. This is a simple process, which can be accomplished in 10 to 15 minutes. Before replacing the PROMs, note the positions of the Dip Switches on the Amplifier Board to ensure that they are not accidentally changed by handling the boards.

Caution: The PROM's are sensitive to static electricity and care should be taken not to expose them to static.

Remove electrical power from the Tyer. Remove the cover from the tyer head. The PROM's are the two 32 pin chips in sockets in the middle of the CPU board. The program version is labeled on the top of each PROM. In general, you should use the PROM with the higher program version. For example, version 7.01 is newer than version 7.00. Each PROM will also be labeled either HIGH or LOW. Make sure that each is inserted in the socket with the same label.

Caution: The pins on the PROM's are delicate and will break if bent repeatedly.

To remove a PROM from its socket, use a very small screwdriver to pry the PROM up from its socket. Never pull the PROM out by hand because one side will suddenly release before the other side and some of the pins will be bent.

3.11 PROM Replacement Procedure, cont'd.

Slowly push the screwdriver under the PROM while twisting the blade. Work your way towards the back of the PROM. Do not pry the front of the PROM up too quickly or you will bend the pins in the back.

Carefully remove the PROM straight up from the socket being careful not to bend any pins. Note that the notch on the PROM is to the right. Be sure to orient the new PROM in the same direction.

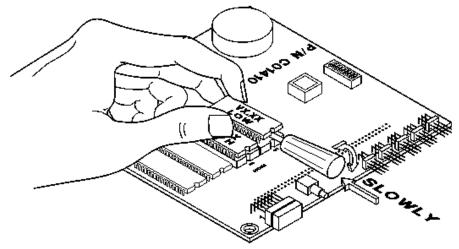


Fig. 3-28 PROM Replacement

Warning: If a PROM is inserted with the notch towards the left, the PROM

will be destroyed when power is turned on, and a replacement

set would need to be ordered.

3.11 PROM Replacement Procedure, cont'd.

With the notch on the PROM to the right, align it with the socket. Ensure each pin lines up with its receptacle. Usually the pins on new PROM's tend to be bent a little wider than the socket. If this is the case, lay the PROM on its side on a flat surface and bend the entire row of pins together to keep them all straight. Work the PROM into the socket by pressing it down little by little along its length. As you press, check that each pin is seating in the receptacle and not buckling.

After both PROM's have been replaced, verify that the Dip Switch settings have not changed. Apply power to the Tyer and push the "START" button on the operator panel. If the Tyer fails to perform its normal startup sequence, remove power, remove the board set, and check the PROM's for correct orientation, bent pins or unseated pins.

3.12 Speed Following Feature

The tyer has the ability to automatically adjust the speed of its gathering belts so that the belt speed changes as the conveyor speed changes. This minimizes the amount of operator input required to operate the tyer. However, it may be necessary for the operator to fine tune the belt speed, as explained later, to achieve the most desirable package.

Some baggers slowly ramp up to full speed when they are started. The tyer's speed-following capability allows the speed of the belts to slowly ramp up to full speed as the speed of the bagger is increasing. This prevents damaging of bags by pulling them too far ahead of the flights as might occur if the conveyor started slowly and the belts started quickly.

In order for the tyer to use automatic speed following, the tyer requires an additional input signal to determine the conveyor speed. Normally, a proximity switch is used to monitor a sprocket that rotates with the conveyor. The proximity switch should provide one pulse for each 1/2 inch of conveyor travel. Consult wiring diagram for switch wiring.

If the proximity switch is not connected, or if the tyer senses that it is not getting any pulses from the proximity switch, the tyer's controller will use only the settings of the BCD thumbwheel switch on the operator's control box to set the belt speed. If the proximity switch is connected and producing pulse signals, the tyer will automatically adjust the belt speed to follow the conveyor speed and the BCD thumbwheel switch can be used to fine tune the ratio between conveyor speed and tyer belt speed. The speed of the belts needs to be considerably faster than the conveyor speed, but the exact ratio of speeds depends upon the package being run.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller

3.13.1 General

The Burford[®] Model 2200/2300 Twist Tyer has the ability to communicate with a terminal or a personal computer which is running a terminal emulation program. When the tyer's controller detects an unusual situation or an error, the controller sends diagnostic information to the terminal through its serial port. In addition, the tyer's controller maintains a record of problems that have occurred. This information can be called up later and displayed on screen. It is also possible to capture this information into a text file on the PC. This text file can be viewed or printed at a later time. For these reasons, it is sometimes desirable to communicate with the tyer's controller.

This section is intended to provide the basic information needed to communicate with the tyer. It is assumed that you are using a PC and that you have experience with the basic operation of a PC. In addition to the PC, you need two other items.

- 1. A communications program to run on the PC.
- 2. A proper cable for connection between the PC's serial port and the tyer's serial port on the CPU board.

3.13.2 Communications programs

Before a PC can communicate with the tyer's controller, the PC must be running a terminal emulation program. Many different programs could be used, but this document will concentrate on two options, Burford[®] TERMINAL program and the Terminal program in Microsoft Windows. No matter what program is being used, it must be configured with the proper settings for the Burford[®] tyer. They are:

Baud Rate 4800 (9600 if using Burford® Tyer Prom Version 1.14 or earlier)

Parity Even

Data Bits 8

Stop Bits 1

Com Port Choose whichever serial port on the PC you will be using. This will

usually be COM1

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.2 Communications program, cont'd

3.13.2.1 Burford® TERMINAL program

Burford[®] Corp. has developed a terminal emulation program specifically for use with the Model 2200/2300 tyers. This program is simply called TERMINAL.EXE and it provides the simplest and easiest way of communicating with the tyer's controller and capturing data to files. The program is already configured for 4800 Baud, Even Parity, 8 Data Bits and 1 Stop Bit. It is also configured to use the COM1 serial port of the PC, which usually has a male DB9 connector. Any of these settings can be changed as necessary. This TERMINAL program is available on high density 3-1/2 inch diskette from Burford[®] Corp. ask for Part Number C01287.

The tyer's controller automatically sends information to the serial port, some of which is intended to be displayed on an optional Operator Display provided by Burford[®] Corp. The Burford[®] TERMINAL program has been written to recognize the format of these statements and it displays them in a box near the bottom of the screen, away from the other output. Any other terminal emulation program cannot distinguish these statements and they appear on the screen among all the other text.

The TERMINAL program can be run from a floppy drive or from the hard disk of the PC. To start the program with the default settings, simply change to the directory containing the TERMINAL.EXE file and type: TERMINAL

With the TERMINAL program running, you can press Alt-h for help on the proper command to use if you need to use a different baud rate or a different serial port. The help screen will show you, for instance, that to start the TERMINAL program with a setting of 9600 baud instead of the normal 4800 baud, type: TERMINAL B9600 at the DOS command prompt. You can exit the program at any time by pressing Alt-x.

You will not be able to see anything that you type on the screen until the tyer is running. This is because the tyer's controller must echo your typed commands back to the PC before will be displayed.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.2 Communications program, cont'd

3.13.2.2 Terminal program in Microsoft Windows version 3.0 or 3.1

Most PC's sold today include a copy of Microsoft Windows. Included with Windows is a Terminal program, which can be used to communicate with the Burford[®] Model 2200/2300 tyer. This terminal program is not as easy to use with the Burford[®] tyer as Burford[®] Terminal program described above and it requires some time to configure the program. However, once it is configured, the configuration data can be saved for use later.

It is assumed that anyone using the Microsoft Windows Terminal program is familiar with this interface and systematic instructions for maneuvering in Windows are not necessary.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.2 Communications program, cont'd

3.13.2.3 Configuring the Microsoft Windows terminal program

Start the Windows program and open the Terminal program. It is usually located in the Accessories group of Program Manager. Under the Settings menu, choose Communications. Mark the appropriate boxes for the communication parameters listed earlier in Section 3.13.2. Due to a peculiarity in this program, it may be necessary to first choose 7 data bits; then choose 2 stop bits; then choose 1 stop bit. In the field entitled Flow Control, choose XON/XOFF. The boxes labeled Parity Check and Carrier Detect should be left empty. With all settings correct; choose OK to close this box.

Under the Settings menu, choose Terminal Emulation and select DEC VT-100 (ANSI).

Under the Settings menu, choose Terminal Preferences. Make sure that Local Echo is turned off.

When you have everything configured as listed above, save your configuration information by choosing the Save command under the File menu. This allows you to save this configuration data for later use. Assign a name to your configuration, such as TYER or BURFORD®. In the future, when you start this terminal program, you may use the Open command under the File menu to recall your configuration data.

You will not be able to see anything that you type on the screen until the tyer is running. This is because the tyer must echo your typed commands back to the PC before they will be displayed.

The tyer's controller sends some information to the serial port which is intended to be displayed on the optional Operator Display provided by Burford® Corp. The Burford® TERMINAL program has been written to recognize the format of these statements and display them in a box near the bottom of the screen. Any other terminal emulation program (such as the terminal program in Microsoft Windows) cannot distinguish these statements from any other text and they appear on the screen among all the other text. This can be a little confusing.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.3 Cable between PC and tyer head

A cable like the one shown below is necessary to connect between the tyer's serial port and the PC's serial port. The connection point is conveniently located at the rear of the tyer head and is labeled "COMM". This cable is available from Burford[®] Corp. Ask for Part Number 210672.





Fig. 3-29 Serial Port And Cable

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.4 Safety considerations

When working with the tyer, the following points should be observed:

- 1. This activity should only be conducted by qualified personnel. When troubleshooting a problem, it may be necessary to have the main electrical enclosure open in order to view the status lights or to make voltage checks while the machine is operating. Proper safety precautions should be taken.
- 2. Never place your hands in a position where you can be injured if a motor suddenly started running at high speed.
- 3. The tyer's CPU board must be working properly for it to talk to the PC. If you are having a problem that prevents the CPU board from operating (such as a faulty power supply or a loose power connector), you cannot communicate with the tyer's controller.
- 4. Communication with the tyer's controller may be conducted while the tyer is operating and tying packages. In fact, operation of the tyer is often necessary to generate a situation of interest.
- 5. Any change in the tyer controller's settings made from the PC except TIME and DATE will be forgotten when power to the tyer's controller is turned off, providing that Dip Switch 5 on the Amplifier Board of the Tyer is in the ON position.
- 6. At various times, you will see statements on the screen of the PC that refer to Motor 1, Motor 2, Motor 3 and Motor 4. These refer to the 4 servo motors being controlled. In all cases:
 - Motor 1 refers to the motor that drives the needle.
 - Motor 2 refers to the motor that drives the twister hook.
 - Motor 3 refers to the motor that drives the holder/shear.
 - Motor 4 refers to the motor that drives the bag gathering belts.

The AC motor that drives the gathering brushes is not a servo motor and it is not under the command of the tyer's controller.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands

Much of the time, it may not be necessary for you to issue any commands to the tyer because the tyer's controller will automatically send statements to the screen regarding any problems it encounters as they occur. Often, this information is sufficient to identify a problem. However, if a previously encountered problem is not occurring now, it is sometimes desirable to command the tyer's controller to output additional information, which may be helpful.

Not all of the possible tyer commands will be discussed in this document. Many of these are too technical to be helpful to anyone other than Burford[®] Service Personnel.

3.13.5.1 When you start the tyer

When power is first supplied to the tyer's controller, it automatically sends out several lines of information, which look similar to the following.

TCR1 interval= 0.238 µsec

System Reset @ 10:35:47 on 03/06/95.

BURFORD® CORP.

Electronic Twist Tyer

Version 1.30 - TIE SPEED SUPPORT (Feb 22 1995 11:47:23)

The following caused the last microprocessor reset:

Power switched off.

10:35:47> Initializing.

10:35:47> Initialization complete.

10:35:47>

Interlock open.

Waiting for reset.

At this point, the controller is waiting for you to push the RUN button on the small operator's control box and you are prevented from typing in commands. After the run button is pressed, the tyer begins to perform its homing sequence for 3 of the motors. (The fourth servomotor drives the bag gathering belts and it does not have a home position.) While the tyer is homing, several lines of information are written to the screen about the progress of the homing sequence. When the tyer successfully completes the homing sequence, the following prompt will appear on the screen.

MOTOR 1>

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.1 When you start the tyer, cont'd.

This indicates that the tyer is ready to receive commands and that any commands, which are motor-control commands, will be applied to Motor 1, the motor that drives the needle.

If, for any reason, the tyer does not successfully complete the homing sequence, this will be indicated on the screen. In that case, the MOTOR1> prompt will not appear and the controller will drop out power to all of the servomotors. The last two lines on the screen are:

Interlock open. Waiting for reset.

At this point you will not be able to type commands. Based upon the information printed to the screen during the homing sequence, it may be possible to repair the tyer so that it will successfully home. If you need more information to determine the cause of a problem, see Section 3.13.5.9 for an explanation of the + command.

3.13.5.2 TIME and DATE commands

The tyer's controller has a battery-powered real-time clock that it uses to record the time and date of special events. It is good practice to check the time and date before going on to other activities. If the time and date are not accurate, then the time and date information recorded will be incorrect.

To check the time, type TIME The time will be displayed on the screen. Be sure not to type TIME= This would set the time to 00:00. To set the time, you must use a 24 hour format. To set the time to 9:15 a.m., for example, type: TIME=9:15 To set the time to 9:15 p.m., for example, type: TIME=21:15.

You can check the date the same way. To set the date to March 10, 1995, for example, type: DATE=3-10-95

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.3 TROUBLE command

The tyer's controller keeps a record of important events and problems that it encounters during operation. This record is stored in battery-backed memory on the CPU board. This record provides a valuable history of operation for this machine, which can be very helpful in diagnosing problems.

This Trouble buffer, when full, is 1000 lines long, about the equivalent of 17 printed pages. When this buffer gets full, the oldest information is discarded as new information is added. This ensures that this buffer contains the most up-to-date information possible. Depending upon the frequency of problems detected by this machine, this trouble buffer may contain information for a period of a few hours to several weeks. All the entries in the trouble buffer have their time and date recorded at the time of their occurrence.

To command the tyer to display the contents of the Trouble buffer, simply type TROUBLE or this can be abbreviated by (TR)

After a page of information has been displayed, you will be prompted to press any key to continue. Pressing any key besides the Escape key will cause the next page of information to be displayed. You will notice from the times and dates displayed that the most recent information is displayed first and the information gets progressively older. When the entire contents of the buffer have been displayed, the buffer will loop around to the beginning and the most recent information will be shown again. At this time, or any time you wish to leave the Trouble Report, you should press the Escape key to exit this command. You can look at this Trouble Report as many times as you like. If you wish to save or print this information, you should capture this data into a text file on your PC (see Section 3.13.6).

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.4 QUERY command

Whenever the needle motor, the twister hook motor, or the holder/shear motor is commanded to make a move, information is stored in a "QUERY" buffer about all the servomotor's position, speed, and motor commands during the move. This data can be displayed by using the "QUERY" command.

The information displayed by this command can be helpful in diagnosing certain complex problems. However, analyzing this data is very difficult for anyone not familiar with the inner workings of this machine. It is easy to draw incorrect conclusions from the data. Therefore, the most likely customer use for this command is to display data, which can be captured into a text file see Section 3.13.6 for information on capturing files. Then the customer would normally print the file and fax the data to Burford[®] Corp. for analysis. Contact the Service Manager at Burford[®] Corp. if you wish to do this.

The information in the QUERY buffer is automatically overwritten when the next move occurs, so this buffer always contains information about the most recent move. When the MOT>1 prompt is displayed, the data displayed is for the needle motor only. When the MOT>2 prompt is displayed, the data displayed is for the twister hook motor only. When the MOT>3 prompt is displayed, the data displayed is for the holder/shear motor only. When the MOT>4 prompt is displayed, the data displayed is for the gathering belts motor only. To change to a different motor, say the twister hook motor, simply type MOT=2. The MOT 2> prompt will then be displayed.

Type Q=0 to start at the beginning of the QUERY buffer. Then type Q each time you want to display another page of data. The QUERY buffer is 255 lines long. The exact format of the output depends upon the PROM version being run. However, the output from the QUERY command typically looks like the data below.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.4 QUERY command, cont'd.

MOTOR 1>q=0 MOTOR 1>q

Step	Time Set	ACT	VEL	CMD	
0> 0.0	0	-2	-	-2.1	-2132.9
1> 5.2	4	-2	0	0.5	504.8
2> 10.5	17	-2	0	7.1	7122.3
3> 15.7	37	-1	1	13.6	13560.3
4> 21.0	66	3	4	21.4	21418
5> 26.2	103	13	10	28.2	28246.5
6> 31.5	149	33	20	34.1	34093.7
7> 36.7	202	68	35	35.9	35859.8
8> 42.0	264	121	53	36.1	36109
9> 47.2	335	188	67	37.7	37705
10> 52.5	413	271	83	36	35995.9
11> 57.7	500	369	98	34.7	34655.3
12> 63.0	595	480	111	32.7	32731.6
13> 68.2	698	599	119	32.9	32859
14> 73.5	803	723	124	30.7	30665.6
15> 78.7	908	854	131	24.9	24947.6
16> 84.0	1013	985	131	22	22016
17> 89.2	1118	1114	129	19.8	19765.6
18> 94.5	1223	1241	127	17.3	17271.8
19> 99.7	1328	1369	128	12.6	12639.2
20> 105.0	1433	1498	129	7.3	7301.5

If the last move caused a situation which resulted in the controller dropping out power to the servomotors (such as a motor jammed), the controller will not display the MOT 1> prompt and you will not be able to type the QUERY commands until you type the + command (see Section 3.13.5.9).

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.5 RESET command

This command causes the tyer's controller to display the reason for the most recent controller reset. It does not cause the tyer's controller to reset itself. The possible reasons for a reset are:

- Power turned off. This is the most common cause of a reset and it is quite normal for this to occur. It occurs when the power is turned off for more than a couple of seconds.
- External reset. This can be caused by a momentary loss of power such as might occur from a loose power connector. It also occurs if someone presses the reset button on the CPU board or if someone turns the power switch on within a second after the power has been turned off. All occurrences of external resets are also recorded in the Trouble buffer.
- 3. Watchdog reset. This indicates a software error. These are indicated in the trouble buffer.
- 4. Halt monitor reset. This indicates an internal processor fault. These are indicated in the trouble buffer.

To invoke the RESET command, simply type: RESET

3.13.5.6 DEBUG command

When Debug is turned on, the tyer's controller will write a statement to the screen to indicate every time that the bag switch closes when the tyer is ready to tie. It also writes another statement every time that the bag switch opens during normal operation. This is sometimes helpful, if you are experiencing erratic triggering of the tyer. Normally, Debug is turned off.

To turn on Debug, type: DEBUG=1

To turn off Debug, type: DEBUG=0

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.7 HOME command

When the screen is displaying a prompt such as MOT>1, typing HOME causes the tyer to begin a homing sequence. This can also be accomplished by holding the thread button on the Operator's Control Box for 5 seconds.

3.13.5.8 DISPENSE command

Every time that the tyer is triggered, the tyer's controller counts the number of pulses that it receives from the Bag Recognition System proximity switch. This pulse count indicates how much ribbon has been dispensed during the tie cycle. The controller compares the number of pulses for the latest package with the number of pulses for the previous 10 packages. The controller then decides whether it should:

1. Abort the tie cycle because too little ribbon has been dispensed to indicate a proper package, thereby preventing the tyer from dropping the ribbon.

Or

2. Complete the tie cycle

The controller also checks the count to determine if a heel (or anything else that would produce an exceptionally long tie) has been detected in the twist tie area. If so, the alarm is sounded three times and that package is not indicated by the tyer's counter output.

If this system is not working correctly, it will cause the tyer to abort ties or enunciate heels incorrectly. You may see two packages tied together, because the tie was aborted on the first package. To see the number of the dispense counts on the most recent package, simply type: DISPENSE or this can be abbreviated to (DI)

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.8 DISPENSE command, cont'd.

The exact format of the output depends upon which PROM Version you have. The output to the screen will look approximately like this.

PASSED: RIBBON DISPENSER TIE COUNT at checkpoint was 19 > 17 - 3.

PASSED: RIBBON DISPENSER HEEL COUNT at checkpoint was 20 < 18 +3.

In this example, the 19 in the first row means that the count was at 19 when the controller checked to see whether the most recent cycle should be aborted. The 17 represents the median value for the last 11 cycles. The -3 means that the tyer would abort any packages, which produce a count, which is 3 less than the median value.

In the second row, the 20 means that the count was 20 when the controller checked to determine whether there appears to be a heel (or other foreign matter) inside the twist tie. The 18 represents the median value for the last 11 cycles. The +3 means that we would enunciate any packages, which are 3 more than the median value.

It should be understood that the median values may change slightly depending upon what type of bag and product is being run.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.5 Tyer commands, cont'd.

3.13.5.9 + command

This command provides a "back door" way of getting access to the tyer's controller if the tyer will not successfully home or if you wish not to home the tyer. This command causes the tyer to bypass the homing sequence that normally must successfully complete before you can type commands. In particular, this command permits you to perform inquiries (Such as the QUERY command) and to view the contents of the Trouble buffer described earlier in this document.

Never attempt to run the tyer servomotors while the tyer is in this mode. After completing your inquiries, you should always turn off power to the main electrical enclosure for a few seconds before continuing. This will reset the processor and assure safe operation.

To invoke this command, hold down the shift key and press the key with the + character. It is not necessary to press Enter. When the Motor 1> prompt appears, you will be able to enter other commands.

3.13.6 Capturing data into a text file on the PC

3.13.6.1 With the Burford® TERMINAL program

To begin capturing data, press Alt-F. A unique filename, based on the time and date, will be suggested in the dialog box in the center of the screen. You may use this filename or type in any other name permitted by DOS. If you choose your own file names, be sure to use a unique name each time so that you do not overwrite a previous file. A message will appear in the lower right-hand corner of the screen, which indicates that you are capturing data. Anything that is typed or written to the screen after you begin capturing will be saved into this file. As you are capturing a file, you can type in short notes to help in later understanding of what was happening. When you press ENTER, the display will show that you entered an invalid command, but your notes will be captured in the file. To stop capturing, press Alt-F again.

3.13 Communicating With The Controller, cont'd.

3.13.6 Capturing data into a text file on the PC, cont'd.

3.13.6.2 With Windows TERMINAL program

Be sure that you have the TERMINAL program properly configured as previously described. To begin capturing, select Transfers, then select Receive Text File. Enter a name for the file, being sure to type in the .txt file extension and return to the main screen. Anything that is typed or written to the screen after you begin receiving the text file will be captured to the file. As you are capturing a file, you can type in short notes to help in later understanding of what was happening. When you press ENTER, the display will show that you entered an invalid command, but your notes will be captured in the file. To stop capturing data, select the Stop button at the bottom of the screen.

3.13.6.3 After the files have been captured

Your captured files may be reviewed or printed using any text editor, such as the DOS text editor EDIT or the Windows text editor NOTEPAD. It is a good idea at that time to type in a quick summary of the tests you conducted at the top of the file for later reference. Control codes embedded in the text may cause the document to be printed with page breaks at strange locations. You can edit these out of the document if you wish.

3.14 Pass Thru Shelf

If a fault occurs during production and a tyer needs to be bypassed, the following procedure should be followed.

1. During conveyor down time, follow all local and in house lock out tag out procedures, turn "OFF" electrical power to tyer.

CAUTION: Moving machinery may cause serious injuries and damage. Keep all objects and personnel away from moving machinery.

2. Unlatch securing latches on the sides of tyer.



3. Loosen set screws securing brush assembly to brush mount.



4. Slide both the tyer and the brush assembly away from conveyor side.



Fig. 3-30 Pass Thru Shelf

3.14 Pass Thru Shelf, cont'd.

5. Remove bypass shelf from tyer currently being bypassed by lifting "UP" on bypass shelf using the slots on top of shelf.



6. Place bypass shelf in to position on tyer needing to be bypassed. Place the shelf lip over the top edge of the tyer.



- 7. Slide active tyer in to position against conveyor side and latch securely in to position.
- 8. Slide brush assembly into position and tighten securing screws.
- 9. Turn "ON" electrical power to tyer and begin production.



4.0 TROUBLESHOOTING

4.1 Diagnostic LED's

The specifications defined below apply to Amplifier Board P/N 611484. The Amplifier Board has forty-six LED's to assist in troubleshooting the Tyer.

D50, D51 NEEDLE Phase A and NEEDLE Phase B

Indicates input signals from the needle motor encoder. Each LED should blink on and off as the needle is moved back and forth. For further information on troubleshooting these encoder signals (see Section 4.6.1).

D52, D53 TWISTER Phase A and TWISTER Phase B

Indicates input signals from the twister hook motor encoder. Each LED should blink on and off as the twister hook is rotated back and forth. For further information on troubleshooting these encoder signals (see Section 4.6.1).

D63, D64 H/S Phase A and H/S Phase B

Indicates input signals from the holder/shear motor encoder. Each LED should blink on and off as the holder shear motor is rotated back and forth. For further information on troubleshooting these encoder signals (see Section 4.6.1).

D65, D66 BELT Phase A and BELT Phase B

Indicates input signals from the belt motor encoder. Each LED should blink on and off as the belt motor is rotated back and forth. For further information on troubleshooting these encoder signals (see Section 4.6.1).

D74 THREAD SWITCH

Indicates when the THREAD switch is pushed.

4.1 Diagnostic LED's, cont'd.

D83 RIBBON DISP

Indicates when one of the steel dowels in the ribbon dispenser spool is covering the ribbon dispense proximity sensor.

D62 BAG SWITCH

Indicates when the bag switch is depressed.

D78 H/S HOME

Indicates when the holder shear home proximity sensor is covered by the tabs on the holder shear shuttle cam.

D77 TWISTER HOME

Indicates when the tip of the twister hook is covering the twister hook home proximity sensor.

D76 NEEDLE HOME

Indicates when the needle is covering the needle home proximity sensor.

D2 BAGGER ENABLE RELAY

Indicates when the bagger enable relay, CR1 on the Amplifier Board, is energized.

D75 RIBBON DROP

Indicates when the dancer arm is actuating the ribbon drop proximity sensor.

D73/BCD 8, D72/BCD 4, D71/BCD 2, D70/BCD 1

Indicates the signals coming from the belt speed pushwheel switch. The following table shows how the LED's should respond to each setting.

Setting	BCD 8	BCD 4	BCD 2	BCD 1
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
4	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	OFF	ON	ON	ON
8	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
11	ON	OFF	ON	ON
12	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
13	ON	ON	OFF	ON
14	ON	ON	ON	OFF
15	ON	ON	ON	ON

4.1 Diagnostic LED's, cont'd.

D3 SERVO ENABLED RELAY

Indicates when the servos enabled relay, CR2 on the Amplifier Board, is energized.

D57, D58, CPU0, CPU1

Indicates CPU activity.

D68 HORN

Indicates power is being sent to the horn.

D55, D56, PCS0, PCS1

Indicates CPU activity.

D69 COUNTER RELAY

Indicates when the counter relay, CR3 in the main enclosure, is energized.

D79, D80, D81 OPTIONAL I/O STATUS

Indicates optional input or output signal status.

D59, D60, D61 OPTIONAL INPUT STATUS

Indicates optional input signal status.

D49 RUN PWR

Indicates that the run circuit has been energized. The run circuit is made up of the START button, STOP button, mag-lock on the front cover, and the CPU status relay CR2 on the Amplifier board. All of these contacts must be closed for the run circuit to seal-in.

D46 CPU STATUS RELAY

Indicates the CPU is active and ready to control the motors. This LED must be on before the run circuit will seal-in.

4.2 Seven Segment LED Error Codes

Mounted on the operator panel is the seven segment LED which can display all of the numbers and most of the alphabet, one character at a time. This device is used to display various codes that give the Tyer's status and may be helpful in troubleshooting. The codes are divided into three categories: counter, status and error. The CPU keeps a running count of the number of packages tied by the Tyer. During normal operation, the letter 'C' will be displayed followed by this count. Status codes begin with the letter 'H'. These codes give general information pertaining to the current Tyer status. Error codes begin with the letter 'E'. These codes will give information pertaining to a Tyer fault. For more information on how to use, the error codes to troubleshoot the Tyer (see Section 4.6).

Once an Error Code has been displayed, it will be repeated until a new code replaces it or power is turned off. Generally, you will have to home the Tyer or tie a package before the code will be removed. The following is a list of the codes and their description.

CODE H001 H002 H003 H004 H005 H006 H007 H008 H011 H012 H021 H022 H031	DESCRIPTION Main electric box power switched on External reset detected Tyer HOMING sequence aborted by operator Tyer not ready, close door and push START (see Section 4.6.7) Ribbon drop detected. Thread tyer. Two bags were too close together Tie cycle aborted, not enough ribbon used Heel detected, too much ribbon used Needle at end of forward travel Needle at end of backward travel Twister hook at end of backward travel Holder/shear at end of forward travel
H032 H051	Holder/shear at end of backward travel Motor control loop ran out of time.
H052 H159 H160 H162	Command table out of order. Loss of clock: push RUN Reset instruction: push RUN Test module reset: push RUN
E001 E101 E102 E111	Tie cycle aborted: ribbon not threaded CPU detected a problem and stopped tyer HOMING sequence failed Unable to control needle while homing

4.2 Seven Segment LED Error Codes, cont'd.

CODE E112	DESCRIPTION Trailing edge of needle prox not found
E113	Leading edge of needle prox not found
E114	Can't move needle to home position
E115	Needle motor not moving
E116	Needle jammed or encoder fault
E117	Needle home prox. not detected.
E121	Unable to control hook while homing
E122	Trailing edge of hook prox not found
E123	Leading edge of hook prox not found
E124	Can't move hook to home position
E125	Twister hook motor not moving
E126	Twister hook jammed or encoder fault
E127	Twister hook home prox. not detected.
E131	Unable to control shear while homing
E132	Trailing edge of shear prox not found
E133	Leading edge of shear prox not found
E134	Can't move holder/shear to home position
E135	Holder/shear motor not moving
E136	Holder/shear jammed or encoder fault
E137	Holder/shear home prox. not detected.
E146	Gathering belts jammed or encoder fault
E151	Spurious interrupt detected by CPU
E152	General interrupt detected by CPU
E153	Bus error at 0xfrom 0x
E154	Address error at 0xfrom 0x
E155	Bad opcode at 0x
E156	Divide by zero at PC 0x
E157	Watchdog reset. Push run
E158	Halt monitor reset. Push run
E162	CPU detected IRQ 1
E163	CPU detected IRQ 2
E164	CPU detected IRQ 3
E165	CPU detected IRQ 4
E166	CPU detected IRQ 5
E167	CPU detected IRQ 6
E168	CPU detected IRQ 7
E169	Privileged instruction at 0x
E201	None of the three motors are moving
E300	Stack overflow error.

4.3 Audible Alarm Codes

A long beep is 1 second in duration. A short beep is 1/2 second in duration.

Alarm	Display Code	Description
1 Short	None	Power turned on, or home sequence successful.
2 Short	H006	Bag necks too close together (tried to start 2 nd cycle before 1 st cycle was completed).
1 Long	H007	Aborted tie cycle, not enough ribbon used.
2 Long	E116, E126, E136 or E146	One or more motors jammed or encoder faults.
3 Short	H008	Heel tied in package, too much ribbon used.

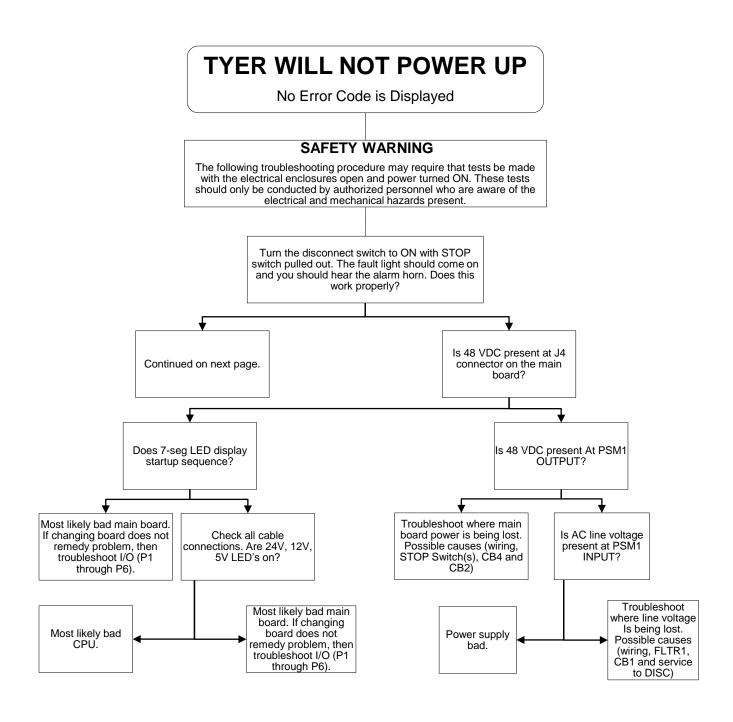
4.4 Terminal Option

The Smart Tyer is capable of communicating with a terminal over the serial port located on the edge of the CPU board. The terminal must be connected to the CPU using a serial cable (see Section 3.13.3). Using the terminal, the Smart Tyer can be queried as to its status and controlled manually for troubleshooting. This terminal is not required for normal operation.

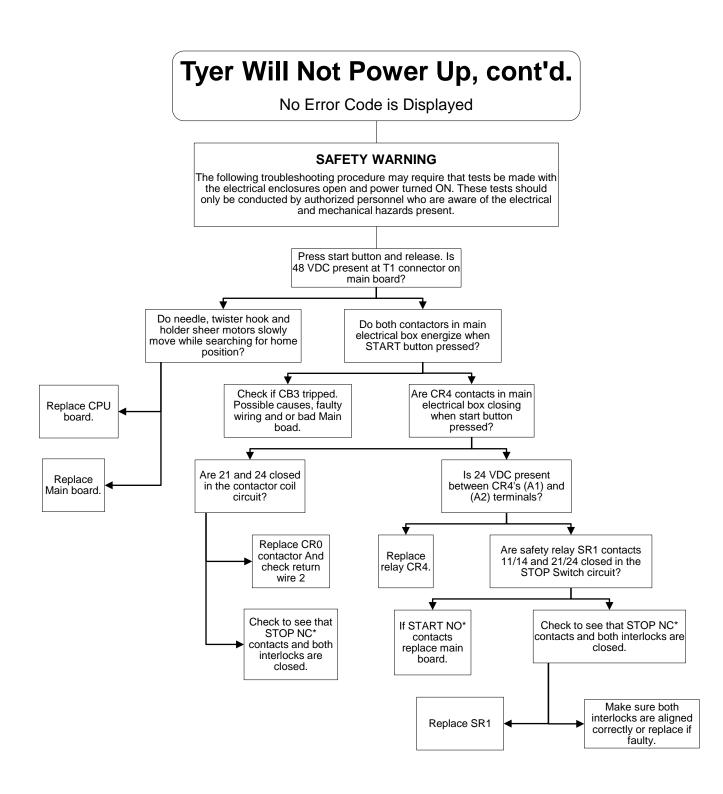
4.5 Troubleshooting Flow Charts

The troubleshooting flow charts on the following pages are intended to allow a serviceman to repair a problem and get the tyer running again as quickly as possible. These flow charts refer to several other diagrams and test procedures in Sections 4.6 and 4.7 that aid in the troubleshooting.

The troubleshooting flow charts deal with electrical problems that result in an Error Code being displayed in the viewing window. Only those Error Codes that are displayed in this viewing window are discussed.



Flow Chart 4-1 Tyer Will Not Power Up



Flow Chart 4-2 Tyer Will Not Power Up, cont'd.

GATHERING BELTS WON'T RUN No Error Code Is Displayed SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. In normal operation, the belts will not begin to run until he three servo motors have successfully completed the homing sequence, which is indicated by a single beep and the green INITIALIZED light on the operator panel turns on. Is this light ON? Does the tyer appear to complete ls the Belt Speed switch on its homing sequence without the operator panel set to displaying any error codes in the window of the operator panel? zero? The INITIALIZED L.E.D. Set belt speed Are gear belts appears to be bad. switch to missing or Check and repair as desired defective? necessary. Retest speed. Will belts run with Brush/Belt Replace missing or Go to troubleshooting selector switch on the operator defective parts. section for Tyer Won't panel in the ON position? Power Up (pg. 4-7). Set the Brush/Belts selector switch Set selector switch to AUTO. Start the bagger. on the operator panel to the ON Use a voltmeter to check for Bagger Clutch position. Check the L.E.D. marked signal from the bagger on Wires 40 and 43 on BAGG ACTV. Is the L.E.D. on? ČR1 coil (A1) and (A2) terminals. Is voltage present? Check SS1 and wiring to Verify CR1 contacts P6 connector. Are they (11) and (14) are both good? onnected to P6:7 and Is the Belt Speed BCD P6:36. If connected change CR1 switch working properly? Replace Main Repair wiring for board Bagger Clutch signal from bagger. Repair wiring to switch or replace switch as needed. Replace switch If a switch is not available, Replace Main and or replace a temporary fix can be board. wiring made by placing jumpers on the switch terminals of connector P6.

Flow Chart 4-3 Gathering Belts Won't Run

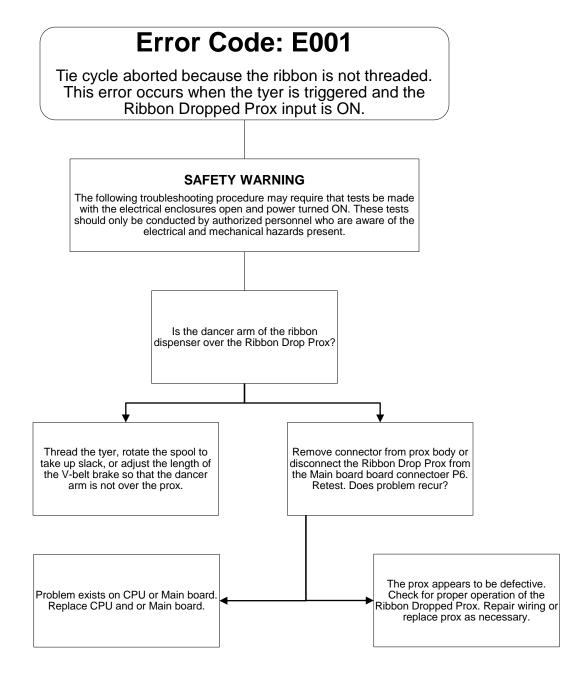
No Error Code is Displayed SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. The gathering brushes use an AC induction motor. It is not a servo motor and it is not controlled by the CPU in the tyer. This test should be done with the tyer's gathering belts running. Start the tyer and turn the BELTS/BRUSHES switch on the operator panel to ON. Check CB5 and CB6 in The Bagger Active the main electrical box. signal is not getting from Have they been the bagger to the tyer. tripped? Troubleshoot this wiring. Go to troubleshooting flow chart GATHERING Using a voltmeter, check for AC Reset the voltage at motor leads. Check BELTS WON'T RUN breaker. motor nameplate for rating. Is (pg. 4-9). voltage present? Some 220 VAC motors use a Check voltage at CRE1 between capacitor. Check connections to it. If terminal 1 and wire 92 and OK, check wiring in junction box on between terminal 2 and wire 92. motor. If this is OK, replace the motor. Repair AC wiring to Check DC voltage across the input output of solid-state terminals of the solid-state relay which relay. controls the motor for the gathering brushes. Replace the solid-state relay Verify good connections P6:7 to the positive terminal and also P6:23 to the negative terminal. Is there continuity? Replace Main Repair faulty board. wiring.

MOTOR FOR GATHERING BRUSHES WON'T RUN

Flow Chart 4-4 Gathering Brushes Won't Run

TYER WON'T ALLOW BAGGER TO START No Error Code is Displayed SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. When the tyer is ready to tie packages, it closes a set of dry contacts that completes a bagger circuit that allows the bagger to start and run. If these contacts are not closed, the bagger cannot run. The tyer must complete a homing sequence before the relay is closed to allow the bagger to start. Power up the tyer and press the RUN button on the operator panel. The bagger cannot start if the Go to troubleshooting Ribbon Dropped Prox is ON. Is the Section 4.2 for the ribbon threaded and the Ribbon Error Code displayed. Dropped Prox turned OFF? The bagger cannot start if the Fault light Thread the tyer or, if necessary, rotate the Go to troubleshooting on the operator ribbon spool slightly to pull flow chart "Tyer Will panel is ON. Is the dancer arm away from Not Power Up" on (pg. fault light ON? Ribbon Dropped Prox. 4-7). If no error code is Check the small indicator L.E.D. displayed, either the marked Bagger Relay on the Main board. Is it ON? Ribbon Dropped prox is on or the tyer has been stopped by someone opening the door or pressing the STOP button Is 24 VDC present between CR2's coil CPU and or Main on the operator panel. board bad. Replace Thread the ribbon or start (A1) and (A2) in main as necesary. the tyer as needed. electrical box? If wiring between Are CR2's NO* CR2 and connector contacts (11) and (14) closing? P1 is good. Then replace Main board. Wiring problem exists between CR2 and Bagger circuitry. Replace relay CR2.

Flow Chart 4-5 Tyer Won't Allow Bagger To Start



Flow Chart 4-6 Error Code: E001

CPU detected a problem and stopped tyer.

This error code is related to the microprocessor. It may be caused by a software or hardware problem. Usually, this type of problem is caused by electrical noise and will go away when power is cycled.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

Turn off the power on the main electric box to reset the microprocessor. Wait 5 seconds. Turn on power and check for normal operation. If the problem persists, replace the CPU board and notify Burford® Corp. of this problem.

Flow Chart 4-7 Error Code: E101

HOMING sequence failed.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates the homing sequence took too long. One or more of the Servo Motors were unable to complete their HOMING sequence.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing a motor from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem.

Clear jam.

Flow Chart 4-8 Error Code: E102

Unable to control needle while homing.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E112 indicates that the controller detected the needle's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the needle past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E113 indicates that the controller detected the needle's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the needle back over the prox to turn the prox ON.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing the needle from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem.

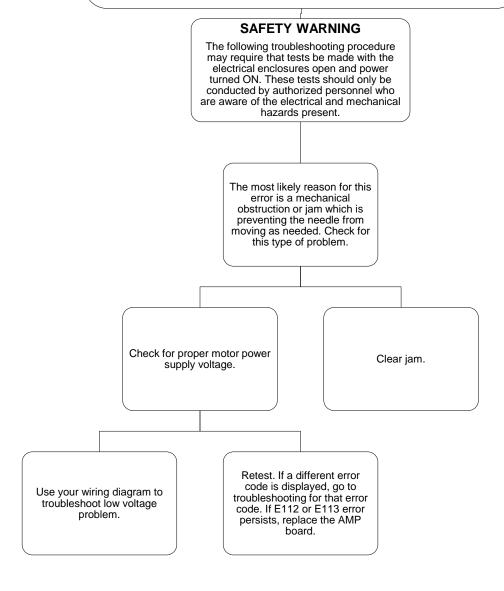
Clear jam.

Flow Chart 4-9 Error Code: E111

Error Code: E112 or E113

Only one edge of needle's home prox is detected.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E112 indicates that the controller detected the needle's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the needle past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E113 indicates that the controller detected the needle's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the needle back over the prox to turn the prox ON.



Flow Chart 4-10 Error Code: E112 or E113

Controller is not able to move the needle to its starting position.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. After all motors have found their home proxes, the controller tries to move all motors to their starting positions. If the needle motor has not reached its starting position after trying for 30 seconds, then this error is set.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical interference or jam which is preventing the needle from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem.

Check for low voltage at the motor power supply. If problem persists, replace the AMP board.

Flow Chart 4-11 Error Code: E114

Error Code: E115 and E116

Needle Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder

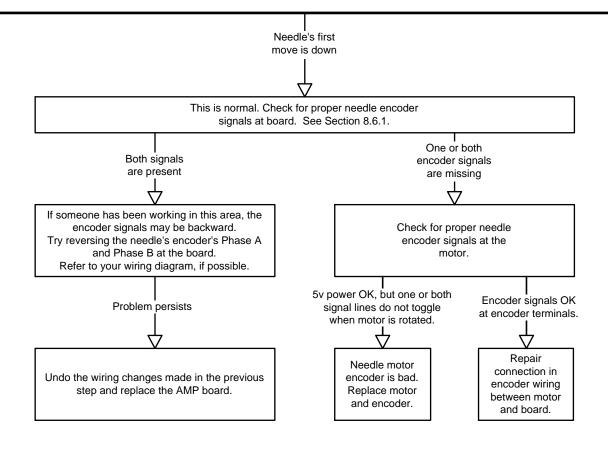
These error codes are set when the controller is trying to move the needle, but the needle either isn't moving or the controller cannot tell that the motor is moving. E115 occurs only during the homing sequence. E116 occurs only at other times.

SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. Check for a blown With power off, check to see if Clear out jam, loosen Motor is Motor Needle Motor Fuse needle is jammed or needle motor is hard to belt, or replace on the AMP Board. hard to turn by hand. bearings as needed. easily turn See section 8.6.3. Fuse OK Replace Needle Motor Fuse on AMP board and test for Fuse blows Fuse Bad proper operation. Watch needle during startup. immediately Place voltmeter leads Check voltage at DC contactor pulls Check motor supply circuit breaker across motor power power supply DC Power in , but motor voltagein the central cabinet. supply connector 48 volt DC not present is not present (T1) on edge of AMP board. Start tyer. Check for DC motor voltage on Breaker Tripped Breaker OK AMP board. Note: This may be difficult to measure Troubleshoot DC contactor if the DC power DC latch circuit. Reset The problem is never pulls in contactor drops out circuit with the power supply quickly. breaker or wiring to them. DC contactor pulls in, and motor voltage is present Use Section 8.6.2 to troubleshoot motor connections. Needle Place needle in midstroke position. motor Cycle power, start tyer and see if does not needle motor moves at all before Motor and Bad turn error occurs. Bad motor connections OK at all connection Needle's first Needle's first Needle motor move is up Needle Motor driver move is down leads are Replace Repair connection on AMP board is backwards. in needle motor needle Continued on bad. Replace the Reverse wires at motor. wiring. AMP board. next page AMP board.

Flow Chart 4-12 Error Code: E115 and E116

Error Code: E115 and E116, cont'd.

Needle Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder



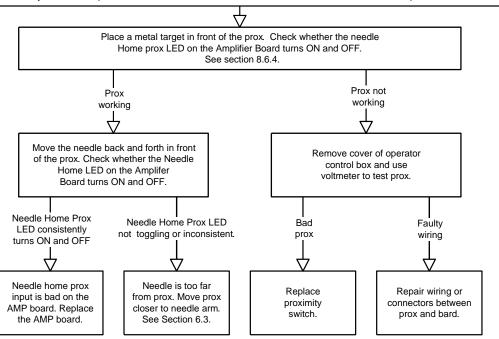
Flow Chart 4-13 Error Code: E115 and E116, cont'd.

Needle Motor Home Prox Not Detected

This error code is set when the controller is trying to home the needle and its motor is moving, but the home prox doesn't turn ON or OFF as expected.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.



Flow Chart 4-14 Error Code: E117

Unable to control hook while homing.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E122 indicates that the controller detected the hook's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the hook past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E123 indicates that the controller detected the hook's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the hook back over the prox to turn the prox ON.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing the hook from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem.

Flow Chart 4-15 Error Code: E121

Error Code: E122 or E123

Only one edge of twister hook's home prox is detected.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E122 indicates that the controller detected the hook's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the hook past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E123 indicates that the controller detected the hook's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the hook back over the prox to turn the prox ON.

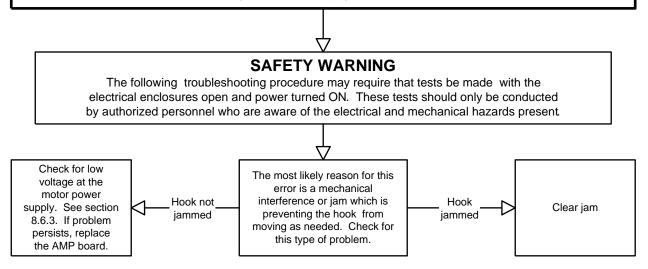
SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing the twister hook from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem. Hook not Twister hook jammed motor jammed Check for proper motor power Clear jam supply voltage. See section 8.6.3. Voltage Voltage OK is low Retest. If a different error code is displayed, go to Use your wiring diagram troubleshooting for that to troubleshoot low error code. If E122 or voltage problem. E123 error persists.

replace the AMP board.

Flow Chart 4-16 Error Code: E122 or E123

Controller is not able to move the hook to its starting position.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. After all motors have found their home proxes, the controller tries to move all motors to their starting positions. If the hook motor has not reached its starting position after trying for 30 seconds, then this error is set.



Flow Chart 4-17 Error Code: E124

Error Code: E125 and E126

Hook Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder

These error codes are set when the controller is trying to move the hook, but the hook either isn't moving or the controller cannot tell that the motor is moving. E125 occurs only during the homing sequence. E126 occurs only at other times.

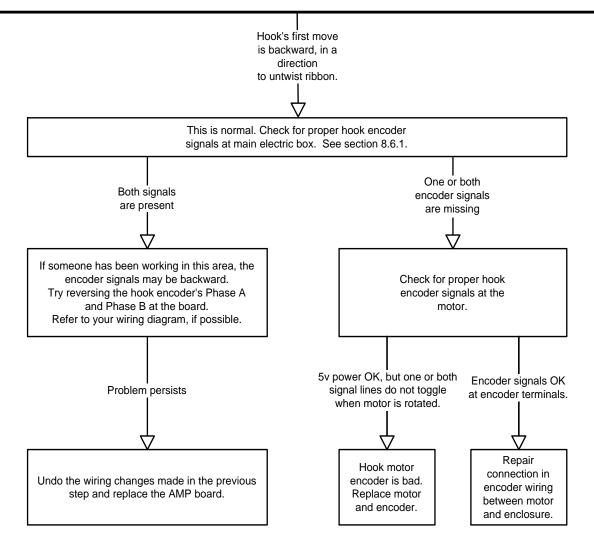
SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. Check for a blown With power off, check to see if hook Clear out jam, loosen Motor Motor is Hook Motor Fuse turns is jammed or hook motor is hard to hard to belt, or replace on the AMP Board. turn by hand. bearings as needed. easily See section 8.6.3 Fuse OK Replace Hook Motor Fuse on AMP board and test Fuse blows for proper operation. Watch hook during startup. immediately Place voltmeter leads DC contactor pulls Check voltage at across motor power DC Power Check motor supply circuit breaker in , but motor voltage supply connector power supply in the central cabinet. not present is not present 48 volt DC (T1) on edge of AMP board. Start tyer. Check for DC motor voltage on Breaker OK **Breaker Tripped** AMP board. Note: This may be difficult to measure DC contactor Troubleshoot if the DC power Reset The problem is never pulls in DC latch circuit. contactor drops out with the power supply circuit quickly. breaker or wiring to them. DC contactor pulls in, and motor voltage is present Use section 8.6.2 to troubleshoot motor connections. Cycle power, start tyer Hook motor and see if hook motor Motor and Bad does not turn Bad motor moves at all before connections OK connection at all error occurs Hook's first move is forward in a Hook Motor driver Replace Repair connection direction to on AMP board is hook in hook motor twist ribbon. bad. Replace the wiring. Hook's first move motor. AMP board. Hook motor leads are is backward in a backwards. direction to Reverse wires at untwist ribbon AMP board. Continued on

Flow Chart 4-18 Error Code: E125 and E126

next page

Error Code: E125 and E126, cont'd.

Hook Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder



Flow Chart 4-19 Error Code: E125 and E126, cont'd.

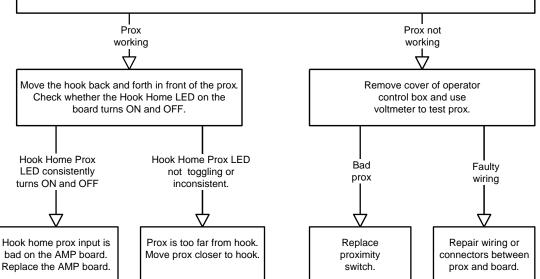
Hook Motor Home Prox Not Detected

This error code is set when the controller is trying to home the hook and its motor is moving, but the home prox doesn't turn ON or OFF as expected.

SAFETY WARNING ting procedure may require t

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

Place a metal target in front of the prox. Check whether the hook home prox LED on the board turns ON and OFF. See section 8.6.4.



Flow Chart 4-20 Error Code: E127

Unable to control shear while homing.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E132 indicates that the controller detected the shear's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the shear past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E133 indicates that the controller detected the shear's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the shear back over the prox to turn the prox ON.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing the Holder Sear from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem.

Flow Chart 4-21 Error Code: E131

Error Code: E132 or E133

Only one edge of holder/shear's home prox is detected.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. It indicates either of two similar conditions. E132 indicates that the controller detected the shear's home prox turning ON, but it cannot drive the shear cam past the prox to turn the prox OFF. E133 indicates that the controller detected the shear's home prox turning OFF, but it cannot drive the shear cam back over the prox to turn the prox ON.

SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. The most likely reason for this error is a mechanical obstruction or jam which is preventing the shear from moving as needed. Check for this type of problem. Holder/shear not jammed Holder/shear Check for proper motor power motor jammed supply voltage. See section 8.6.3. Voltage is low Voltage OK Retest. If a different error code Use your wiring diagram is displayed, go to troubleshooting to troubleshoot low Clear jam. for that error code. If E132 or E133 voltage problem. error persists, replace the AMP board.

Flow Chart 4-22 Error Code: E132 or E133

Controller not able to move the shear motor to its starting position.

This error only occurs while the tyer is in its homing sequence. After all motors have found their home proxes, the controller tries to move all motors to their starting positions. If the shear motor has not reached its starting position after trying for 30 seconds, then this error is set.

SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. Check for low The most likely reason for this voltage at the error is a mechanical Shear motor power interference or jam which is Shear motor supply. See section preventing the shear motor motor Clear jam not 8.6.3. If problem from moving as needed. jammed jammed persists, replace Check for this type of the AMP board. problem.

Flow Chart 4-23 Error Code: E134

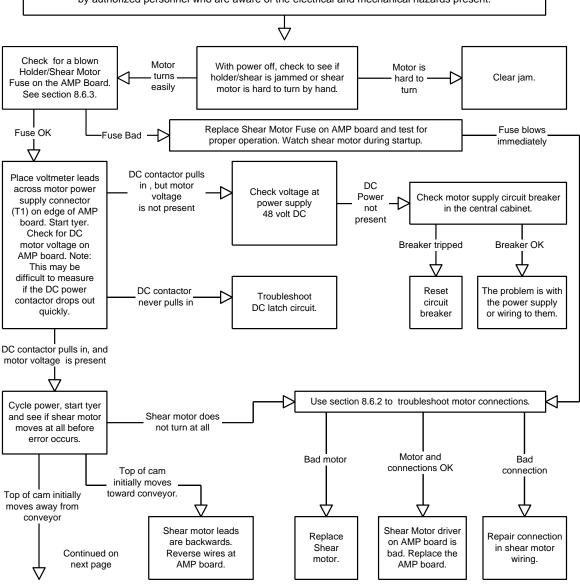
Error Code: E135 and E136

Shear Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder

These error codes are set when the controller is trying to move theshear motor, but the motor either isn't moving or the controller cannot tell that the motor is moving. E135 occurs only during the homing sequence. E136 occurs only at other times.

SAFETY WARNING

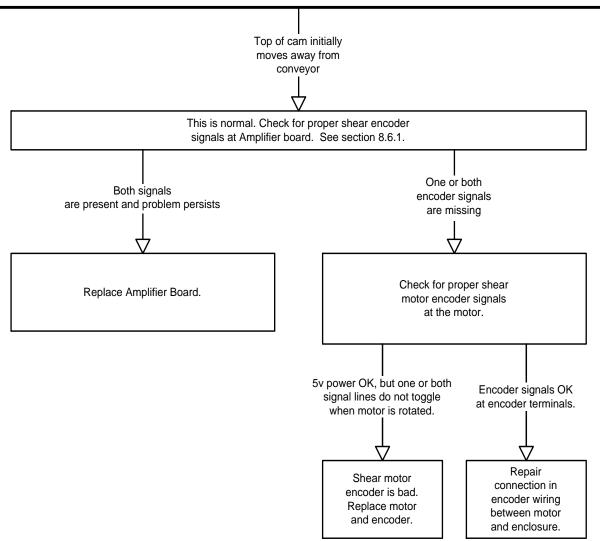
The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.



Flow Chart 4-24 Error Code: E135 and E136

Error Code: E135 and E136, cont'd.

Shear Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder



Flow Chart 4-25 Error Code: E135 and E136, cont'd.

Shear Motor Home Prox Not Detected

This error code is set when the controller is trying to home the shear motor and its motor is moving, but the home prox doesn't turn ON or OFF as expected.

SAFETY WARNING The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present. Place a metal target in front of the prox. Check whether the shear home prox LED on the Amplifier Board turns ON and OFF. See section 8.6.4. Prox not Prox working working Move the shear cam back and forth in front of the prox. Use Check whether the Shear Home LED on the voltmeter to test prox. Amplifier Board turns ON and OFF. Shear Home Prox LED Shear Home Prox Faulty Bad LED consistently not toggling or wiring prox turns ON and OFF inconsistent. Shear home prox input is bad Prox is too far from shear Replace Repair wiring or connectors on the AMP board. Replace cam. Move prox closer to between prox and main proximity

switch.

electrical enclosure.

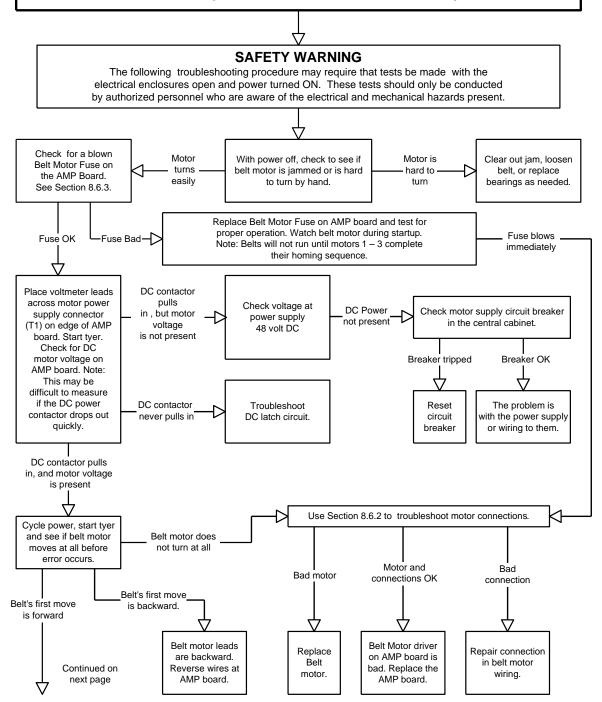
cam.

Flow Chart 4-26 Error Code: E137

the AMP board.

Belt Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder

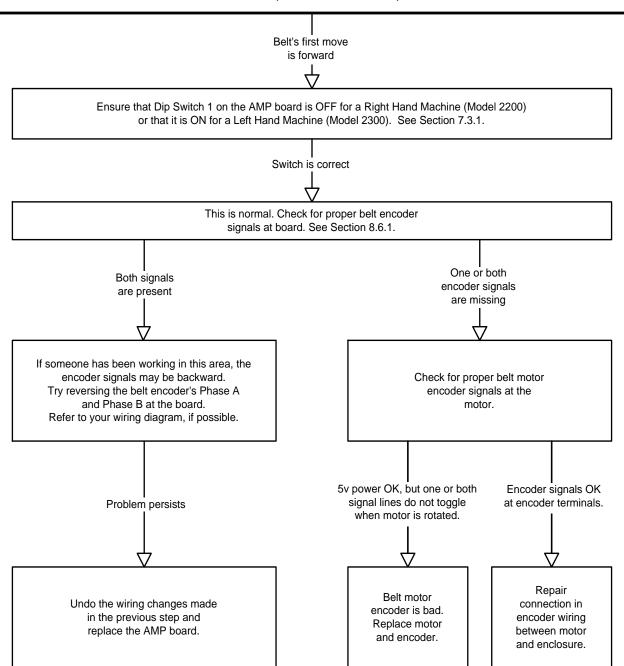
These error codes are set when the controller is trying to move the belt motor, but the motor either isn't moving or the controller cannot tell that the motor is moving..



Flow Chart 4-27 Error Code: E146

Error Code: E146, cont'd.

Belt Motor Fuse Blown, Motor Stalled, or Bad Encoder



Flow Chart 4-28 Error Code: E146, cont'd.

Error Code: E151 through E169

Microprocessor error.

These error codes are all related to the microprocessor. They may be software or hardware problems. These problems are caused by electrical irregularities and will sometimes go away when power is cycled. Be prepared to replace the CPU.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

Turn off the power on the main electric box to reset the microprocessor. Wait 5 seconds. Turn on power and check for normal operation. If the problem persists, replace the CPU board and notify Burford Corp. of this problem.

Flow Chart 4-29 Error Code: E151 through E169

Microprocessor stack overflow error.

This error code is related to the microprocessor. Usually, this problem will go away when power is cycled.

SAFETY WARNING

The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests be made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned ON. These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

Turn off the power on the main electric box to reset the microprocessor. Wait 5 seconds. Turn on power and check for normal operation. If the problem persists, replace the CPU board and notify Burford Corp. of this problem.

Flow Chart 4-30 Error Code: E300

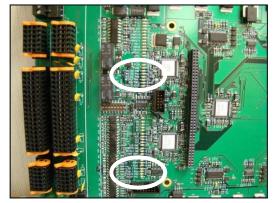
4.6 **Test Procedures**

4.6.1 Test procedure for motor encoders

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

An encoder can be checked for proper operation by following these steps.

- 1. Open the main electrical enclosure.
- 2. Turn the disconnect switch on.
- 3. Push the "ON" button located on the door to engage power.
- 4. While turning the shaft of the motor very slowly, observe the LEDs (Light Emitting Diodes) on the Amplifier Board. The 8 encoder LEDs are labeled BELT Phase A. BELT Phase B, H/S Phase A, H/S Phase B, NEEDLE Phase A, NEEDLE Phase B, TWISTER Phase A, and TWISTER Phase B. As you turn a motor, its encoder LEDs should be turning "ON" and "OFF". Only one of the LED's should toggle at any given time. Fig. 4-1 Motor Encoder Test



However, the motor must be turned very slowly in order to observe this sequence because each LED turns "ON" and "OFF" 500 times per motor revolution. Note: If an encoder lead is broken or disconnected that LED will be "ON" all the time.

5. If both encoder LED's are blinking as you rotate the motor and they do not always blink at the same time, you can be well assured that the encoder is working properly.

4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.2 Test procedure for motor continuity

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that

tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and

mechanical hazards present.

The motor leads are attached to corresponding connectors on the edge of the Amplifier Board. A motor can be tested for continuity by following these steps.

- 1. Remove electrical power from the unit. Remove main cover.
- Use the table below and Figure 4-2 to determine location of motor connector for the motor to be tested. Disconnect the motor connector from the amplifier board.

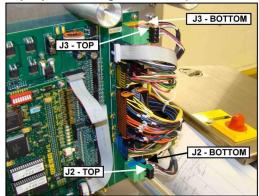


Fig. 4-2 Motor Connector Location

3. Measure motor resistance at motor wires (red-black, red-white, black-white). The ohmmeter readings should be 1 ohm or less. If not, motor may need to be replaced.

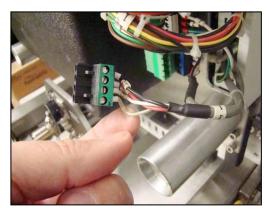


Fig. 4-3 Motor Resistance

Motor #	Position	Color Code	Connector
1	Needle	Green	J2-TOP, P2
2	Twister Hook	Blue	J2-BOTTOM, P3
3	Holder/Shear	Red	J3-TOP, P4
4	Belts	Yellow	J3-BOTTOM, P5

4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.3 Test procedure for servo motor fuses

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that

tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and

mechanical hazards present.

As shown in Figure 4-4, the fuses for the four servo motors are located on the amplifier board. The motor fuses can be checked by following these steps.

- 1. Remove electrical power from unit.
- Locate the Amplifier board on the back of the Tyer Head.
- Remove the desired fuse from the amplifier board. The amplifier board is labeled for fuse identification. This should be done carefully so as not to damage the traces under the fuses. Never use a metal screwdriver.
- 4. With the fuse removed, check it with an ohmmeter. The resistance of any of these fuses should be less than 1 ohm.

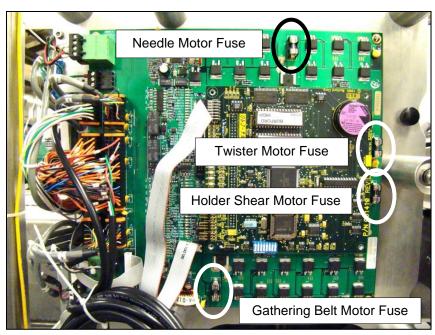


Fig. 4-4 Servo Motor Fuses Test

4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.4 Test procedure for checking the proximity switch LED's

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by

authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and

mechanical hazards present.

A proximity sensor can be checked for proper operation by following these steps.

- 1. Open the main electrical enclosure.
- 2. Turn the disconnect switch "ON".
- 3. Push the "ON" button located on the door to engage main power.
- 4. The 5 proximity LEDs are labeled NEEDLE HOME, TWISTER HOME, H/S HOME, RIBBON DROP and RIBBON DISP as shown below.
- 5. While triggering the proximity switch with a piece of metal, observe the LED on the Amplifier Board. The LED corresponding to the proximity switch being triggered should come on when the proximity switch is triggered.

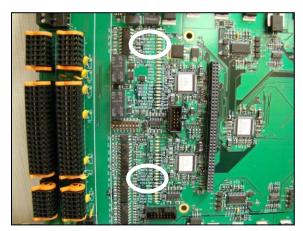


Fig. 4-5 Prox Switch LED Test

4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.5 Test procedure for the BCD switch

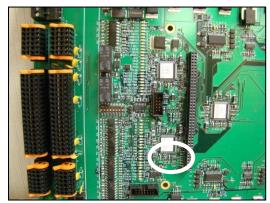
Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power

turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and

mechanical hazards present.

The BCD switch controls the speed of the gathering belts. It can be checked for proper operation by following these steps.

- 1. Open the main electrical enclosure.
- 2. Turn the disconnect switch "ON".
- 3. Push the "ON" button located on the door to engage power.
- 4. Locate the BCD LEDs (Light Emitting Diode) on the Amplifier Board. The 4 BCD LEDs are labeled (BCD 1, BCD 2, BCD 4, and BCD 8).
- 5. Observe the LEDs while changing the setting of the BCD switch, located on the operator control box. The LEDs should display in binary whatever is set Fig. 4-6 BCD Switch Test
 - on the switch. For example if the switch is set at 11 the LEDs labeled BCD 1,
 - BCD 2, and BCD 8 should be on. All the BCD LEDs should be on at the setting of 15, and they all should be off at the setting of 0.
- 6. If switch is not working, you can temporarily place jumpers between the BCD lines and ground. For instance, to get a speed of 10, place a jumper from BCD8 to ground and another from BCD2 to ground.



4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.6 Test procedure for the bag switch

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and mechanical hazards present.

The bag switch can be checked for proper operation by following these steps.

- 1. Open the main electrical enclosure.
- 2. Turn the disconnect switch "ON".
- 3. Push the "ON" button located on the door to engage power.
- 4. Locate the bag switch LED (Light Emitting Diode) on the amplifier board. The bag switch LED is labeled (BAG SWITCH).
- 5. Observe the LED while pressing the wand of the bag switch down. The LED should light up when the wand is pushed down.

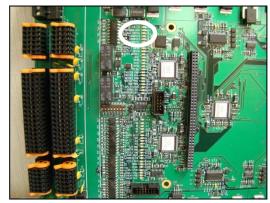


Fig. 4-7 Bag Switch Test

4.6 Test Procedures, cont'd.

4.6.7 Test procedure for enclosure/head compatibility

Safety Warning: The following troubleshooting procedure may require that

tests are made with the electrical enclosures open and power turned "ON". These tests should only be conducted by authorized personnel who are aware of the electrical and

mechanical hazards present.

For electrical enclosures built with wiring diagram ED0650C or earlier to be compatible with tyer heads built with wiring diagram ED0650D or later; a jumper must be added by following these steps. Incompatible enclosure/tyer head combinations without the jumper, result in error code H004.

- 1. Open the main electrical enclosure.
- 2. Locate terminal strip (TB1).

3. If wire P1:34 is present, then jumper (Burford® P/N C06369) must be inserted to connect wires P1:33 and P1:34.

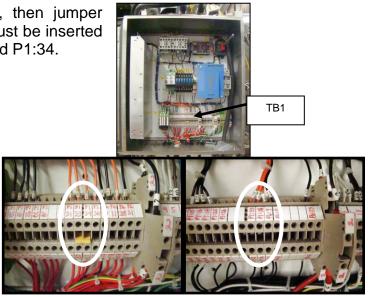


Fig. 4-8 Interlock Switch Jumper

Note: If wire P1:34 is not present, then no action is required.

4.7 Mechanical Troubleshooting

Problem Description	Probable Cause	Recommended Action
	Excessive ribbon tension.	1a. Check that ribbon dispenser is working freely.
		1b. Check that ribbon on spool is not wrapped over itself, preventing ribbon from unspooling correctly.
		1c. Reduce ribbon tension by moving end of tension spring on adjustment rod.
	2. Trash going through tyer.	2. Clear trash and change the bagger setup to correct problem.
Excessive ribbon drops	3. Package recognition system not active.	3. Be sure that DIP switch 6, on AMP board, is set to the ON position (see Section 3.9).
	4. Bag neck is too short.	4. Increase bag length.
	5. Brushes at incorrect angle causing drag back of bag.	5. Correct brush angle (see Section 3.6.5).
	6. Poor bag tail presentation.	6. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger must be flat and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
Needle punches a hole through the bag neck.	1. Bag switch arm is set too low, allowing false indication of bag trailing edge.	1. Raise the end of the bag switch arm (see Section 3.6.11).
	2. Poor bag tail presentation.	2. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger must be flat and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
Bags drag back hard against the flight after being	1. Brushes at improper angle, and not feeding bag neck into tyer correctly.	1. Adjust angle of brushes (see Section 3.6.5).
tied.	2. Gathering belts running too slow.	2. Increase belt speed using pushwheel switch on operator box.
	1. Ribbon dispense prox not properly adjusted.	1. Adjust prox closer to ribbon roller. Be sure that the prox can detect all of the steel dowels in the roller.
	2. Ribbon dispense prox not working.	2. Check wiring and power to prox. Replace if necessary. You may disable the Package Recognition system with DIP switch 6 on the AMP board (see Section 3.9).
Tyer aborts tie cycle of apparently good package	3. Ribbon has jumped out of the needle.	3. Open front cover and place ribbon into roller of needle.
	4. Ribbon has jumped out of ribbon roller above needle.	4. Place ribbon properly into ribbon roller.
	5. Poor bag tail presentation.	5. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger must be flat and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.

4.7 Mechanical troubleshooting, cont'd.

Problem Description	Probable Cause	Recommended Action
Twist tie ribbon breaks during tying operation.	 Excessive ribbon tension. Poor quality ribbon. 	 See Section 3.6.7 for proper tension adjustment. Replace ribbon.
	3. Poor bag tail presentation.	3. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
Ribbon wraps around twister hook shaft.	Twister hook shaft is too close to holder shear.	Move hook shaft to proper spacing.
	2. Poor bag tail presentation.	2. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
	 Excessive ribbon tension. Poor quality ribbon. 	See Section 3.6.7 for proper tension adjustment. Replace ribbon.
Twist tie ribbon breaks during tying operation.	3. Poor bag tail presentation.	3. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
Excessive Belt Motor fuse failures on AMP board.	1. Excessive belt tension.	1. Check tension of all three belts driven by belt motor. Correct as necessary.
	2. Foreign material jammed in tyer.	2. Clear foreign material.
Ties are not centered	1. Bag tucked into itself caused by excessive air jet blowing bag away from scoops on Mark 50 type bagger.	1. Reduce strength of air jet.
on product.	2. Tyer is too high or too low from product.	2. Raise or lower tyer as necessary.
	3. Poor bag tail presentation.	3. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.
	Ribbon not dispensing	1a. Check that ribbon is wound correctly on spool.
Two packages tied together with one ribbon.	properly, causing package recognition system to abort on first package.	1b. Check that ribbon dispenser is working smoothly.
	Package recognition system ribbon roller is not free to rotate.	2. Check roller and repair as necessary.
	3. Ribbon dispense proximity is not working.	3. Check proximity and connections. Repair as necessary.
	4. Poor bag tail presentation.	4. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger <u>must be flat</u> and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.

4.7 Mechanical troubleshooting, cont'd.

Problem Description	Probable Cause	Recommended Action	
Holes being formed in the bag.	1. Too much ribbon tension.	1. See Section 3.6.7.	
	2. Too many twists.	2. See Section 3.9.	
	3. Upper & lower covers have a. layer of residue built up on one or both.	3. Clean upper & lower covers with emery cloth to remove residue.	
	4. Worn lower cover.	4. Replace cover.	
	5. Belts tearing holes in bags.	5. Smooth sharp edges on belts	
	6. Poor bag tail presentation.	6. Bag tail presentation from the exit of the bagger must be flat and not folded over. If this is not achievable, contact your Bagger manufacturer for assistance.	
Excessive wear on gathering belts.	Belts running at excessive speed.	Set belt speed to minimum required speed.	
	2. Belts running for long periods with no bags going through tyer.	2. Turn off tyer when it is not in use.	
	3. Belts teeth not aligned above each other.	3. Align teeth (see Section 3.6.9).	

5.0 MAINTENANCE

Warning: Do NOT use any form of high pressure cleaning systems on this unit.

5.1 Preventive Maintenance

 $\mathsf{Burford}^{\texttt{@}}$ Corp. recommends the following preventive maintenance schedule to insure proper performance of your $\mathsf{Burford}^{\texttt{@}}$ Electronic Smart Tyer.

5.1.1 Daily

1. Clear bags from brush assembly.

5.1.2 Weekly

- 1. Check to insure cable connectors, located on the back of the tyer head, are tight.
- 2. Insure all ribbon rollers turn freely and the dancer arm releases ribbon in the proper position.
- 3. Insure all switches and lights function properly.

5.1.3 Monthly

- 1. Check all belts for wear and proper tension.
- 2. Check to insure belt guide moves freely.
- 3. Check bag switch arm for proper operation.
- 4. Lubricate gathering belt bearings.

5.1.4 Semi-Annual

- 1. Grease all bearings.
- 2. Check DIP switches for proper settings.

6.0 RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS LIST

In order to prevent valuable down time, Burford® Corp. recommends the following parts be kept in stock.

Please have the following machine information on hand before calling Burford®.

- Machine Voltage
- Model Number
- Serial Number

RH Part #	LH Part #	QTY	DESCRIPTION
210613	210622	1	ASSEMBLY, NEEDLE
210614	210623	1	ASSEMBLY, TWISTER HOOK
210620	210620	1	ASSEMBLY, MOTOR-ENCODER
302526	302526	1	ASSY, ADVANCED HOLDER/SHEAR
611152	611152	1	GBELT,710MMX9MM,5HTD(FRONT TOP BLACK)
611153	611153	1	GBELT,680MMX9MM,5HTD(BRUSH ASSY)
611443	611443	1	POWER SUPPLY,110/220VAC-48VDC,21A
611452	611452	1	GBELT,295MMX15MM,5HTD(TWISTER HOOK)
611453	611453	1	GBELT,DBL,835MMX15MM,5HTD(R DRIVE BELT)
611454	611454	1	GBELT, 405MM X 15MM, 5HTD (NEEDLE)
611455	611455	1	RELAY, CONTACTOR, 48 VDC
611456	611456	1	GBELT,925MMX9MM,5HTD(FRONT BTTM RED)
611464	611464	1	BOARD, PCB, AMPLIFIER
712616	712616	1	MOTOR, BRUSH ASSEMBLY, 110 VAC
712615	712615	'	MOTOR, BRUSH ASSEMBLY, 220 VAC
714076	714076	1	ARM, PRESSURE
C01410-ST	C01410-ST	4	BOARD, PCB, CPU, STANDARD TYER
C01410-ST/PDS	C01410-ST/PDS	I	BOARD, PCB, CPU, TYER w/PDS
C07625	C07625	1	SENSOR,PROX, 10-30 VDC, NPN, N.O.
C07678	C07678	1	SENSOR,INTERLOCK,CODED MAGNETIC SAFETY
C07679	C07679	1	MAGNET,INTERLOCK SENSOR ACTUATING
C07698-007	C07698-007	4	FUSE,2AGSB,7A,125V,TIME DELAY

7.0 ASSEMBLY DRAWINGS AND PARTS LISTS

7.1 Frame Components (210606-01 "C")

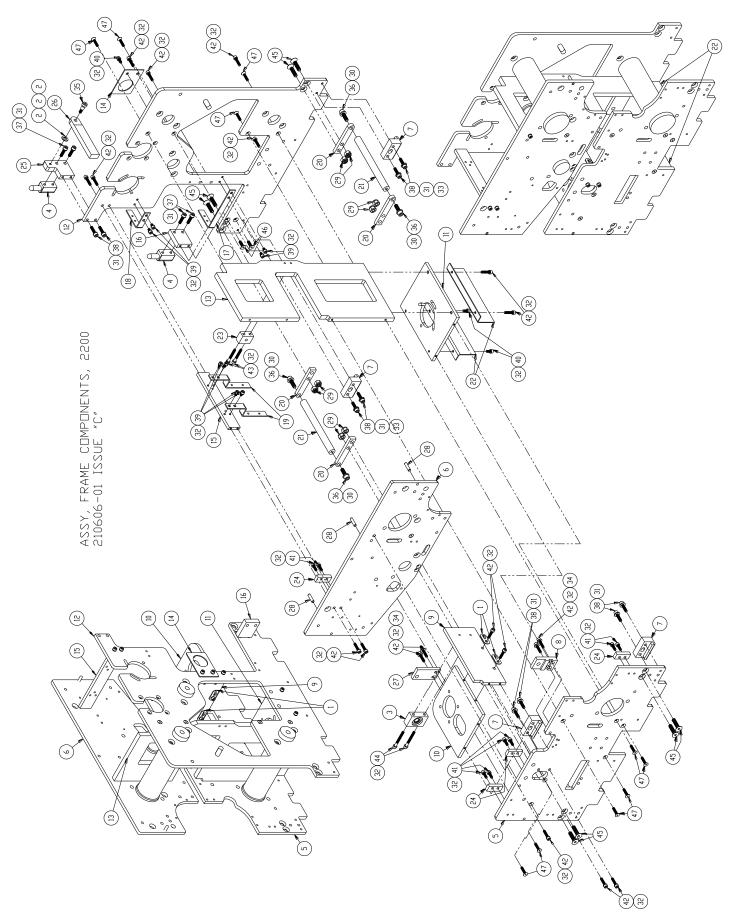
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	174248	2	MOUNT, CABLE
2	302021	3	BUSHING, MACH, ¼ X ½ X .010
3	302279	1	ASSY, SHUTTLE BLOCK
4	611306	2	HINGE, LIFT OFF (ZINC)
5	714000	1	PLATE, FRONT MAIN, SERVO
6	714001	1	PLATE, UPPER TYER, SERVO
7	714012	4	BLOCK, SLIDE (715472)
8	714013	1	PLATE,T/H,PROX MOUNT
9	714014	1	PLATE, HOL-SH MOUNT, TYER
10	714015	1	PLATE, TYER, H/S MOTOR MOUNT
11	714017	1	PLATE, TWISTER HOOK MOUNT
12	714025	1	PLATE, REAR MAIN, SERVO
13	714026	1	PLATE, INNER BRACE, SERVO
14	714036	1	PLATE, HORN MNT, SERVO
15	714040	1	PLATE, CROSS SUPPORT
16	714041	1	BLOCK, PIVOT
17	714043	1	BRACKET, HORIZ. PANDUIT SUPPORT
18	714044	1	BRACKET, TOP HORIZ. PANDUIT SUPPORT
19	714045	2	BRACKET, VERTICAL PANDUIT SUPPORT
20	714047	4	BAR, STANDOFF SUPPORT
21	714048	2	SHAFT, SERVO TYER HANDLE
22	714049	2	BRACKET, TWISTER HOOK DRIVE COVER
23	714053	1	BLOCK, IDLER MOUNT
24	714063	4	BLOCK, LOWER COVER SUPPORT

210606-01 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-01 LH ISSUE "C"

7.1 Frame Components (210606-01 "C"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
25	714064	1	BLOCK, PIVOT STOP SUPPORT
26	714065	1	BAR, PIVOT STOP
27	714151	1	PLATE, H/S PROX MOUNT
28	954712	3	PIN DOWEL, 3/16 DIA X 3/4 SST
29	955661	8	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
30	955940	4	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
31	955941	14	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
32	955942	42	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
33	955978	8	WASHER FLAT #10 SST
34	955979	4	WASHER FLAT #8 SST
35	974906	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 3/8, #10-24 SST
36	978312	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
37	978812	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-32 UNF X 3/4 SST
38	978912	10	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 3/4 SST
39	979504	8	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/4 SST
40	979506	3	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/8 SST
41	979508	8	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/2 SST
42	979512	19	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/4 SST
43	979520	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1 1/4 SST
44	979524	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1 1/2 SST
45	981716	8	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 SST
46	982310	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC #10-24 X 5/8 SST
47	982912	11	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/4 SST

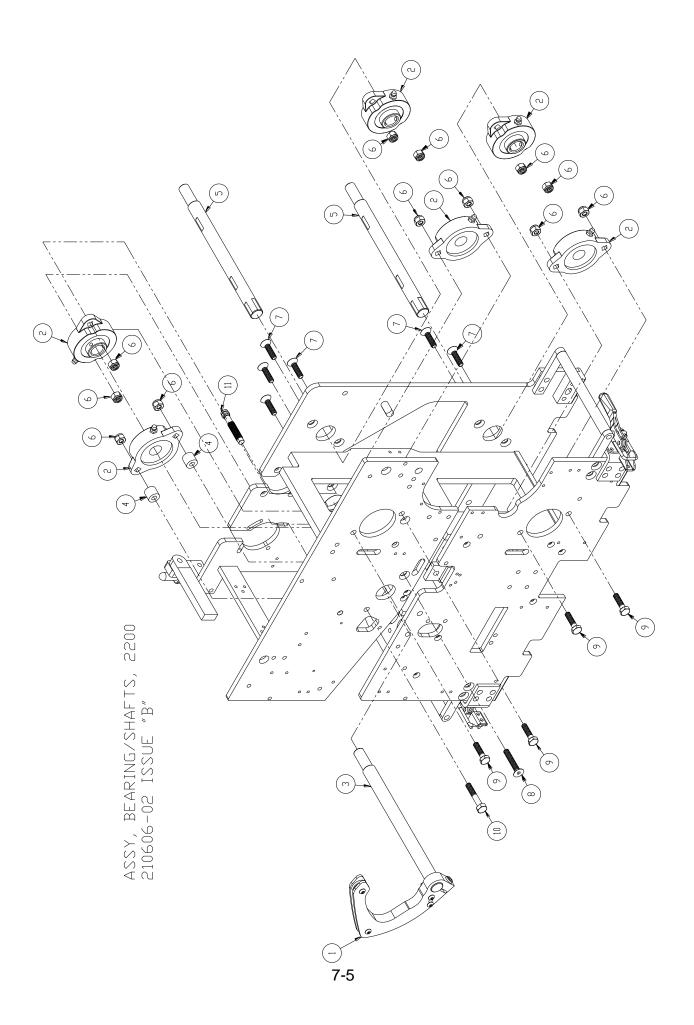
210606-01 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-01 LH ISSUE "C"



7.2 Bearing And Shaft Assembly (210606-02 "B")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	210613	1	ASSY, NEEDLE R/H, 2200
	210622	I	ASSY, NEEDLE R/H, 2300
2	611238	6	BEARING, 5/8, 2 BOLT FLANGE, SST
3	714006	1	SHAFT, NEEDLE, SERVO
4	714020	2	SPACER, .56 OD x .257 ID x .5 L
5	714037	2	SHAFT, MAIN DRIVE, SERVO
6	955661	12	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
7	981716	6	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 SST
8	981724	1	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/2 SST
9	989916	4	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 SST
10	989924	1	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 1/2 SST
11	C07625	1	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,NO,QC

210606-02 RH ISSUE "B" 210605-02 LH ISSUE "B"



7.3 Front Lower Plate Assembly (210606-03 "F")

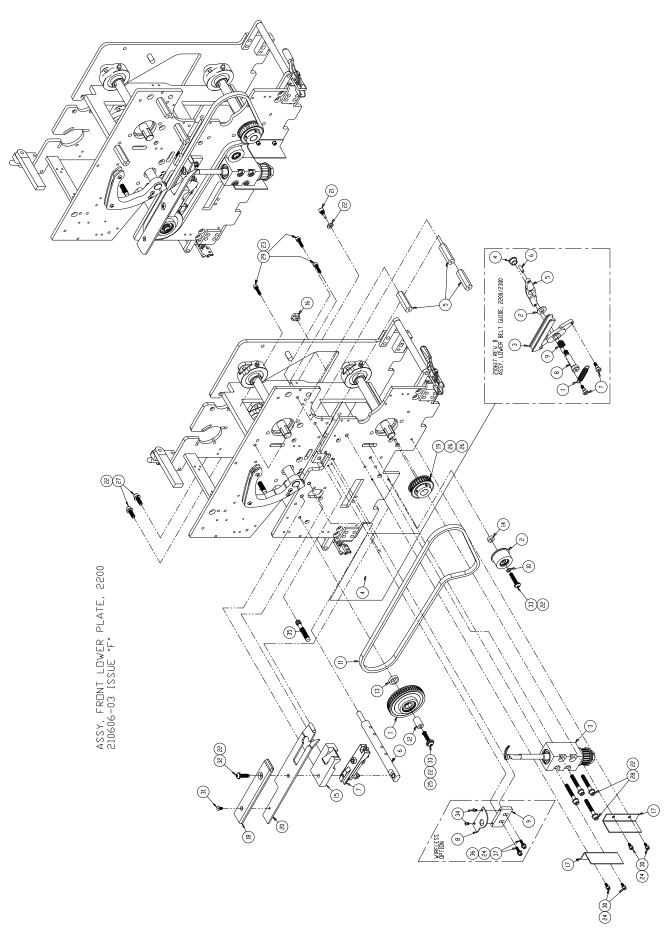
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	210607	1	ASSY., MAIN IDLER
2	210609	1	ASSY, BACKSIDE IDLER
3	210614	1	ASSY, TWISTER HOOK, RH
3	210623	'	ASSY, TWISTER HOOK, LH
4	210617	1	KIT, BELT GUIDE LOWER
5	302096	3	STANDOFF, FRONT
6	302295	1	ASSY, SHUTTLE BAR
7	302526	1	ASSY, ADVANCED HOLDER/SHEAR
8	303190	REF	BRACKET,RIBBON DEFLECTION
9	303191	REF	BLOCK, RIBBON DEFLECTION
10	401351	1	BUSH MACH 3/8OD X 1/4ID X .031
11	611456	1	BELT, LOWER RED
12	714002	1	SHAFT, IDLER MOUNT
13	714003	1	SPACER, .75 OD X .515 ID X .195 L
14	714004	1	SPACER, .5 OD X .266ID X .195 L
15	714031	1	HOLDER-SHEAR MOUNT, 2200
15	714112	1	HOLDER-SHEAR MOUNT, 2300
16	714034	1	NUT, PULLEY ADJUSTMENT
17	714050	2	BRACKET, INSIDE TWISTER HOOK DRIVE COVER
18	714101	1	PLATE, BAG/TIE DEFLECTOR, 2200
10	714124	'	PLATE, BAG/TIE DEFLECTOR, 2300
19	714149	1	RWK, PULLEY, 5MM X 9MM X 28T, 2 FLANGES
20	714216	1	A/W, TAB PLATE, 2200
20	714215	'	A/W, TAB PLATE, 2300
21	714311	1	RWK, SCREW,SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 5/8 SST
22	955940	10	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST

210606-03 RH ISSUE "F" 210605-03 LH ISSUE "F"

7.3 Front Lower Plate Assembly (210606-03 "F"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
23	955941	3	WASHER LOCK #10 SST	
24	955942	4	WASHER LOCK #8 SST	
25	955977	1	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST	
26	971804	1	SCREW SET SOC #10-24 UNC X 1/4 SST	
27	978312	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST	
28	978328	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 1 3/4 SST	
29	978912	3	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 3/4 SST	
30	979506	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/8 SST	
31	982906	1	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/8 SST	
32	985714	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 7/8 SST	
33	985720	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST	
34	987504	REF	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #6-32 X 1/4 SST	
35	C07625	1	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,NO,QC	
36	955979	2	WASHER FLAT #8 SST	
37	979510	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 X 5/8 SST	
LOWER BELT GUIDE ASSY (210617)				
1	103519	1	SPRING, EXTENSION, .375 OD X .041 MW X 1.75	
2	122229	1	BUSHING 3/8 X 3/4 X .036 MACH	
3	210634	1	ASSY, LOWER GUIDE/ARM	
4	611328	1	BUSHING,BRZ,FLG 3/8IDx1/2ODx5/16L	
5	714092	1	ARM, LOWER GUIDE	
6	954710	1	PIN DOWEL, 3/16 DIA X 5/8 SST	
7	974904	2	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1/4, #10-24 SST	
8	975120	1	SCREW SHLDR 3/8 X 1 1/4, 5/16-18 SST	
9	C05780	1	SPRING COMPRESSION, MUSIC WIRE	

210606-03 RH ISSUE "F" 210605-03 LH ISSUE "F"



7.4 Front Upper Plate Assembly (210606-04 "C")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	103965	1	SPRING COMPRESSION
2	110479	2	BUSH,BRZ,FLG,1/4ID 3/8OD X1/4L
3	113646	2	WASHER BELLEVILLE SPRING
4	115168	1	SPACER, IDLER
5	174024	1	RETAINING RING,EXT.,E-STYLE,1/4
6	210609	1	ASSY, BACKSIDE IDLER
7	210610	2	ASSY, WINDOW TIE IDLER
8	302022	1	BUSHING, MACH, 1/4 X 1/2 X .005
9	302111	1	MAGNET RECEIVER
10	302116	1	MAGNET HORSHOE
11	302299	1	PLATE SERIAL, SERVO TYER
12	302874	1	SPRING-EXTENSION 3/8 OD 2" L .031
13	401351	2	BUSH MACH 3/8OD X 1/4ID X .031
14	714004	3	SPACER, .5 OD X .266ID X .195 L
15	714023	1	ARM, BAG TAIL SWITCH LOWER, SERVO
16	714024	1	ARM, TOP BAG TAIL SWITCH, SERVO
17	714029	1	SLEEVE, UPPER TYER DOOR PIVOT
18	714030	1	BRACKET, MAGNET MNT.
19	714032	1	BLOCK, UPPER BELT GUIDE
20	714034	2	NUT, PULLEY ADJUSTMENT
21	714051	1	PLATE, PULLEY GUARD
22	714052	1	SPACER, PIVOTING COVER
23	714056	1	BLOCK, BAG SWITCH SUPPORT
24	714057	1	ROD, BAG TAIL SWITCH

210606-04 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-04 LH ISSUE "C"

7.4 Front Upper Plate Assembly (210606-04 "C"), cont'd.

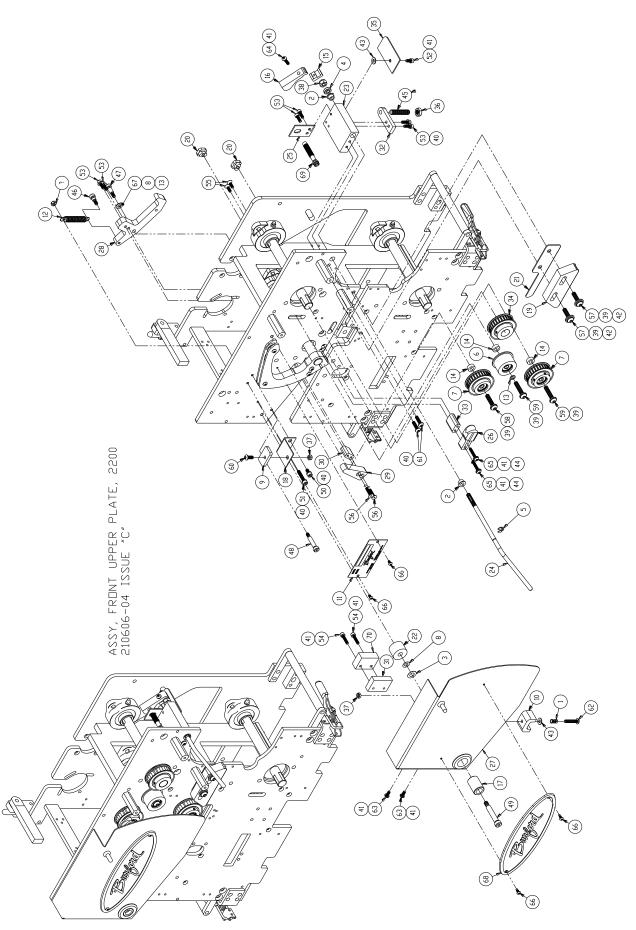
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
25	714058	1	PLATE, BAG SWITCH PROX.
26	714060	1	GUIDE, RIBBON SUPPORT
27	714068	1	A/W, UPPER DOOR, RH
21	714118	1	A/W, UPPER DOOR, LH
28	714095	1	ARM, BAG STOP
29	714096	1	BLOCK, BAG STOP ACTUATOR
30	714097	1	BLOCK, BAG STOP SUPPORT
31	714100	1	BLOCK, INTERLOCK MAGNET MNT.
32	714102	1	BLOCK, MAGNET ADJ.
33	714103	1	BLOCK, RIBBON GUIDE SUPPORT
34	714149	1	RWK, PULLEY, 5MM X 9MM X 28T, 2 FLANGES
35	714183	1	PLATE, TRIGGER GUARD
36	955407	1	NUT HEX JAM 5/16-18 UNC SST
37	955621	3	NUT HEX NYLOC #10-24 UNC SST
38	955661	1	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
39	955940	5	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
40	955941	6	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
41	955942	12	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
42	955977	2	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
43	955978	2	WASHER FLAT #10 SST
44	955979	4	WASHER FLAT #8 SST
45	972024	1	SCREW SET SOC 5/16-18 UNC X 1 1/2 SST
46	974904	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1/4, #10-24 SST
47	974908	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1/2, #10-24 SST

210606-04 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-04 LH ISSUE "C"

7.4 Front Upper Plate Assembly (210606-04 "C"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
48	974916	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1, #10-24 SST
49	975024	1	SCREW, SHLDR 5/16 X 1 1/2, 1/4-20
50	978906	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 X 3/8 SST
51	978916	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 X 1" SST
52	979506	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/8 SST
53	979508	6	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/2 SST
54	979512	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/4 SST
55	982908	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 1/2 SST
56	982912	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/4 SST
57	985716	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 SST
58	985718	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/8 SST
59	985720	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST
60	986208	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-32 X 1/2 SST
61	986312	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 3/4 SST
62	986316	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 1 SST
63	986906	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/8 SST
64	986912	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/4 SST
65	986916	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 1" SST
66	987504	4	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #6-32 X 1/4 SST
67	A02390	1	BUSH, MACH, 1/4 ID X 1/2 OD X .018
68	A08049	1	NAMEPLATE,BURFORD® LOGO,LARGE
69	C07625	1	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,NO,QC
70	C07679	REF	SENSOR,INTERLOCK,ACTUATOR MAGNET

210606-04 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-04 LH ISSUE "C"



7.5 Drive Components (210606-05 "C")

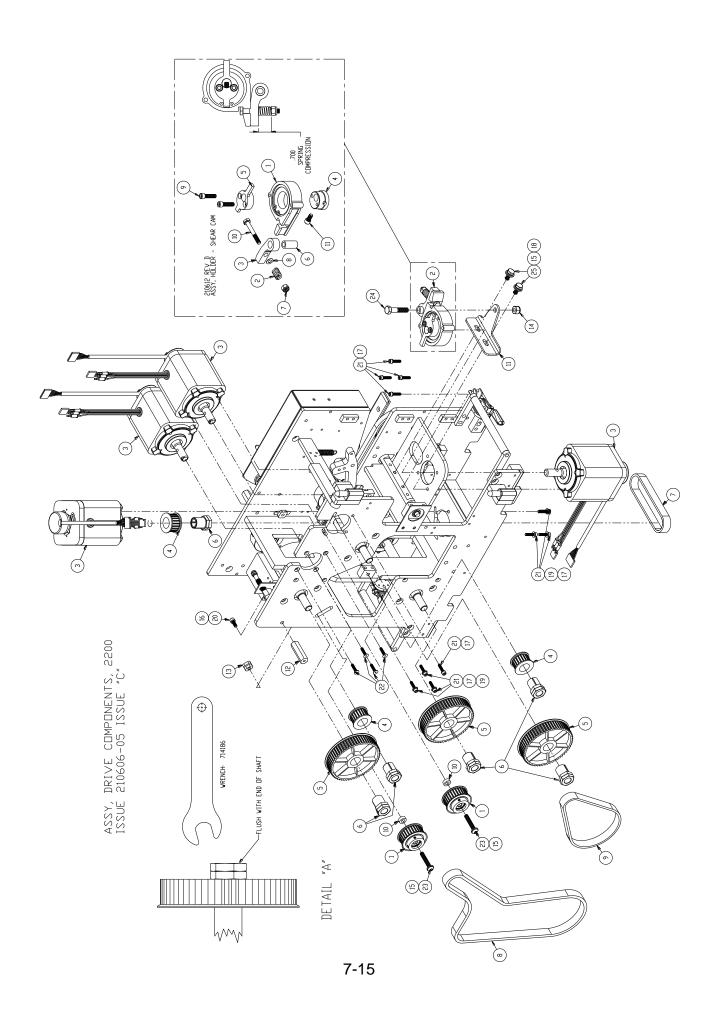
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	210611	2	ASSY., REAR MAIN BELT
2	210612	1	KIT, HOLDER - SHEAR CAM
3	210620	4	ASSY, ENCODER / MOTOR, 2200/2300
4	611449	3	PULLEY, SHAFTLOC, 20T X 15MM X 5HTD
5	611450	3	PULLEY, 60T X .75 ID, SHAFTLOC
6	611451	6	SHAFTLOC, SINGLE
7	611452	1	BELT, TWISTER HOOK
8	611453	1	BELT, REAR DRIVE
9	611454	1	BELT, TWISTER HOOK
10	714004	2	SPACER, .5 OD X .266ID X .195 L
11	714007	1	BRACKET, HOL-SHEAR SHUTTLE, RH
11	714126		BRACKET, HOL-SHEAR SHUTTLE, LH
12	714011	1	STANDOFF, PIVOT PLATE
13	714034	1	NUT, PULLEY ADJUSTMENT
14	955619	1	NUT HEX NYLOC 5/16-18 UNC SST
15	955940	4	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
16	955941	1	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
17	955942	12	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
18	955977	2	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
19	955979	6	WASHER FLAT #8 SST
20	978808	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-32 UNF X 1/2 SST
21	979512	12	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/4 SST
22	982912	4	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/4 SST
23	985724	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/2 SST
24	989724	1	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 1 1/2 SST
25	989910	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 5/8" SST

210606-05 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-05 LH ISSUE "C"

7.5 Drive Components (210606-05 "C"), cont'd.

	HOLDER SHEAR ASSY (210612)				
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION		
1	210621	1	ASSY, BEARING HOUSING, DRIVER		
2	611489	1	SPRING,COMP.,48OD x .085WD x 1.0FL		
3	714076	1	ARM, PRESSURE		
4	714077	1	HUB, H/S MOTOR MNT.		
5	714078	1	ARM, HUB H/S INDICATOR		
6	714079	1	BUSHING, SHUTTLE LINK		
7	955661	1	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST		
8	A02390	1	BUSH, MACH, 1/4 ID X 1/2 OD X .018		
9	978316	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 1 SST		
10	989932	1	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 2 SST		
11	978308	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 1/2 SST		

210606-05 RH ISSUE "C" 210605-05 LH ISSUE "C"



7.6 Electrical Components (210606-06 "D")

1 1	112643		
	112043	1	SERIAL PLATE
2 1	122222	2	BUSHING 1/2X3/4X.074 MACH
3 1	174248	2	MOUNT, CABLE
, 2	210616	4	ASSY, BOARD MNT, RH
4	210615	1	ASSY, BOARD MNT, LH
_ 2	210618	4	ASSY, OPERATOR CONTROLS, RH
5 2	210619	1	ASSY, OPERATOR CONTROLS, LH
6 2	210625	1	ASSY, CONNECTOR PLATE
7 3	302021	1	BUSHING, MACH, ¼ X ½ X .010
8 3	302166	1	ASSY, RIBBON ROLLER
9 6	610360	5"	TERMINAL, DIN RAIL, MINI
10 6	610361	14	TERMINAL, BLOCK, MINI
11 6	610362	1	TERMINAL,END COVER,MINI
12 6	610363	2	TERMINAL, ANCHOR, END CLAMP, MINI
13 6	610532	5	TERMINAL, JUMPER, 2 POLE, MINI
14 6	611447	1	COVER, SERVO MAIN
15 6	611478	2	CONNCTOR,WEIDMULLER,36 POSITON
16 6	611481	1	CONNECTOR,3 POSITION FEMALE
17 6	611485	19.25"	PANDUIT, 2.25W X 1.12H
18 6	611486	19.25"	PANDUIT, COVER, 2.25W X 1.12H
40 7	714018	4	BRACKET,BAG TAIL TUNNEL,RH
19 7	714113	1	BRACKET,BAG TAIL TUNNEL,LH
20 7	714046	1	BRACKET, BOTTOM HORIZ. PANDUIT SUPPORT
21 7	714061	1	BRACKET, LOWER BACK GUARD
22 7	714062	2	BLOCK, UPPER COVER STOP
23 7	714073	1	BLOCK, LOWER INTERLOCK MNT.
24 7	714098	1	BLOCK, RIBBON ROLLER/PROX. MNT.
25 9	955407	1	NUT HEX JAM 5/16-18 UNC SST
26 9	955624	4	NUT HEX NYLOC #6-32 UNC SST
27 9	955661	2	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
28 9	955940	9	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST

7.6 Electrical Components (210606-06 "D"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
29	955941	2	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
30	955942	29	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
31	955972	4	WASHER FLAT #6 SST
32	955977	4	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
33	955978	5	WASHER FLAT #10 SST
34	955979	14	WASHER FLAT #8 SST
35	972012	1	SCREW SET SOC 5/16-18 UNC X 3/4 SST
36	974914	1	SCREW, SHLDR 5/16 X 1 1/2, 1/4-20
37	974916	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1, #10-24 SST
38	978306	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/8 SST
39	978310	2	SCREW, SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 5/8 SST
40	978312	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
41	978908	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 1/2 SST
42	979504	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/4 SST
43	979506	3	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/8 SST
44	979508	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/2 SST
45	979510	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 X 5/8 SST
46	979512	6	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/4 SST
47	979516	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1 SST
48	985708	4	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1/2 SST
49	986904	12	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 1/4 SST
50	987506	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #6-32 X 3/8 SST
51	987508	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #6-32 X 1/2 SST
52	989912	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4" SST
53	A02349	1	SENSOR,CABLE,M8,3WIRE,F,QC,STR.
54	A02390	1	BUSH, MACH, 1/4 ID X 1/2 OD X .018
55	A08049	1	NAMEPLATE,BURFORD® LOGO,LARGE
56	C07214	1	ALARM, SONALERT, 6 TO 28VDC
57	C07625	2	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,NO,QC
58	C07626	4	SENSOR,CABLE,M8,3WIRE,F,QC,90
59	C07678	2	SENSOR,INTLK,CODED MAGNETIC SAFETY

7.6 Electrical Components (210606-06 "D"), cont'd.

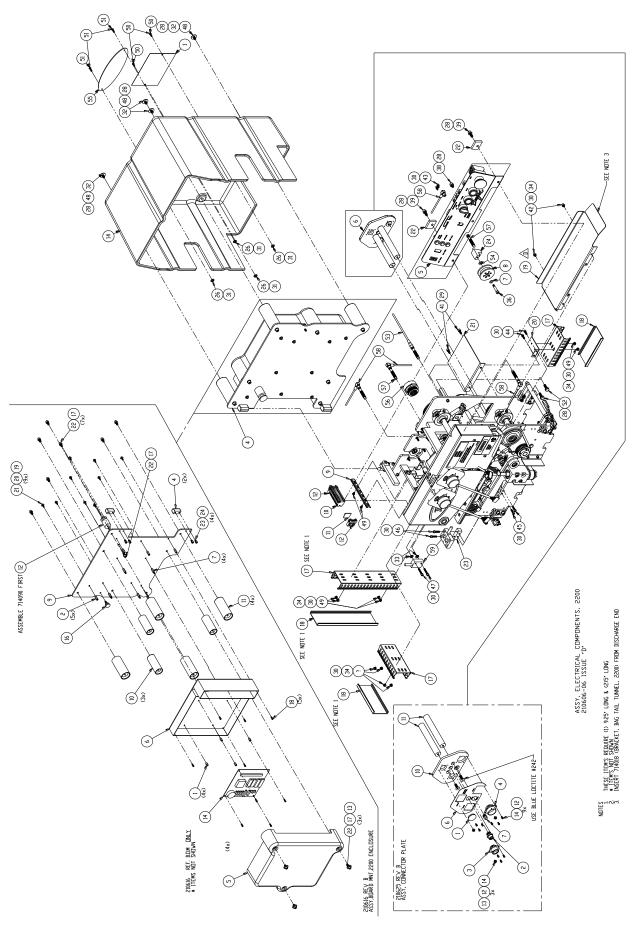
	CONNECTOR PLATE ASSY (210625)					
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION			
1	113763	1	PLUG,HOLE,CHROME 7/8" DIA			
2	210676	1	ASSY,BULKHD,2200,COMPUTER INTERFACE			
3	210677	1	ASSY,BULKHD,2200,PCB-POWER			
4	210678	1	ASSY,BULKHD,2200,PCB-SIGNAL			
5	610174	1*	SENSOR, CAP, BULKHEAD, M12, Q/C			
6	611484	1	LABEL, CONNECTOR PLATE			
7	611494	1	SENSOR,BULKHD,M8,M8-0.5,3WR,F			
8	611502	1*	SENSOR,CAP,SHELL 14			
9	611503	1*	SENSOR,CAP,SHELL 18			
10	714009	1	PLATE, CONNECTOR MNT., 5 CONN.			
11	714039	2	STANDOFF, DISCONNECT PLATE			
12	955935	12	WASHER LOCK #4 SST			
13	955971	3	WASHER FLAT #4 SST			
14	976004	12	SCREW SOC HD CAP #4-40 X 1/4 SST			
15	981712	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST			

^{* -} ITEMS NOT SHOWN.

7.6 Electrical Components (210606-06 "D"), cont'd.

	BOARD MOUNT ASSY (210616 RH / 210615 LH)						
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION				
1	174069	4	STANDOFF,#6-32 X 1/2,ALUM,HEX				
2	174819	5	STANDOFF,#6-32 X 3/4,ALUM,HEX				
3	175081-001	*1	CABLE,ASSY,DIP TYPE TTP2 (NEW)				
4	611306	REF	HINGE, LIFT OFF (ZINC)				
5	611448	1	COVER, SERVO BOARD				
6	611464	1	BOARD, 2200 AMPLIFIER				
7	611506	4	STANDOFF,#6-32 X 3/4 ,ALUM,HEX M x F				
8	611515	*1	JUMPER,SHUNT,SOLDER CONT				
9	714087	1	PLATE, BOARD MNT/PIVOT				
10	714088	3	STANDOFF,INNER COVER				
11	714089	4	STANDOFF, MAIN COVER				
12	714090	1	SHAFT, PANEL STOP, SERVO				
13	955977	3	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST				
14	C01410	REF	BOARD,CPU,SERVO TYER				
15	C07698-007	*8	FUSE,2AGSB,7A,125V,SLO-BLO				
16	714169	1	RWK,KNOB,PLASTIC,THREADED 10-32 NF				
17	955940	11	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST				
18	976906	9	SCREW SOC HD CAP #6-32 X 3/8 SST				
19	955972	9	WASHER FLAT #6 SST				
20	955936	9	WASHER LOCK #6 SST				
21	976908	9	SCREW SOC HD CAP #6-32 X 1/2 SST				
22	978308	11	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 1/2 SST				
23	978806	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-32 UNF X 3/8 SST				
24	955941	4	WASHER LOCK #10 SST				

^{* -} ITEMS NOT SHOWN.

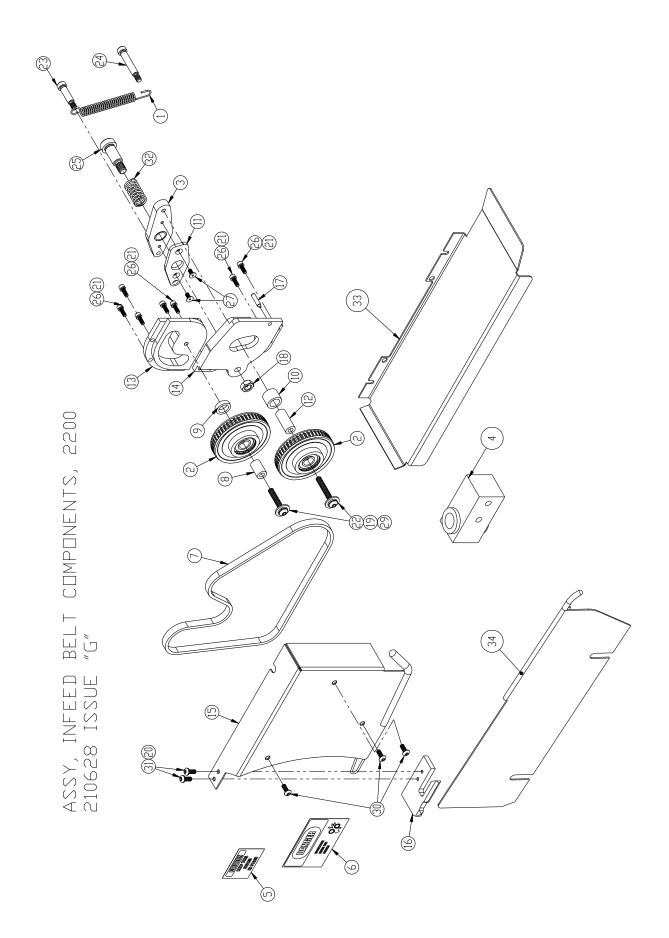


7-20

7.7 Infeed Belt Components (210628 "G")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	152193	1	SPRING EXTENSION
2	210607	2	ASSY., MAIN IDLER
3	210608	1	ASSY., IDLER ARM
4	210624	1	ASSY. BUSHING BLOCK, BRUSH MOUNT
5	302361	1	DECAL, SMALL, KEEP GUARD IN PLACE
6	302801	1	DECAL SMALL HAND DANGER
7	611152	1	GEARBELT, 710MM X 9MM, 5HTD
8	714002	1	SHAFT, IDLER MOUNT
9	714003	1	SPACER, .75 OD X .515 ID X .195 L
10	714005	1	SPACER, .75 OD X .515 ID X .59 L
11	714033	1	STANDOFF, BELT IDLER ARM
12	714042	1	STANDOFF, PIVOTING IDLER
13	714099	1	PLATE, RIBBON GUIDE
14	714055	1	PLATE, REMOVEABLE INFEED ROLLER, RH
14	714114	I	PLATE, REMOVEABLE INFEED ROLLER, LH
15	714054	1	PLATE, REMOVEABLE, UPPER INFEED PULLEY, RH
13	714117	I	PLATE, REMOVEABLE, UPPER INFEED PULLEY, LH
16	714072	1	A/W, FIXED UPPER COVER, RH
10	714121		A/W, FIXED UPPER COVER, LH
17	954712	1	PIN DOWEL, 3/16 DIA X 3/4 SST
18	955405	1	NUT HEX JAM 3/8-16 UNC SST
19	955940	2	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
20	955941	2	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
21	955942	7	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
22	955977	2	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
23	975016	1	SCREW SHLDR 5/16 X 1, 1/4-20 SST
24	975024	1	SCREW, SHLDR 5/16 X 1 1/2, 1/4-20
25	975216	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/2 X 1, 3/8-16 SST
26	979508	7	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1/2 SST
27	982906	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/8 SST
28	985724	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/2 SST
29	985728	1	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 3/4 SST
	986306	3	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 3/8 SST
31	986308	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 1/2 SST
32	C00817	1	SPRING, COMPRESSION .660 0D X .516 ID X .071W
33	714018	1	BRACKET, BAG TAIL TUNNEL, RH
33	714113	ı	BRACKET, BAG TAIL TUNNEL, LH
34	714136	1	A/W, LOWER RIGIDIZED COVER, RH
J-	714137	1	A/W, LOWER RIGIDIZED COVER, LH

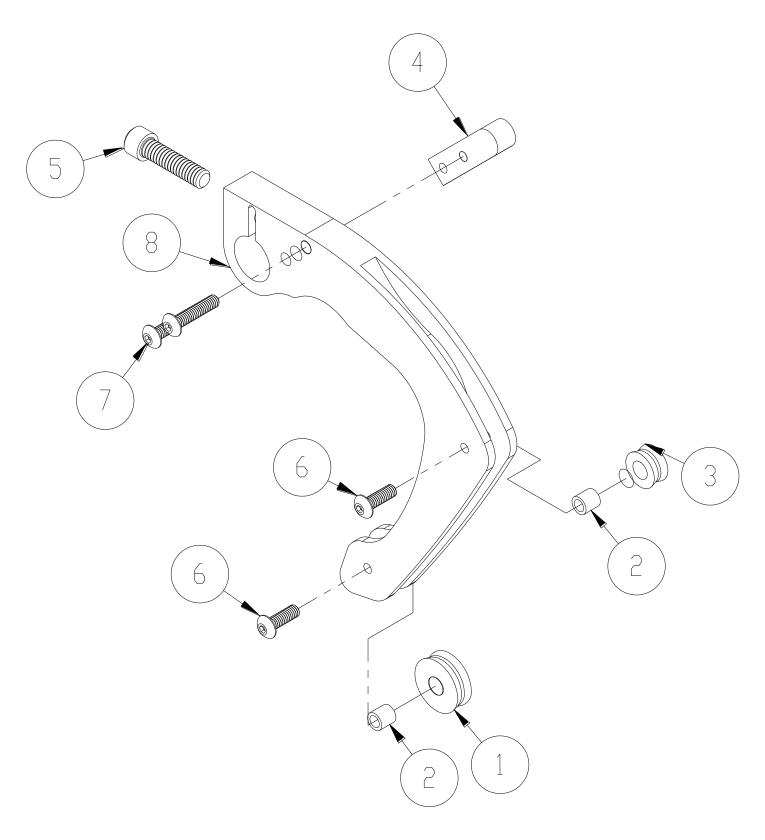
210628 RH ISSUE "G" 210627 LH ISSUE "G"



7.8 Needle Assembly (210613 "B")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	152124	1	ROLLER, NYLON
2	152125	2	BUSH, SST, .166 ID X 1/4 OD X 1/4 L
3	302065	1	RIBBON ROLLER
4	714083	1	BAR, BAG STOP ACTUATOR
5	978316	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 1 SST
6	986908	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 1/2 SST
7	986912	2	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/4 SST
8	302060	1	NEEDLE MACHINE

210613 RH ISSUE "B" 210622 LH ISSUE "B"

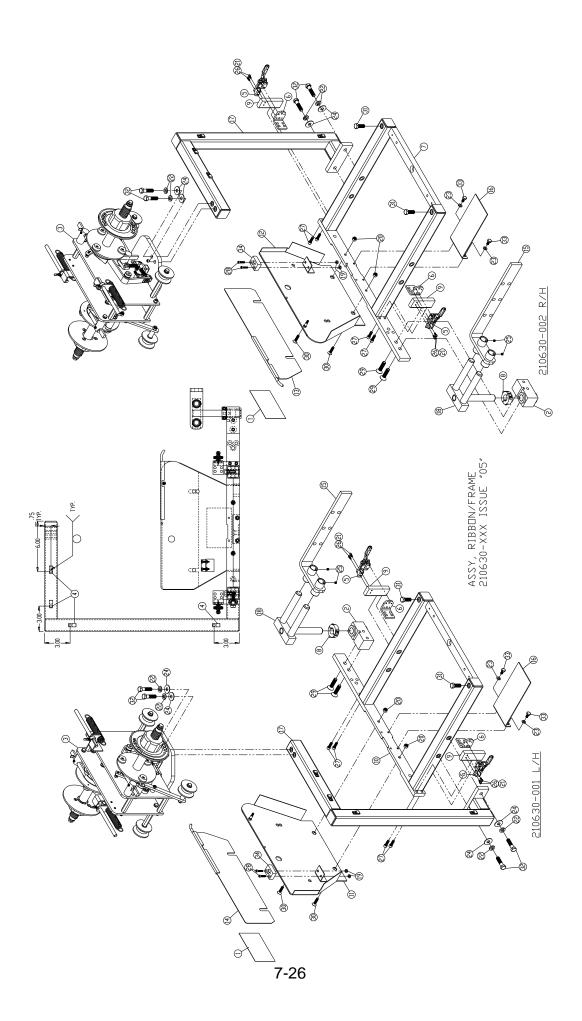


ASSY, NEEDLE R/H, 2200 210613 ISSUE "B"

7.9 Ribbon Frame Assembly (210630-XXX "05")

REF	PART#	001	002	DESCRIPTION
1	111174	1	1	DECAL, KEEP THIS GUARD IN PLACE
2	210624	REF	REF	ASSY, BUSHING BLOCK, BRUSH MNT.
3	210626-001	1		ASSY, PIVOTING DUAL RIBBON, LH
3	210626-002		1	ASSY, PIVOTING DUAL RIBBON, RH
4	610884	4	4	TY-RAP, MOUNTING HANGER
5	611477	2	2	CLAMP, PULL ACTION
6	714027	2	2	BRACKET, TYER CLAMP
7	714104		1	A/W, TYER FRAME MOUNT, RH
8	714110	1	1	A/W, LOCK COLLAR, BRUSH ASSY.
9	714111	2	2	BLOCK, MAIN FRAME CLAMP
10	714125	1		A/W, TYER FRAME MOUNT, LH
11	714127	1		A/W LOWER GUARD LH
12	714128		1	A/W, LOWER GUARD, RH
13	714136		REF	A/W, LOWER RIGIDIZED COVER, RH
14	714137	REF		A/W, LOWER RIGIDIZED COVER, LH
15	714140	REF	REF	A/W, BRUSH MNT.
16	714141	1	1	BRACKET, T/H LOWER COVER
17	714142	REF	REF	A/W, RIBBON TENSION UPRIGHT SIDE MNT
18	714161	1	1	A/W, PIVOTING BRUSH MNT.
19	955625	2	2	NUT HEX NYLOC #8-32 UNC SST
20	955661	2	2	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
21	955936	8	8	WASHER LOCK #6 SST
22	955938	4	4	WASHER LOCK 3/8"
23	955940	6	6	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
24	955975	4	4	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SST
25	971203	2	2	SCREW SET SOC 1/4-20 UNC X 3/16 SST
26	976906	8	8	SCREW SOC HD CAP #6-32 X 3/8 SST
27	978312	4	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
28	979512	2	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 3/4 SST
29	980624	2	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC 3/8-16 UNC X 1 1/2 SST
30	981716	2	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 SST
31	988916	2	2	SCREW FIN HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SST
32	988924	4	4	SCREW FIN HEX 3/8-16 X 1 1/2 SST
33	989908	2	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1/2" SST
34	C07679	REF	REF	SENSOR,INTERLOCK,ACTUATOR MAGNET

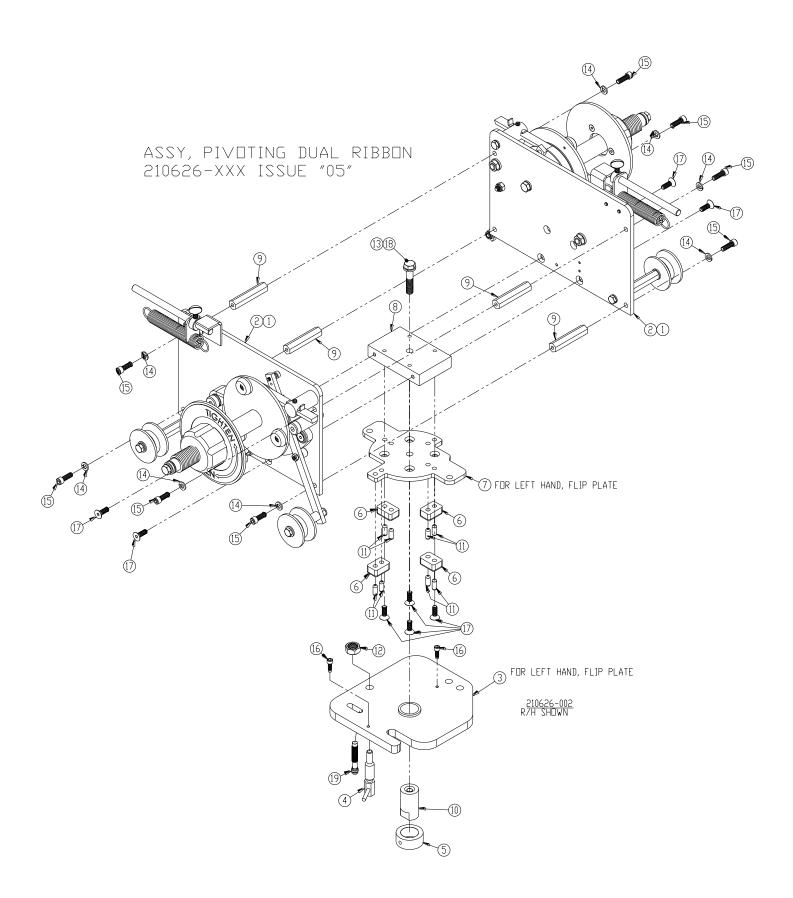
210630-002 RH ISSUE "05" 210630-001 LH ISSUE "05"



7.10 Dual Ribbon Pivot Assembly (210626-XXX "05")

REF	PART#	001	002	DESCRIPTION
1	210629-001	2	-	ASSY, SINGLE RIBBON TENSION
2	210629-002	-	2	ASSY, SINGLE RIBBON TENSION
3	210635	1	1	ASSY, RIBBON HUB/BUSHING
4	611550	1	1	PLUNGER, DETENT SST 1/2-13, L-HANDLE
5	711757	1	1	COLLAR, SET, 1" SST
6	714171	4	4	BLOCK, RIBBON PIVOT STOP
7	714172	1	1	PLATE, RIBBON ASSY. PIVOT MNT
8	714173	1	1	PLATE, RIBBON ASSEMBLY HUB
9	714174	4	4	STANDOFF, RIBBON ASSEMBLY SUPPORT
10	714212	1	1	SHAFT, RIBBON PIVOT
11	954610	8	8	PIN DOWEL 1/4" X 5/8"
12	955401	1	1	NUT HEX JAM 1/2-13 UNC SST
13	955938	1	1	WASHER LOCK 3/8"
14	955940	8	8	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
15	978312	8	8	SCREW SOC HD CAP 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
16	978908	2	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 1/2 SST
17	981712	8	8	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
18	988928	1	1	SCREW FIN HEX 3/8-16 X 1 3/4 SST
19	C07625	1	1	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,NO,QC

210626-002 RH ISSUE "05" 210626-001 LH ISSUE "05"



7.11 Single Ribbon Tension Assembly (210629-XXX "04")

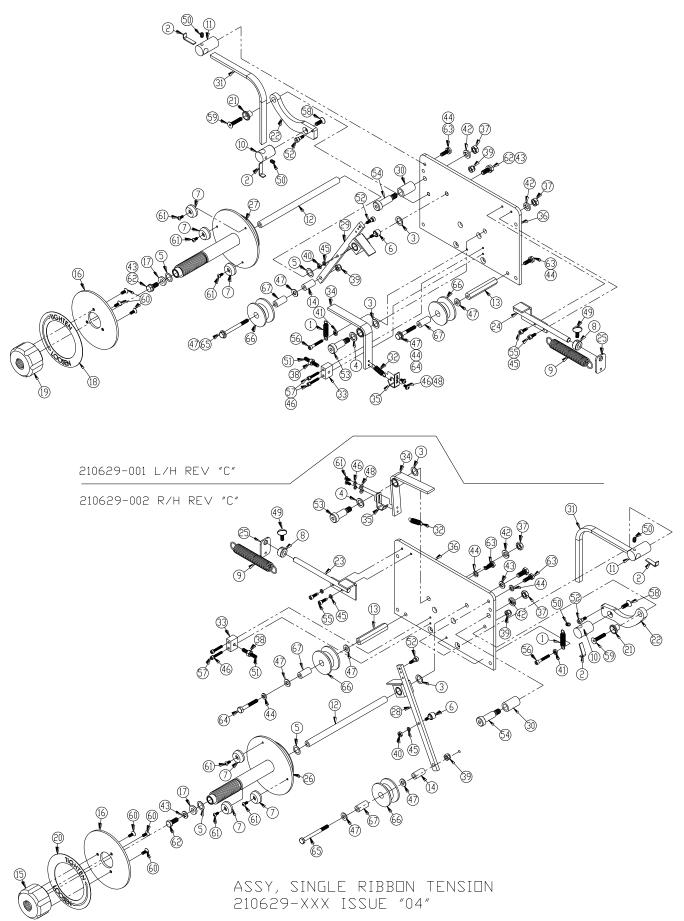
REF	PART#	001	002	DESCRIPTION
1	103519	1	1	SPRING, EXTENSION, .375 OD X .041 MW X 1.75
2	104239	2	2	CLAMP RIBBON FEED BELT
3	122221	2	2	BUSHING, 1/2 X 3/4 X .036 MACH.
4	122222	1	1	BUSHING, 1/2 X 3/4 X .074 MACH.
5	122232	2	2	BUSHING 1/2 X 3/4 X .010 MACH
6	152076	1	1	BEARING, 1/2" CAM FOLLOWER
7	152148	3	3	MOLDED RECESS BUMPER
8	152151	1	1	COLLAR,3/8" SET,ZINC PLATED
9	302162	1	1	ROD, BELT CLAMP BRAKE
10	302163	1	1	BLOCK, BELT CLAMP
11	302164	1	1	SHAFT, RIBBON TENSION
12	302168	1	1	SHAFT, RIBBON TENSION
13	302169	1	1	SHAFT, 2ND ROLLER
14	302171	-	1	NUT, RIBBON TENSION, R.H.
15	302174	1	1	PLATE, OUTER SPOOL
16	302178	1	1	RETAINER, RIBBON SPOOL
17	302183	1	-	NAMEPLATE, RIBBON SPOOL, 2100
18	302190	1	-	NUT RIBBON TENSION L.H.
19	302192	-	1	NAMEPLATE, RIBBON SPOOL, 2000
20	302243	1	1	SLEEVE, BRAKE ARM, RIBBON TENSION
21	302244	1	1	ARM, BRAKE RIBBON TENSION, SERVO
22	302248	-	1	A/W, MOUNT, R.H.
23	302249	1	-	A/W, MOUNT, LH
24	302252	1	1	SPRING ADJUSTER
25	302370	-	1	ASSY, INNER SPOOL, R.H.
26	302371	1	-	ASSY, INNER SPOOL, LH
27	302372	-	1	ASSY, DANCER ARM, R.H.
28	302373	1	-	ASSY, DANCER ARM, LH
29	302479	1	1	BUMPER, RIBBON TENSION ARM
30	504521	1	1	BELT, V 1/2 X 15"
31	611514	1	1	SPRING, EXTENSION, .375 OD X .026 MW X 1.75
32	302161	1	1	SPRING-RIBBON TENSION
33	714053	1	1	BLOCK, IDLER MNT.
34	714166	1	1	A/W, RIBBON DROP PIVOT

210629-002 RH ISSUE "04" 210629-001 LH ISSUE "04"

7.11 Single Ribbon Tension Assembly (210629-XXX "04"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	001	002	DESCRIPTION
35	714167	1	1	BRACKET, RIBBON DROP PROX.
36	714168	1	1	PLATE, DUAL RIBBON ASSY.
37	955405	2	2	NUT HEX JAM 3/8-16 UNC SST
38	955409	1	1	NUT HEX JAM 1/4-20 UNC SST
39	955661	2	2	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
40	955822	1	1	NUT HEX MACH. #10-32 UNF SST
41	955823	1	1	NUT HEX MACH #10-24 NC SST
42	955938	2	2	WASHER LOCK 3/8"
43	955939	2	2	WASHER, LOCK 5/16" SST
44	955940	3	3	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
45	955941	3	3	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
46	955942	4	4	WASHER LOCK #8 SST
47	955977	4	4	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
48	955979	2	2	WASHER FLAT #8 SST
49	962508	1	1	SCREW THUMB 1/4-20 UNC X 1/2 SST
50	971206	2	2	SCREW SET SOC 1/4-20 X 3/8 SST
51	971224	1	1	SCREW SET SOC 1/4-20 UNC X 1 1/2 SST
52	974904	2	2	SCREW SHLDR 1/4 X 1/4, #10-24 SST
53	975216	1	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/2 X 1, 3/8-16 SST
54	975220	1	1	SCREW SHLDR 1/2 X 1 1/4, 3/8-16 SST
55	978908	2	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 1/2 SST
56	978920	1	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 X 1 1/4 SST
57	979516	2	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #8-32 UNC X 1 SST
58	981712	1	1	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
59	981720	1	1	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST
60	982308	3	3	SCREW FLT HD SOC #10-24 X 1/2 SST
61	986906	5	5	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #8-32 X 3/8 SST
62	989712	2	2	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 3/4 SST
63	989912	2	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4" SST
64	989928	1	1	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 3/4 SST
65	989944	1	1	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 2 3/4 SST
66	A02359	2	2	RIBBON ROLLER
67	A02363	2	2	BUSHING, RIBBON ROLLER

210629-002 RH ISSUE "04" 210629-001 LH ISSUE "04"

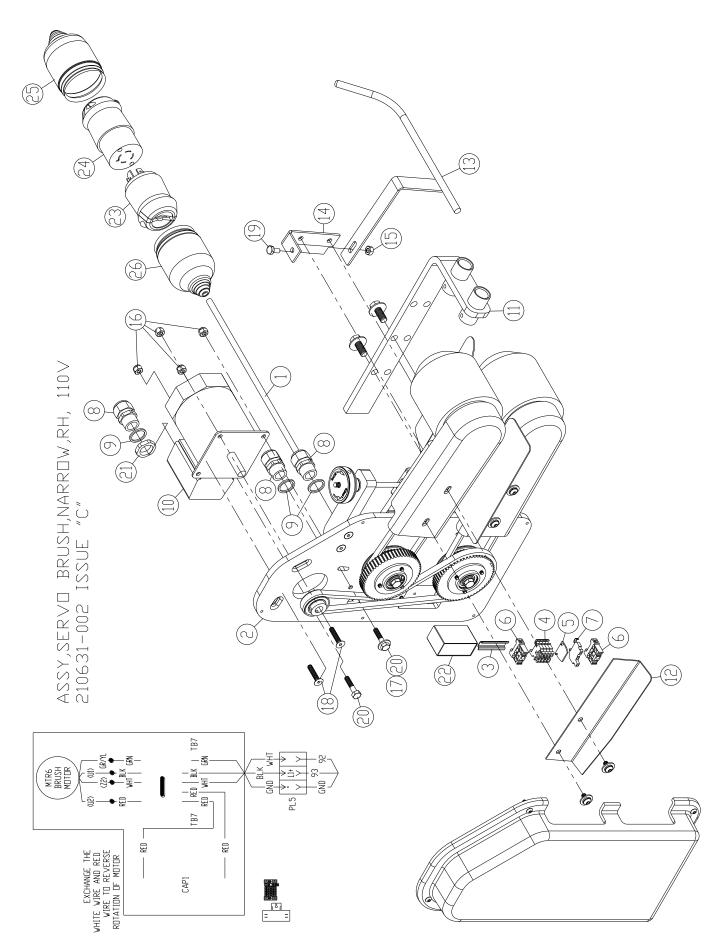


7.12 Brush Drive Assembly Components (210631-002 "C")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	108331	1	CABLE, 18 AWG, 4 COND, BLACK CORD
	210458-001		BRUSH DRIVE,NARROW,110V,220V,LH
2	210458-002	4	BRUSH DRIVE,NARROW,110V,220V,RH
	210458-003	1	BRUSH DRIVE,WIDE,110V,220V,LH
	210458-004		BRUSH DRIVE,WIDE,110V,220V,RH
3	610360	1	TERMINAL, DIN RAIL, MINI
4	610361	1	TERMINAL, BLOCK, MINI
5	610362	1	TERMINAL,END COVER,MINI
6	610363	2	TERMINAL, ANCHOR, END CLAMP, MINI
7	610534	1	TERMINAL,GROUNDING,MINI
8	610953	3	CONNECTOR, CORD, .2035, DOME, NYLON
9	610955	3	CONNECTOR, SEAL RING, 1/2NPT, POLYETH
10	712616	1	MOTOR, REWORK, FACE (611158)
11	714140	1	A/W, BRUSH MNT.
12	714157	1	GUIDE, BAG NECK,110V,220V,LH
12	714158		GUIDE, BAG NECK,110V,220V,RH
13	714176	1	A/W, GUN GUIDE MNT,110V,220V,RH
13	714177	I	A/W, GUN GUIDE MNT,110V,220V,LH
14	714178	1	BRACKET, BUN GUIDE MNT, 2200/2300
15	955408	1	NUT HEX JAM 1/4-20 UNC SST
16	955661	4	NUT HEX NYLOC 1/4-20 UNC SST
17	955977	1	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
18	981720	2	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST
19	989908	1	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1/2 SST
20	989920	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST
21	C00174	1	LOCKING NUT, 1/2 NPT, NYLON
22	C01294-001	1	CAPACITOR, 18UF, 250WVAC
23	C07085	1	PLUG, MALE, TWISTLOCK, 4 POLE, 20A
24	C07086	1	TWISTLOCK PLUG, FEMALE, 4 POLE
25	C07640	1	COVER, WEATHER PROOF-C07085
26	C07641	1	COVER, WEATHER PROOF-C07085

110V 210631-001-004 ISSUE "C" 220V 210632-001-004 ISSUE "C"

Note: Check machine voltage and brush size before ordering parts.



7.13 Brush Drive Assembly (210458-002 "L")

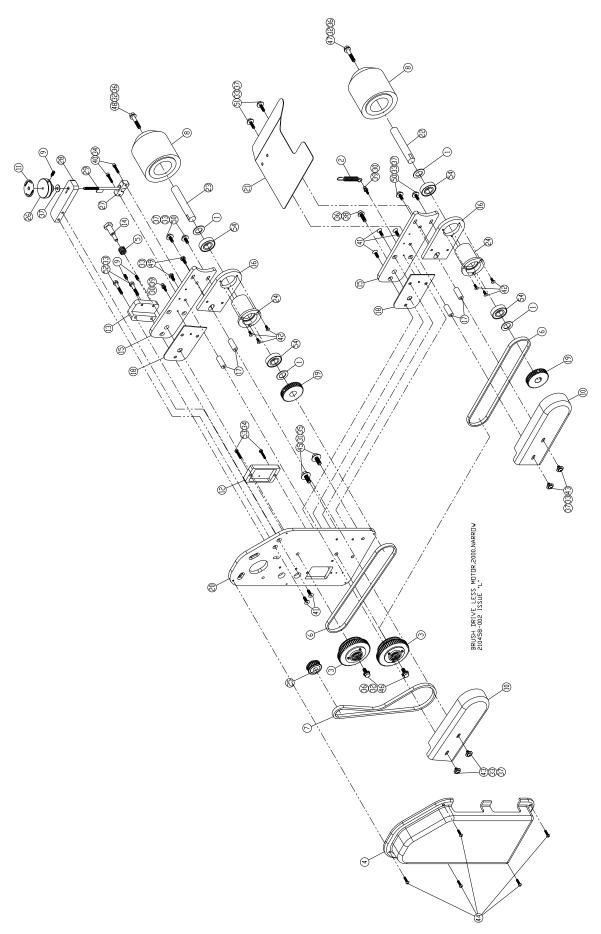
REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
1	122223	4	BUSH,MACH 3/4ID 1-1/4 ODX.0747
2	152193	1	SPRING EXTENSION
3	210461	2	ASSY, IDLER, SERVO BRUSH + 1/8"
4	611138-002	1	COVER, SERVO BRUSH DRIVE, RH
5	611139	1	SPRING, COMPRESSION .66OD X .515ID
6	611152	2	GEARBELT, 710MM X 9MM, 5HTD
7	611153	1	GEARBELT, DBL, 680MM X 9MM, 5HTD
8	611159	2	BRUSH, TAPERED, SOFT, 4 3/8
9	611329	3	SPRING PLUNGER, EXT, TRAVEL, 1/4-20
10	611532	2	COVER, GUARD, BRUSH ARM
11	611866	1	DECAL BRUSH ADJ. KNOB
12	710688	1	COVER, CAPACITOR, BRUSH DRIVE
13	710713	1	BLOCK, BRUSH ARM TENSIONER
14	712549	1	SHAFT, UPPER ARM MOUNT
15	712550	2	ARM, SERVO BRUSH
16	712551	2	ARM, SECONDARY SERVO BRUSH
17	712555	4	STANDOFF, LOWER ARM, COVER
18	712556	2	PLATE, LOWER BRUSH ARM SPACER
19	712565	2	PULLEY, BRUSH DRIVE
20	712577	1	PLATE, MAIN BRUSH DRIVE, NARROW
21	712580	1	A/W, BAG TAIL SHELF, RH, 9 1/8
22	712582	1	SHAFT, BRUSH, RH-THRD, 4 1/2
23	712583	1	SHAFT, BRUSH, LH-THRD, 4 1/2
24	712584	2	HUB, SERVO BRUSH MOUNT, 2 5/8
25	712586	1	PULLEY,RWK,BRUSH DRIVE,22T
26	713963	1	KNOB 2" REWORK KNURLED
27	713964	1	BLOCK BELT ADJUSTMENT

210458-002 ISSUE "L"

7.13 Brush Drive Assembly (210458-002 "L"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION
28	713967	1	PLATE, UPPER ARM ADJUSTMENT
29	713969	1	A/W BRUSH ADJ SCREW
30	955823	2	NUT HEX MACH #10-24 NC SST
31	955938	2	WASHER LOCK 3/8"
32	955939	4	WASHER, LOCK 5/16" SST
33	955940	14	WASHER LOCK 1/4" SST
34	955941	4	WASHER LOCK #10 SST
35	955975	2	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SST
36	955976	5	WASHER FLAT 5/16 SST
37	955977	11	WASHER FLAT 1/4" SST
38	977716	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP 5/16-18 X 1 SST
39	978912	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 3/4 SST
40	978916	2	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 X 1" SST
41	981712	5	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 3/4 SST
42	982308	6	SCREW FLT HD SOC #10-24 X 1/2 SST
43	985708	4	SCREW BUTT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1/2 SST
44	986312	5	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 3/4 SST
45	988916	2	SCREW FIN HEX 3/8-16 X 1 SST
46	989712	2	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 3/4 SST
47	989728	1	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 1 3/4 SST
48	989728L	1	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18LH X 1 3/4 SST
49	989910	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 5/8" SST
50	989912	4	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 3/4" SST
51	989916	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 SST
52	989924	2	SCREW FIN HEX 1/4-20 X 1 1/2 SST
53	990716	2	SCREW FIN HEX #10-24 X 1 SST
54	A05471	4	BEARING, 3/4 ID SST

210458-002 ISSUE "L"



7.14 Stand Assembly (210633-XXX "02")

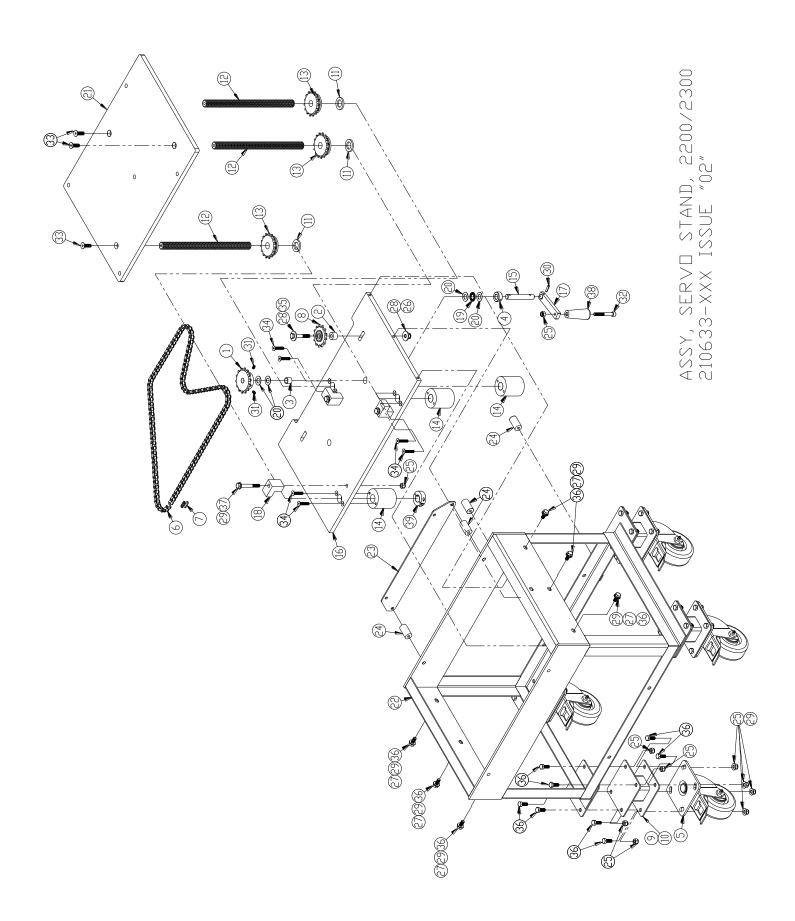
REF	PART#	001	002	003	DESCRIPTION
1	101127	1	1	1	SPROCKET, 41-B-15 1/2 BORE
2	101136	1	1	1	SPACER, .75 OD x .38 ID x .50 L
3	152102	1	1	1	BUSH,BRZ,1/2 ID X 5/8 OD X 1/2LG
4	152106	1	1	1	COLLAR,1/2" SET
5	152161	4	4	4	CASTER, 4" SWIVEL LOCKING
6	152170	1	1	1	CHAIN ROLL #41 NICKEL PLATED
7	152176	1	1	1	CHAIN LINK #41 CONNECTING N.P.
8	181167	1	1	1	SPROCKET, 41-A-13 IDLER
9	302856	-	-	4	A/W, RISER CASTER PAD 5"
10	302878	-	4	-	A/W, RISER CASTER PAD, 2.5"
11	304782	3	3	3	SPACER DELRIN LIFT
12	304784	3	3	3	ALL THREAD 3/4-6 ACME STAND
13	304785	3	3	3	SPROCKET RWK 41B15 3/4 ACME
14	304787	3	3	3	GUIDE ALL THREAD STAND
15	304788	1	1	1	SHAFT, CRANK STAND
16	304790	1	1	1	PLATE, LOWER LIFT, STAND
17	304791	1	1	1	CRANK, ARM 3"
18	304792	3	3	3	PLATE, RETAINER SPROCKET
19	401598	1	1	1	BEARING,THRUST 1/2ID
20	401599	4	4	4	WASHER,THRUST 1/2ID X .030
21	714175	1	1	1	PLATE, STAND, 2200/2300
22	714181	1	1	1	A/W, ADJ. STAND, 2200/2300
23	714194	1	1	1	PLATE, ENCLOSURE ADAPTER, STAND

210633-001 30.5"-35.5" REV "B" 210633-002 33.0"-38.0" REV "B" 210633-003 35.5"-40.5" REV "B"

7.14 Stand Assembly (210633-XXX "02"), cont'd.

REF	PART#	001	002	003	DESCRIPTION
24	714197	4	4	4	SPACER, .75OD X .266ID X 1.38L
25	955619	20	36	36	NUT HEX NYLOC 5/16-18 UNC SST
26	955620	1	1	1	NUT HEX NYLOC 3/8-16 UNC SST
27	955939	6	6	6	WASHER, LOCK 5/16" SST
28	955975	2	2	2	WASHER FLAT 3/8" SST
29	955976	25	25	25	WASHER FLAT 5/16 SST
30	958412	1	1	1	PIN ROLL 3/16 X 3/4 SST
31	971206	2	2	2	SCREW SET SOC 1/4-20 X 3/8 SST
32	977736	1	1	1	SCREW SOC HD CAP 5/16-18 X 2 1/4 SST
33	981616	3	3	3	SCREW FLT HD SOC 5/16-18 UNC X 1 SST
34	981720	6	6	6	SCREW FLT HD SOC 1/4-20 X 1 1/4 SST
35	989632	1	1	1	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-24 X 2 SST
36	989712	22	38	38	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 3/4 SST
37	989740	3	3	3	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 2 1/2 SST
38	A04735	1	1	1	HANDLE
39	A05020	1	1	1	COLLAR,3/4" SPLIT,SST
40	C05736	REF	REF	REF	STRAIGHT PLUG
41	C05739	REF	REF	REF	CABLE CLAMP
42	C05740	REF	REF	REF	RUBBER BUSHING 2.50 LG .438 ID
43	C07116	REF	REF	REF	RECEPTACLE, FREE ANGING
44	C07131	REF	REF	REF	INSERT, PLUG, 6 PIN, FEMALE
45	C07132	REF	REF	REF	INSERT, 6 PIN, MALE
46	C07133	REF	REF	REF	CABLE, 18AWG, 6 WIRE

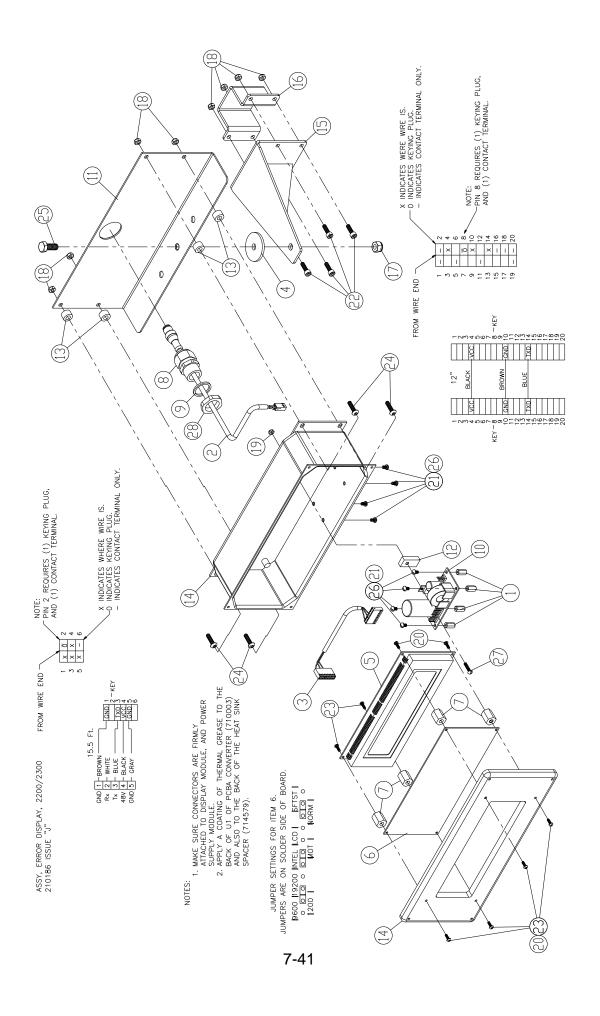
210633-001 30.5"-35.5" REV "B" 210633-002 33.0"-38.0" REV "B" 210633-003 35.5"-40.5" REV "B"



7.15 Display Assembly (210186 "J")

REF	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION	
1	174069	4	STANDOFF,#6-32 X 1/2,ALUM,HEX	
2	210203	1	ASSY,CABLE,COMM,ERROR DISP-2200	
3	210204	1	ASSY,CABLE,PWR,DISPLAY-POWER SUPPLY	
4	302450	1	WASHER, DISPLAY PIVOT	
5	610000	1	DISPLAY, VFD (PRODUCTION)	
6	610001	1	DISPLAY, FILTER (GREEN)	
7	610004	4	STANDOFF, #4-40 UNC, .625 L.	
8	610953	1	CONNECTOR, CORD, .2035, DOME, NYLON	
9	610955	1	CONNECTOR, SEAL RING, 1/2NPT, POLYETH	
10	611563	1	PCBA,CONVERTER,48V T0 5V	
11	710000	1	BRACKET, (VFD) DISPLAY BOX	
12	710003	1	SPACER, HEAT SINK, MOUNT PCBA	
13	710208	4	SPACER, 1/20D X .257ID X .281L	
14	714185	1	ENCLOSURE,REWORK,2200/2300 DISPLAY	
15	714578	1	A/W, ERROR DISPLAY MNT.	
16	714579	1	CHANNEL, ERROR DISPLAY MNT	
17	955619	1	NUT HEX NYLOC 5/16-18 UNC SST	
18	955621	8	NUT HEX NYLOC #10-24 UNC SST	
19	955624	1	NUT HEX NYLOC #6-32 UNC SST	
20	955935	8	WASHER LOCK #4 SST	
21	955936	8	WASHER LOCK #6 SST	
22	978910	4	SCREW SOC HD CAP #10-24 UNC X 5/8 SST	
23	984806	8	SCREW,BUTT HD SOC. #4-40 X 3/8" SST	
24	986312	4	SCREW BUTT HD SOC #10-24 X 3/4 SST	
25	989712	1	SCREW FIN HEX 5/16-18 X 3/4 SST	
26	999504	8	SCREW RD HD SLOT #6-32 X 1/4 SST	
27	999510	1	SCREW RD HD SLOT #6-32 X 5/8 SST	
28	C00174	1	LOCKING NUT, 1/2 NPT, NYLON	

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7.16 Wiring Diagram (ED0651 "D")

	MAIN ENCLOSURE ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS							
REF	SYMBOL	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION				
1	CB1-3	C07649-010	4	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 10 AMP, 250 VOLT				
2	CB4,5	C07649-006	2	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 6 AMP, 250 VOLT				
3	CB6,7	C07649-003	2	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 3 AMP, 250 VOLT				
4	CB8	C07649-002	1	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 2 AMP, 250 VOLT				
5	CB1-8	C07649-100	9	BASE, 250 VOLT CIRCUIT BREAKER				
6	CBL1	210673	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, PCB – POWER, 15'				
7	CBL2	210674	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, PCB – SIGNAL, 15'				
8	CBL4	210672	REF	CABLE ASSEMBLY, COMPUTER INTERFACE				
9	CR0	611455	2	RELAY, CONTACTOR, 48 VDC				
10	CD1	610374	1	RELAY, TERM MOUNT, 110 VAC, SPDT, WHITE				
10	CR1	610375	I	RELAY, TERM MOUNT, 220 VAC, SPDT, WHITE				
11	CR1-4	610404	4	RELAY, TERM MOUNT, 24 VDC, SPDT, WHITE				
12	CR1 P/O	610387	2	PLATE, RELAY SEPARATING				
13	CRE1	C05138	1	RELAY, SOLID STATE, DC TO AC				
14	CRE1 P/O	C00168	1	COVER, SOLID STATE RELAY, FINGER SAFE				
15	DISC1	A02345	1	DISCONNECT, MAIN ELECTRICAL, 40 AMP				
16	DISC1 P/O	A02346	1	HANDLE, DISCONNECT				
17	DISC1 P/O	610342-004	1	SHAFT, DISCONNECT				
18	ENC1	714218	1	ENCLOSURE, MAIN ELECTRICAL				
19	ENC1 P/O	C03845	4	SPACER, 9/32" X 3/4" X 3/4"				
20	FAN1	611576	1	FAN, AXIAL, 32 CFM, 48 VDC				
21	FAN1 P/O	611577	2	SCREEN, FAN FILTER				
22	FAN1 P/O	611578	2	GUARD, FAN				
23	FLTR1	C05818	1	SUPPRESSOR, LINE FILTER, 120/240 VAC, 10 AMP				
24	GND	C06488	1	LUG, GROUNDING				
25	GND STRAP	C07155	1	STRAP, DOOR GROUNDING, 10"				
26	PNL1	C06019	1	PANEL, MAIN ELECTRICAL				
27	PSM1	611443	1	POWER SUPPLY, 110/220 VAC – 48 VDC				
28	PSM1 P/O	710714	1	BLOCK, POWER SUPPLY MOUNT				
29	PSM1 P/O	992412	3	SCREW, FIN HEX, M4 X 0.7 X 12MM				
30	SR1	611508	2	RELAY, TERM MNT, 48 VDC, 6 AMP, DPDT, WHITE				
31	SR1 P/O	610443-001	.2	JUMPER, RELAY, RED				
32	SR1 P/O	610443-002	.2	JUMPER, RELAY, BLUE				
33	TB1,2 P/O	C05843	70	TERMINAL, MARKER STRIP, BLANK				
34	TB1 P/O	C06369	1	TERMINAL, JUMPER, 2 POSITION				
35	TB1 P/O	C06461	30	TERMINAL, BLOCK, SINGLE LEVEL				
36	TB1 P/O	C06462	3	TERMINAL, END COVER, SINGLE LEVEL				
37	TB1-3 P/O	C06464	18"	RAIL, DIN MOUNTING				
38	TB1-3 P/O	C06465	6	TERMINAL, CLAMP, END ANCHOR				
39	TB1 P/O	C06525	5	TERMINAL, GROUNDING				
40	TB1,2 P/O	C07117	5	TERMINAL, BLOCK, DUAL LEVEL				
41	TB1,2 P/O	C07118	3	TERMINAL, END COVER, DUAL LEVEL				

7.16 Wiring Diagram (ED0651 "D"), cont'd.

	TYER ASSEMBLY ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS (210605/210606)								
REF	SYMBOL	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION					
1	AH1	C07214	1	ALARM, SONALERT, 6 – 28 VDC					
2	CBL8	210670	4	CABLE ASSEMBLY, MOTOR-ENCODER					
3	CBL8 (P2-5)	611479	4	CONNECTOR, PCB, 12 POSITION					
4	CBL9	210671	4	CABLE ASSEMBLY, MOTOR POWER					
5	CBL9 (J2,3)	611480	4	CONNECTOR, PCB, 4 POSITION					
6	GNDSTRP	C07155	1	STRAP, DOOR GROUNDING, 10"					
7	INTLK1,2	C07678	2	INTERLOCK, CODED MAGNETIC SAFETY					
8	MTR/ENCO1-4	210620	4	ASSEMBLY, MOTOR-ENCODER					
9	ENCO1-4	611458	4	ENCODER,ACCU,5-28VDC,8WIRE,2'CABLE					
10	MTR1-4	611457	4	MOTOR,BRUSHLESS,48VDC w/HALL SENSOR					
11	PCB1 (P1,P6)	611478	2	CONNECTOR, PCB, 36 POSITION					
12	PCB1 (J4)	611481	1	CONNECTOR, PCB, 3 POSITION					
13	PRS1-5	C07625	5	SENSOR,PROX,8MM,10-30VDC,NPN,N.O.					
14	PRS1,3-5 P/O	C07626	4	CABLE, SENSOR,M8,3WIRE,F,90°					
15	PRS2 P/O	A02349	1	CABLE,SENSOR,M8,3WIRE,F,STR					
16	TB3 P/O	610360	5"	RAIL, DIN MOUNTING, MINI					
17	TB3 P/O	610361	14	TERM, BLOCK, SINGLE LEVEL, MINI					
18	TB3 P/O	610362	1	TERM, END COVER, SINGLE LEVEL, MINI					
19	TB3 P/O	610363	2	TERM, CLAMP, END ANCHOR, MINI					
20	TB3 P/O	610532	5	TERM, JUMPER, 2 POSITION, MINI					
				NENTS (210615/210616)					
1	CBL6	175081-001	1	CABLE ASSY,CPU BOARD-AMP BOARD					
2	FU1-4	C07698-007	4	FUSE,2AGSB,7A,125V,TIME DELAY					
3	PCB1	611464	1	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, AMP					
4	PCB1 P/O	174819	5	STANDOFF, ¾" LONG					
5	PCB1 P/O	174069	4	STANDOFF, ½" LONG					
6	PCB1 P/O	611506	4	STANDOFF, MALE-FEMALE, ¾" LONG					
7	PCB1 P/O	611515	1	JUMPER, SHUNT, 2 CONTACT					
8	PCB2	C01410	1	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD, CPU					

7.16 Wiring Diagram (ED0651 "D"), cont'd.

REF	SYMBOL	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION					
	OPERATOR CONTROLS ASSEMBLY (210618/210619)								
1	BCD1	C01224	1	SWITCH, BCD PUSHWHEEL, 1 DIGIT ASSEMBLY					
2	BCD1 P/O	611487	1	CONNECTOR, BCD PUSHWHEEL SWITCH					
3	CBL7	611504	1	CABLE ASSY, AMP BOARD TO LED DISPLAY					
4	LED1	611488	1	ASSEMBLY, LED DISPLAY					
5	LT1,2	610330	2	ASSEMBLY, LIGHT, GREEN LED, 24 VDC					
6	LT3	610328	1	ASSEMBLY, LIGHT, RED LED, 24 VDC					
7	PB1	C07693	1	SWITCH, LIGHTED, PUSH/PULL, RED MUSHROOM					
8	PB1 P/O	C07694	1	SWITCH, LIGHT ASSEMBLY, 48 VDC, LED					
9	PB1 P/O	C01221	1	CONTACT CARTRIDGE, 2 NORMALLY CLOSED					
10	PB2	C01213	1	SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON, FLUSH, GREEN					
11	PB3	C01246	1	SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON, FLUSH, YELLOW					
12	PB1-3,SS1 P/O	C07102	5	CONTACT CARTRIDGE, 1 NORMALLY OPEN					
13	SS1	C07130	1	SWITCH, SELECTOR, 3 POSITION					
14	LADEL	611483	1	LABEL, OPERATOR CONTROL, 2200					
14	LABEL	611507	1	LABEL, OPERATOR CONTROL, 2300					
4.5	OPER-	714154	4	A/W, OPERATOR CONTROL PLATE, 2200					
15	CONTROL	714153	1	A/W, OPERATOR CONTROL PLATE, 2300					
		210625 C	ONNE	CTOR PLATE ASSEMBLY					
1	CBL1	210677	1	BULKHEAD ASSEMBLY, PCB-POWER, 15'					
2	CBL2	210678	1	BULKHEAD ASSEMBLY, PCB-SIGNAL, 15'					
3	CBL4	210676	1	BULKHEAD ASSEMBLY, COMPUTER INTERFACE					
4	CBL5	611494	1	CONNECTOR, BULKHEAD, FEMALE, 3 POLE, M8					
5	-	113763	1	PLUG, HOLE, CHROME, 7/8" DIAMETER					
	DU	AL RIBBON	PIVO	T ASSEMBLY (210626-001/002)					
1	CBL5 P/O	611495	1	CONNECTOR, PLUG, MALE/FEMALE, 3 POLE, M8					
2	PRS6	C07625	1	SENSOR, PROX, 8MM, 10-30 VDC, NPN, N.O.					
	11	0 VAC BRU	SH DR	RIVE ASSEMBLY (210462-110)					
1	CAP1	C01294-001	1	CAPACITOR, 18UF, 250 WVAC					
2	CAP1 P/O	710688	1	COVER, BRUSH DRIVE CAPACITOR					
3	MTR5	712616	1	MOTOR, 115 VOLT					
4	PL8	C07085	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, MALE, 4 POLE					
5	PL8	C07086	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, FEMALE, 4 POLE					
6	PL8 P/O	C07640	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (C07086)					
7	PL8 P/O	C07641	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (C07085)					
8	TB4 P/O	610360	2"	RAIL, MINI DIN					
9	TB4 P/O	610361	4	TERMINAL, BLOCK, MINI, SINGLE LEVEL					
10	TB4 P/O	610362	1	TERMINAL, END COVER, MINI, SINGLE LEVEL					
11	TB4 P/O	610363	2	TERMINAL, CLAMP, END ANCHOR, MINI					
12	TB4 P/O	610532	1	TERMINAL, JUMPER, 2 POSITION, MINI					
13	TB4 P/O	610534	1	TERMINAL, GROUNDING, MINI					

7.16 Wiring Diagram (ED0651 "D"), cont'd.

REF	SYMBOL	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION			
	2	220 VAC B	RUSH	DRIVE ASSEMBLY (210462-220)			
1	CAP1	C01296	1	CAPACITOR, 4UF, 450 WVAC			
2	CAP1 P/O	710688	1	COVER, BRUSH DRIVE CAPACITOR			
3	MTR5	712615	1	MOTOR, 230 VOLT			
4	PL8	610582	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, MALE, 5 POLE			
5	PL8	610583	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, FEMALE, 5 POLE			
6	PL8 P/O	C07640	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (C07086)			
7	PL8 P/O	C07641	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (C07085)			
8	TB4 P/O	610360	2"	RAIL, MINI DIN			
9	TB4 P/O	610361	4	TERMINAL, BLOCK, MINI, SINGLE LEVEL			
10	TB4 P/O	610362	1	TERMINAL, END COVER, MINI, SINGLE LEVEL			
11	TB4 P/O	610363	2	TERMINAL, CLAMP, END ANCHOR, MINI			
12	TB4 P/O	610532	1	TERMINAL, JUMPER, 2 POSITION, MINI			
13	TB4 P/O	610534	1	TERMINAL, GROUNDING, MINI			
	OPTIC	NAL 110	VAC B	LOWER MOTOR ASSEMBLY (142018)			
1	MTR7	118470	1	BLOWER ASSEMBLY			
2	PL10	A00509	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, FEMALE, 3 POLE			
3	PL10	A00510	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, MALE, 3 POLE			
4	PL10 P/O	C07638	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (A00509)			
5	PL10 P/O	C07639	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (A00510)			
		NAL 220	VAC B	LOWER MOTOR ASSEMBLY (142019)			
1	MTR7	118471	1	BLOWER ASSEMBLY			
2	PL10	A00509	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, FEMALE, 3 POLE			
3	PL10	A00510	1	CONNECTOR, TWISTLOCK, MALE, 3 POLE			
4	PL10 P/O	C07638	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (A00509)			
5	PL10 P/O	C07639	1	COVER, WEATHERPROOF (A00510)			
	OPTIONAL 302445 SPEED SENSOR KIT						
1	PRS7	C07625	1	SENSOR, PROX, 8MM, 10-30 VDC, NPN, N.O.			
2	PRS7 P/O	C07626	1	CABLE, SENSOR, M8, 3 WIRE, FEMALE, 90°			
OPTIONAL PACKAGE DETECTION SENSOR CIRCUIT							
1	PRS8	C07159	1	SENS, PROX, 18MM, 10-30 VDC, 24" RETRO-REFLECT.			
2	PRS8 P/O	714150	1	BRACKET, SENSOR MOUNTING, PDS-100 LH			
3	PRS8 P/O	714008	1	BRACKET, SENSOR MOUNTING, PDS-100 RH			

7.16 Wiring Diagram (ED0651"D"), cont'd.

REF	SYMBOL	PART#	QTY	DESCRIPTION						
	OPTIONAL REMOTE OPERATOR CIRCUIT (210686)									
1	CBL3	210675	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, REMOTE OPERATOR, 12'						
2	CBL3	210679	1	BULKHEAD ASSEMBLY, REMOTE OPERATOR, 12'						
3	ENC2	714193	1	ENCLOSURE, OPERATOR						
4	ENC2 P/O	611483	1	LABEL, OPERATOR CONTROL						
5	LT4,5	610330	2	SWITCH, GREEN LED, 24 VDC						
6	LT6	610328	1	SWITCH, RED LED, 24 VDC						
7	PB4	C07693	1	SWITCH, LIGHTED, PUSH/PULL, RED MUSHROOM						
8	PB4 P/O	C07694	1	SWITCH, LIGHT ASSEMBLY, 48 VDC, LED						
9	PB4 P/O	C01221	1	CONTACT CARTRIDGE, 2 NORMALLY CLOSED						
10	PB5	C01213	1	SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON, FLUSH, GREEN						
11	PB6	C01246	1	SWITCH, PUSHBUTTON, FLUSH, YELLOW						
12	PB4-6 P/O	C07102	3	CONTACT CARTRIDGE, 1 NORMALLY OPEN						
	OPTIONAL	PORTABLE S	STAND	CONNECTOR (210633-001,002,003)						
1	PL13 P/O	C07116	1	RECEPTACLE, FREE HANGING						
2	PL13 P/O	C07131	1	INSERT, 6 PIN, FEMALE						
3	PL13 P/O	C05736	1	SHELL, PLUG						
4	PL13 P/O	C07132	1	INSERT, 6 PIN, MALE						
5	PL13 P/O	C05740	2	BUSHING, RUBBER, SIZE 8						
6	PL13 P/O	C05739	2	CLAMP, CABLE						
7	PL13 P/O	C07133	15'	CABLE, 18 AWG, 6 CONDUCTOR						
8	-	112009	1	CABLE, POWER CORD, 14 AWG, 3 CONDUCTOR						
		OPTIONAL 1	TAGGE	ER ASSEMBLY (210889)						
1	CB9	C07649-006	1	CIRCUIT BREAKER,250V,6A						
2	CB9 P/O	C07649-100	1	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 250V, BASE						
3	CTRL1	611559	1	CONTROLLER, MOTOR DRIVER, 24-75 VDC						
4	CTRL1 P/0	711271	1	BRACKET,MOUNT,CONTROLLER						
5	CTRL1 P/0	C06514	4	SPACER,CIRCUIT CARD						
6	MTR8	611509	1	MOTOR,STEPPER,250VAC,6A						
7	PL11	611555	1	CONNECTOR, CABLE, F, 14WIRE, STRAIGHT						
8	PL11	611556	1	CONNECTOR, BULKHEAD, M, 14WIRE						
9	PRS9	611699	1	SENSOR,PHOTO,MICRO,LIGHT ON						
10	PRS9	C06754	1	SENSOR,CABLE,M12,5WIRE,F,QC,90						
11	PRS10	511557	1	SENSOR,FIBER OPTIC,CONTROLLER						
12	PRS10 P/O	611558	1	SENSOR,CABLE,FIBER OPTIC						
13	SOL1-2	611709	2	VALVE,SOL,24VDC,2WAY,W/FLOW CONTR						
14	TGS1	110153	1	SWITCH, TOGGLE,OFF/ON						

